The New-York Times.

VOL. XI—NO. 3359. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1862. PRICE TWO CENTS.

S—T—1860—X.

Let our possessions be what they may—marble palaces, broad lands, magnificent plate, or caskets of "precious stones"—they all sink in the balance as against Heaven's great boon, HEALTH, and they cannot be enjoyed without it. The language of nature attests that whoever would enjoy the pleasures of food, the beauties of flowers and landscapes, the joys of companionship, the richness of literature, or the honors of station and renown, must *preserve their health.* And yet how little is it valued, and how carelessly preserved. The stomach is the receptacle of all nourishment, and the fountain from which all parts of the body derive their sustenance. When foul, injurious food enters the stomach, acute sympathy disorganizes all other organs, and disease more or less painful must follow. The laws of nature cannot be violated with impunity. *Night revelry, luxurious living, irregularity of meals, and a disordered appetite, will gradually destroy the power and activity of the stomach. How many ladies and gentlemen eat and drink disease at late suppers, and arise in the morning with headache, loss of appetite, feeling languid, unrefreshed, feverish, low spirited, weak and incapacitated to perform any mental or physical duty, and dream not this is the beginning of that horrid disease,*

DYSPEPSIA,

which assumes a thousand shapes, and points toward a *miserable life and premature decay!* There can be no medical remedy that will turn lead into food, or poisoned drinks into nourishment, but medical science can *assist* nature, supply exhausted fluids, and to a great extent, correct the effects of disease, when the habits are abandoned.

The Medical Faculty has exhausted its research for generations in creating appetizers and overcoming stomachic derangements. Certain ingredients were well established as possessing beneficial qualities; among these were

CALISAYA BARK AND ST. CROIX RUM.

But still components were wanting, and regularity could not be obtained. An invalid physician, sojourning in the tropical island of St. Croix, observed the habits of the natives, and gathered from them the receipt for the final accomplishment of this important end. Its component parts largely incorporated in the vegetable diet of that island, produced the effect without a proper knowledge of the cause. The article was first made and used as a private medicine. Its effects were so salutary that it is now being produced and consumed in immense quanties under the name of

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS,
OR
OLD HOMESTEAD TONIC.

They act with the power of a medicine, and are taken by old or young with the pleasure of a beverage. The sale of these bitters was at first confined to the extreme Southern cities, but they are now becoming well known throughout the world, and are recommended with the most unbounded confidence, for all complaints originating from a *disorganized or diseased stomach*—such as *Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Nervous Affections, Loss of Appetite, Intermittent Fevers, Diarrhœa, Sour Stomach, Headache, Fever and Ague, Weakness, &c.*

As a morning appetizer, and after-dinner tonic, they are held in high estimation, and should be found upon the *side board* of every family.

They are also much relied upon in the Tropics for Scrofula, Rheumatism and Dropsy.

IMPORTANT CERTIFICATE.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 28, 1861.

MESSRS. P. H. DRAKE & Co.—*Gentlemen:* I have been a great sufferer from Dyspeysia for three or four years. I have tried many, if not all, the remedies recommended for its cure. Instead of relief I became worse, had to abandon my profession, and suffered greatly from everything I ate. My mind was much affected, depressed and gloomy. About three months ago I tried the Plantation Bitters. They almost immediately benefited me. I continued their use, and to my great joy, I am nearly a well man. I have recommended them in several cases, and as far as I know, always with signal benefit.

I am, very respectfully yours,
REV. J. S. CATHORN.

S—T—1860—X

That you may be your own judge of the efficacy of these celebrated Bitters, we submit a partial formula of the articles of which they are composed.

ST. CROIX RUM.

The tonic properties of pure St. Croix Rum are well known, and it has long been recommended by physicians. It is manufactured from the *Sugar Cane Plant,* and that we use is selected with great care from the estates of a few planters in the interior of that Island.

CALISAYA, OR KING'S-BARK

was unknown to civilization until the middle of the seventeenth century. The natives of Peru are generally supposed to have been long previously acquainted with its most wonderful medicinal qualities. Humboldt makes favorable mention of the febrifuge qualities of this article as an antidote to FEVER AND AGUE, *Intermittent and Malarious Fevers,* in his extensive South American travels.

The Countess, wife of the Viceroy of Peru, having, in her own person, experienced the beneficial effects of the bark, is said, on her return to Spain, in the year 1640, to have first introduced this remedy into Europe. After its introduction it was distributed and sold by the Jesuits, who are said to have obtained for it the *enormous sum of its weight in silver.* From this circumstance it was called JESUITES POWDER, a title which it retained for many years. In 1658, we are told that an Englishman by the name of Sir John Talbot employed it with great success in France, in the treatment of Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affection, Loss of Appetite, Weakness and Debility, Palpitation of the Heart, Diarrhœa, &c., &c., under the name of English Powders; at length, in the year 1679, he sold the secret of its origin and preparation to Louis XIV., by whom it was divulged. It is now a standard remedy, and is employed in the preparation of the Plantation Bitters.

CASCARILLA BARK

is another important ingredient. It was known in Germany as early as 1790, and much used as a substitute for Peruvian Syrup. It is employed as a gentle stimulant and tonic, in Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Cholic, Dysentery, and diseases of the stomach and bowels.

DANDELION

is used for inflammation of the loins and spleen, in cases of biliary secretions and dropsical affections, dependent upon obstructions of the abdominal viscera and derangement of the digestive organs generally.

CHAMOMILE FLOWERS,

used for enfeebled digestion and want of appetite.

WINTERGREEN

is a medicinal plant of very great efficiency, and is especially valuable in *Scrofula, Rheumatism,* and Nefretic affections.

LAVENDER FLOWERS,

an aromatic stimulant and tonic, highly invigorating in *nervous debility,* generous to the palate and stomach.

ANISE,

an aromatic carminative, creating flesh, muscle and milk. Much used in nursing.

S—T—1860—X

Another ingredient of remarkable and wonderful virtues, used in the preparation of these Bitters, is a native of Brazil, and as yet unknown to the commerce of the world. A Spanish writer, says: * * * * "Administered with St. Croix Rum, *it never fails to relieve Nervous tremor, Wakefulness,* disturbed sleep, &c.; and that it is used with great effect by the Brazilian, Spanish and Peruvian ladies to heighten their color and beauty. *It imparts cheerfulness* to the *disposition, and brilliancy* to the complexion." We withhold its name from the public for the present.

To the above are added Clove Buds, Orange, Carraway, Coriander and Snake Root. The whole is combined by a perfect chemical process, and under the immediate supervision of a skillful and scientific Pharmaceutist.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS,
OR
OLD HOMESTEAD TONIC

are put up in patent bottles, representing a Swiss cottage, and are an ornament to the *sideboard.*

SEA SICKNESS.

Travelers by railroad or upon the inland rivers, where the great change of water is such a prolific cause of incipient disease, like

BILIOUS, INTERMITTENT, AGUE AND CHILL FEVERS,

may feel a certain reliance, if they protect themselves with these Bitters. The muddy water of the Western rivers, filled with decayed vegetable and animal matter, is quite sure to produce disease, unless guarded by an antidote, such as is found in the Plantation Bitters.

WHAT IS SAID OF THE PLANTATION BITTERS.

"PHILADELPHIA, 1st month, 16th day, 1862.

ESTEEMED FRIEND: Wilt thou send me another case of thy Bitters. Nothing has proven so beneficial or agreeable to my invalid wife and myself, as the Plantation Bitters.

Thy friend,
ISAAC HOWLAND."

N. B.—The secret of the immense sale of the Plantation Bitters is their tested purity. *The St. Croix Rum, and every article used, is warranted perfectly pure.*

It is the intention of the Proprietors to sustain the reputation of this article upon its merit.

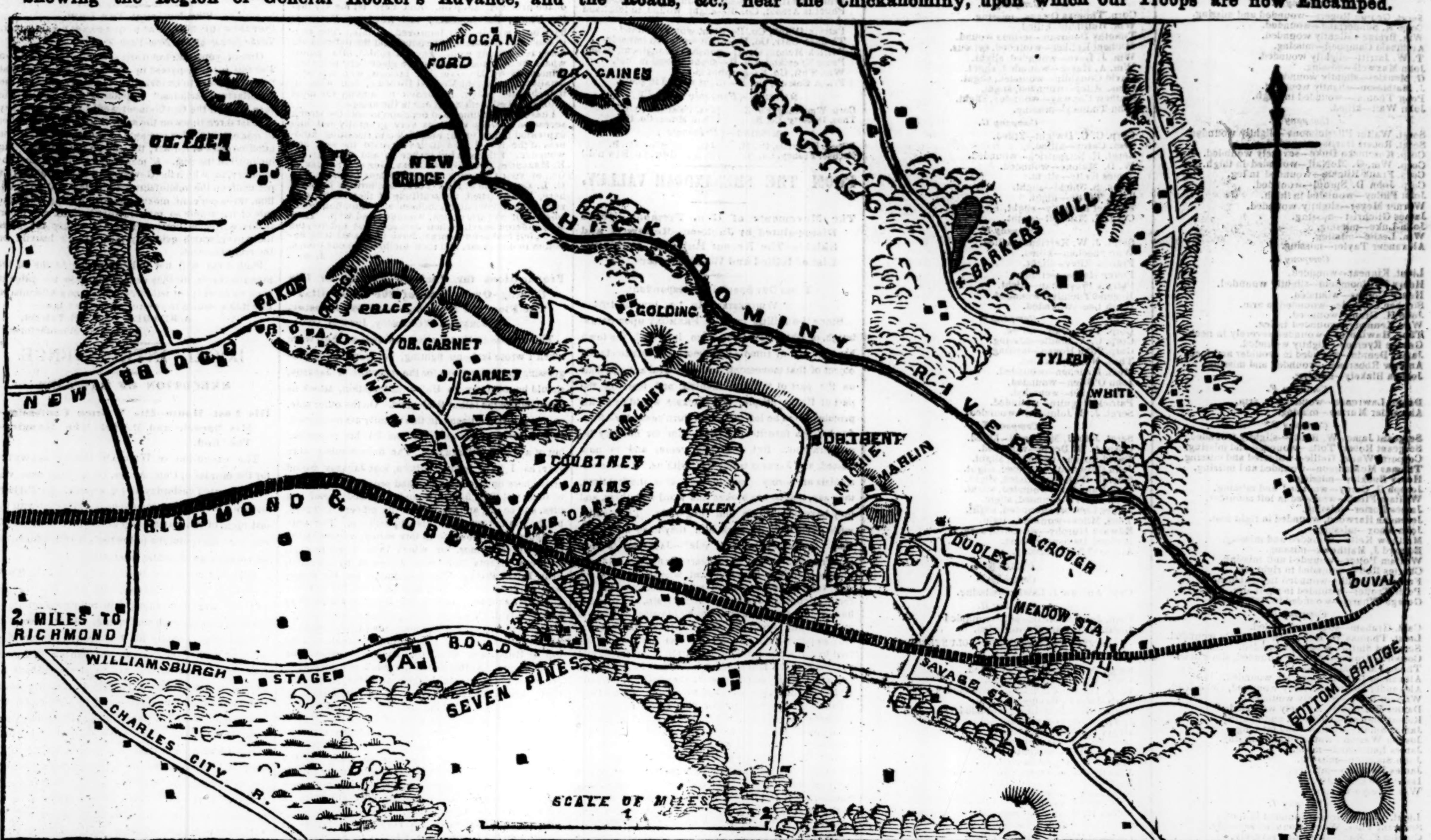
Be careful that every bottle bears the fac-simile signature of the Proprietors—P. H. DRAKE & CO., New-York.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS are sold by all druggists, grocers, hotels and restaurants.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
No. 202 Broadway.

THE SCENE OF THE BATTLE BEFORE RICHMOND ON WEDNESDAY.

Showing the Region of General Hooker's Advance, and the Roads, &c., near the Chickahominy, upon which our Troops are now Encamped.



FROM GEN. M'CLELLAN'S ARMY.

The Second Struggle on the Field of the Seven Pines.

A Full Account of the Fighting of Wednesday, from Our Special Correspondent.

A SERIES OF BRILLIANT SKIRMISHES.

Indomitable and Successful Bravery of Our Troops.

Sturdy but Unavailing Resistance of the Rebels.

LIST OF CASUALTIES.

CAMP BEFORE RICHMOND, Thursday, June 26, 1862.

The field of the Seven Pines has been the scene of another conflict, less hotly contested, less sanguinary, but on the whole, more satisfactory in its results than the one with which the month opened. No longer the subjects of an unexpected attack, but advancing this time against the enemy, under the immediate direction of the Commanding General, our troops have achieved a decided advantage, securing a position somewhat nearer Richmond, and leaving but a single belt of forest between them and that city.

PRELIMINARY MOVEMENTS—THE WORK OF THE PAST MONTH.

Since the three days' battle with which the month opened, there has been scarcely anything worthy the name of fighting; and with the exception, perhaps, of the loss from picket firing, which has been heavy, our list of casualties is less than for any similar period since the army came upon the Peninsula. The time has been improved by Gen. MCCLELLAN in making a new and better disposition of his troops—in procuring reinforcements, and in strengthening his lines with a series of fieldworks, which have proved an effectual safeguard against such assaults as that from which CASEY suffered, and furnished a strong base of operations for a further advance.

THE REBELS FORTIFYING.

Meanwhile the rebels have also been active, not disdaining to make earnest use of the weapons they have scornfully assigned to Gen. MCCLELLAN. They have been busy with the shovel and pick, and multiplying the fortifications guarding Richmond, extending them nearer to our lines than before. Thus, along the front of our position on the further side of the Chickahominy a double row of earthworks have arisen, so near as to threaten bringing matters to a dead-lock by preventing effective operations from either side, and so separated by belts of forests, that neither could act against the other

Between these hostile earthworks is a narrow space commanded alike by the guns of both, forming the debateable ground between the two, which Gen. MCCLELLAN must command wholly before any further progress could be made. It has been the policy of both armies to persuade the other to the attack, as in this wooded country, the party advancing does so under great disadvantages, and necessarily ignorant of the enemy's dispositions and the location and extent of his defensive works.

At first the rebels felt themselves strong enough to assume the initiative, but since the lesson received by them at the battle of the Seven Pines, they would seem to have abandoned the idea of driving us from our strongly guarded positions, and have made no organized effort to dislodge us, though their assault on on one of our principal works on Saturday was supposed to be preliminary to such a movement.

MOVEMENTS AGAINST OUR LEFT WING

On the right of our forces on the Chickahominy there have been no offensive movements from either side, since the position was occupied by the troops of Gen. SMITH. Indeed, a very amicable interchange of civilities has continued there, up to the last few days, when the stern policy of war has put a stop to it. On the centre and left of our left wing, however, the rebels have been unceasing in their efforts at annoyance; shelling our camps, shooting our pickets, or advancing against us with reconnoitering parties; which last compliment we have returned in kind, though little attention has been paid to their rather harmless efforts at breaking up our camps. None of the enemy's efforts have been sufficient to disturb the plan of operations in progress, and finding them indisposed to more serious efforts, Gen. MCCLELLAN, having taken ample time for preparation, seems to have determined on a forward movement, partly to secure a better camping ground for our men, and partly for other purposes which will develop themselves in due time.

THE COUNTRY BEFORE US.

In order to make any further advance up the Williamsburgh road, and the railroad, it was necessary to drive the rebels from the woods in front of us, across the open space beyond, and out of the rifle-pits on its further side, exposed to the danger of fire from batteries of uncertain strength, that might be hidden by the wood. Owing to the nature of the ground, our superiority in artillery could be made of little avail to us, and any advantage gained must be by the direct contact of the infantry forces contesting the ground inch by inch and hand. But MCCLELLAN knows his men. Williamsburgh and Seven Pines have shown with which army rests the superiority in determination and mettle.

THE ORDER TO ADVANCE.

On Wednesday the order came to advance in this direction, and by 7 in the morning of that day the corps of HEINTZELMAN and SUMNER were under arms, every preparation being made at the same time for a general engagement, should the movement provoke one. But the enemy showed no disposition to bring matters to an issue at this time. Their main resistance was directed against the position held by the troops of HEINTZELMAN, from the railroad to the left along the line of the attack on the forces of Gen. CASEY. Here the battle raged in a series of detached skirmishes through the day, HOOKER's Division being the most heavily engaged, and suffering most severely in the assault.

THE LINE OF BATTLE.

At 7 o'clock the brigades of this division were drawn up in line of battle on the right of the Williamsburgh Road, a short distance beyond the Seven Pines, [*see map,*] and from that to the railroad; the First Massachusetts, Col. ROBERT COWDIN, being deployed as skirmishers, the Second New-Hampshire, Col. MARSTON, supporting it, a little to the left and rear, and the Twenty-sixth Pennsylvania, Col. WM. F. SMALL, supporting it in the right and rear, the Eleventh Massachusetts, Col. WM. BLAISDELL, forming the reserve. On the left of the Williamsburgh Road Gen. SICKLES' Excelsior Brigade was stationed, the remaining brigade of the division, Gen. PATTERSON's New-Jersey Brigade, being held in reserve as a support. Further to the left Gen. KEARNEY joined his line of battle on to that of Gen. SICKLES, while at the right Gen. SUMNER held his men in preparation for any service that might be required of them.

THE SCENE OF THE CONFLICT.

The works guarding the position held to the front of Gens. HEINTZELMAN and SUMNER, were hidden from the enemy by a belt of woods, in which our pickets met theirs and disputed its possession with them. On the further side of this wood, in front of HOOKER's position, is a swamp extending a short distance, until it joins on to a peach orchard, on the firmer ground beyond. Next to the peach orchard is an open space, bounded on the further side by a patch of forest, by which the rebel works are screened from observation. In front of the wood the rebels have rifle-pits, in the further edge of the clearing, protecting their advance guard in the woods beyond on the side toward us.

GEN. HOOKER'S ADVANCE.

Pressing forward through the woods in front of their line, and so on through the peach orchard, Gen. HOOKER's men drove the rebel pickets before them, until they came upon the main body of the enemy at their rifle-pits, on the further side of the clearing, beyond the trees. Here the battle raged fiercely for some time, the rebels stiffly maintaining their ground, until finding themselves sorely pressed by our men, and in danger of being flanked by Gen. KEARNEY's troops on the right, they were forced to give way before the fierce charge of HOOKER's veterans, which drove them from their rifle-pits and into the woods at their rear.

Here our men held their ground, and, in spite of the enemy's resistance, would have made good their position, had not an order come from headquarters directing them to fall back. This they did, the enemy showing no disposition to follow them, suffering them to withdraw to the shelter of the woods back of them;

ARRIVAL OF GEN. M'CLELLAN.

For some time* matters remained in *statu quo,* a desultory firing being kept up, however, between the skirmishers on both sides. At about 11 o'clock Gen. MCCLELLAN arrived upon the ground, and assumed the general direction of the affair, which had thus far been left entirely in the hands of the Corps commanders, as it was, indeed to a great extent, until the close of the action. As the Commander-in-Chief rode along the lines of our troops in reserve, he was greeted with the enthusiastic cheers, which everywhere welcome his appearance—raising his hat as he passed on with all the air of a Napoleon. Taking his position near a well, to the left of where Gen. CASEY had his headquarters on the 31st, he listened to the statement of his Generals, received the report of Aids coming from the scene of conflict, and guided the action until near its close.

SHELLING THE ENEMY.

Soon after the General's arrival one of the batteries in front of Gen. RICHARDSON's position, on the railroad, opened fire on the enemy over the heads of our men, in the woods and swamp between it and the enemy. This wood, hiding the rebels from sight, the fire of the battery was guided by the observations of an officer stationed in a tree as a look-out. After the enemy had been sufficiently stirred up by our shells, which were thrown somewhat in the dark, another advance was ordered to drive the enemy again from their rifle-pits and secure the position which had been once taken in the morning.

ARRIVAL OF REINFORCEMENTS.

Meanwhile the Second Brigade of Gen. COUCH's Division, KEYES' Corps, under command of Gen. PALMER, had advanced to the support of Gen. HOOKER, and two Napoleon guns, of Capt. DE RUSSEY's Battery, were tearing down the Williamsburgh road to take part, if possible, in the action which had thus far been conducted without the help of the artillery, except such as had been derived from the somewhat uncertain long range firing from the guns of RICHARDSON's batteries. With much exertion, Capt. DE RUSSEY succeeded in getting his guns through the swamp, and to the front, where they rendered efficient service in the second assault on the enemy's position. Great efforts were made by the enemy to secure these guns, but they failed before the determined defence of our troops placed to support them.

Supported by the fresh troops of Gen. PALMER, HOOKER's men again pressed forward, and drove the enemy before them with a much less effort than before, barely a quarter of an hour sufficing to drive them, for the second time, from their rifle pits, which were occupied by our troops in force, who advanced still further on, however, to the woods beyond, where they held the enemy in check.

It was now after 5 o'clock, and Gen. HOOKER having gained all the ground, and more than was proposed, no further advance was attempted.

GEN. KEARNEY'S DIVISION.

While HOOKER was thus occupied, Gen. KEARNEY had been busy with the rebels in front of him. Early in the day his troops were drawn up in line of battle to secure Gen. HOOKER's advance, and push forward our pickets on his left, where KEARNEY's Division held the ground near the Charles City Road, toward the White Oak Swamp. [The Charles City Road, which is not indicated on our map, runs out of the Williamsburgh Stage Road, to the left, at nearly a right angle to it, and about two miles beyond the Seven Pines. The White Oak Swamp is about two miles to the left of the Williamsburgh Road, running nearly parallel with it, until it empties into the White Oak Swamp, a short distance below Bottom's Bridge These positions are indicated facing toward Richmond, as you go up the Williamsburgh Stage Road.—EDS. TIMES.]

At first Gen. KEARNEY met with little opposition, and easily drove the rebels before him, so as to enable him to advance about a mile forward on the Charles City Road, where he held his ground, occupying the rebel rifle pits from which the enemy had been driven, and rendering effective service to Gen. HOOKER, by getting into a position to flank the rebels. Here he held his ground without difficulty until late in the afternoon, when about 5 o'clock the enemy endeavored to retake the rifle-pits, which they had been forced to vacate earlier in the day. The brunt of their assault was borne by the Third Maine Regiment on the left, and the Twentieth Indiana which acted as its support.

OUR TROOPS GIVE WAY.

Giving way in their turn before the enemy's assault, our troops were forced back from the rifle pits to the edge of a piece of woods, in their rear, where they maintained their ground in spite of the most strenuous efforts to drive them further back.

BURNEY's Brigade, which was on the left of Gen. KEARNEY's position, bore the burden of the assault and suffered quite heavily, it is reported, though I have been unable to obtain any particulars of their loss up to the time of writing. Indeed, my report of what occurred in this division is much less complete than I would have wished to make it; their heaviest fighting occurring so late in the day that I am unable to procure any detailed report of their operations in season to get this through.

THE GENERAL RESULT.

But though we thus met with a trifling reverse on the left, the result of the day's fight was greatly in our favor. With a comparatively small loss, we had driven the enemy as far back as they drove us on the first day of the Seven Pines fight. But not, like them, falling back again, we maintained our ground—Gen. HOOKER's pickets being posted that night over two miles beyond the Seven Pines, on the Williamsburgh stage-road, and within less than five of Richmond. All that had been proposed at the commencement, was accomplished, and without bringing on a general engagement, as was expected.

THE NIGHT AFTER THE BATTLE

During the night large working parties were kept busy throwing up defences to secure the new position we have gained, and the work was pushed vigorously forward, in spite of the opposition of the enemy, who kept up their firing at intervals through the night. The heaviest attack came shortly after 1 o'clock, when the enemy opened a heavy fire of musketry, with what result I did not learn. After a fatiguing day, I had lain down at 11 o'clock for a nap, and awoke at 1. Shortly after, while sitting, in a semi-somnambulic state, on a box, at Savage's Station, in front of Gen. HEINTZELMAN's headquarters, I was aroused by the sound of heavy musketry firing, which came from the front, sounding strangely as it broke through the gloom of the quiet night. It is a strange comparison, but it reminded me of nothing so much as the grunting of a drove of hogs, with more than the usual porcine capacity of lungs.

In an instant lights began to gleam in the tents of HEINTZELMAN and his Staff, and soon their occupants were observed coming forth under the starlight, while orderlies were hastening to the saddle and away with messages. In a few minutes the firing slackened, and all still again. But there was little sleep in camp that night, for scarcely an hour passed without the sound of battle raging somewhere along the front. Your correspondent, as he writes, finds his eyelids drooping and his pen going wearily from the effect of that night's wakefulness. If his readers fall asleep over this account, therefore, it will not be strange, for it may be that the law of sympathy prevails, here as elsewhere.

CASUALTIES OF THE DAY.

The estimate of our loss given in the telegraphic report to the Associated Press, will be found much below the mark. The list of over 200 names of those killed and wounded, which accompanies this, will show that the estimate of 200 as the sum of the loss, is wide of the mark. Our loss is, indeed, slight, considering the amount of fighting done during the day, and the result accomplished. But it cannot fall below 500, and may be found nearer a thousand. I should estimate it at six or seven hundred. Seventy members of the First Massachusetts Regiment have been brought to the hospitals for the wounded up to noon, and the entire loss of this regiment can scarcely fall short of 100, as they were again under heavy fire later in the day. This regiment was one of those which suffered most severely.

THE HEAVIEST SUFFERERS.

The Second New-Hampshire Regiment of the same Brigade, (Gen. GROVER's,) also suffered heavy loss, charging as they did directly upon the rebels in their rifle-pits.

SICKLES' Brigade also did noble service during the day, and their loss was also heavy, as will be seen by the list of casualties, in which the names of some 80 of his men appear, and this but a portion of the whole.

The Nineteenth Massachusetts, Col. HINKS, of Gen. SEDGWICK's Division, also suffered a considerable loss. They were stationed on the right of the Williamsburgh road, at the extreme left of Gen. HOOKER's line of battle, where they did most gallant duty. They were subjected to a flanking fire on their right, but drove the rebels before them in spite of this, until they had advanced more than a mile in advance of their original position. Lieut. J. C. CHADWICK, the Adjutant of this regiment, was twice hit by spent balls, while gallantly leading the men to action. I wish I had the names of more of those who did a yeoman's work that day, that I might do my part toward giving them the immortality they deserve.

OUR BATTERIES AT WORK.

In order to reach the enemy in these successive assaults, our men were forced to wade through a swamp in which they sank up to their knees, and that in face of fire which carried death into their ranks. As I have before stated, our artillery could be of little service to us, as it was impossible to get our guns through the swamp without exposing them to capture, so that most of our shelling was done over the heads of our advancing troops, exposing them to the danger of shells prematurely exploding, as they are always liable to do. The two guns of DE RUSSEY's Battery did excellent service toward the end, and to their appearance at the front we are, doubtless, indebted for the easier conquest of the enemy's rifle-pits in the second assault.

The shelling from Gen. RICHARDSON's position was by the 10-pound Parrot guns of Capt. HAZZARD's and Capt. PETTIT's batteries, which showed some excellent practicing during the hour they were in action.

GEN. SUMNER DURING THE FIGHT.

Though circumstances did not make it necessary for his troops to be brought very prominently into the action, Gen. SUMNER was on the alert, and impatient for an opportunity to make his strength felt. The *sang froid* displayed by the veteran while momentarily expecting a fight, was a special subject of remark. Forming his regiments into a triple line of battle, he called for a chair, and posted himself in front of the advance line, where he remained seated until firing in the woods in front of his position led him to mount his horse again, and drive forward to ascertain its cause. Owing to an injury received by being thrown violently forward in his saddle, Gen. SUMNER was, it will be remembered, for some time unable to mount his horse, and hence the explanation, probably, of his somewhat singular position, though not of the coolness with which it was taken and maintained.

HOW THE REBELS FOUGHT.

Though there was desperate fighting on the rebel side, as well as on ours, as near as I can learn they fought with less than their usual spirit, showing some evidences of less heart in their work than they exhibited at Williamsburgh and Seven Pines. It may be that they had no decided objections to our further advance at this point, but, considering the effort they made a few weeks since to dislodge us from the position, this is hardly probable. It is more likely that the loss they suffered in their last attempt to enjoy an afternoon spent by bagging a lot of Yankees has given them a new idea of our mode of fighting. Sickness and lack of [illegible] have also had its effect upon the [illegible] of their troops, and enabled us, at a comparatively [illegible] cost, to obtain a position which, to judge from rebel [illegible] conceding, should have cost us [illegible] to secure.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE WOUNDED.

The arrangements for providing for the wounded brought from the battle-field were very complete. As they were brought to the rear, some were attended to on the spot, but the majority were carried back to the Regimental and Division Hospitals, where the urgent cases were attended to, and then conveyed, with those who did not require such prompt treatment, to hospital tents on the railroad, between Fair Oaks and Savage's Station, where they were provided for, and as rapidly as possible put on board the cars for the White House. Three trains went down that night, but with the limited accommodations of a single track, but a portion of the wounded could be carried away. The hospital station was under the direction of Dr. THOS. SIM, Medical Director of Gen. HOOKER's Division, assisted by Dr. C. C. JEWETT, Sixteenth Massachusetts; Dr. HARVEY BROWN, First Excelsior Regiment; Dr. CHAS. K. IRVING, Fifth Excelsior, and Dr. J. M. MERRON, Second New-Hampshire. Mrs. HARRIS, Secretary of the Philadelphia Ladies' Aid Association, was on hand to aid in caring for the

[*Continued on Eighth Page.*]

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*These indefinite expressions must be charged to the fact that a watch in running order is so rare a thing in the army, that it is next to impossible to keep track of time during an engagement.

THE BATTLE NEAR CHARLESTON.

List of Killed, Wounded and Missing of the National Forces in the Battle on James Island.

THE SEVENTY-NINTH (NEW-YORK) HIGHLANDERS.

Company A.

Sergt. J. A. Dingwall—severely wounded in neck.
Sergt. David Russell—slightly wounded.
Corp. John S. Tofts—missing.
Joseph Allen—missing.
William H. Buskirk—wounded in both arms.
John Dillon—killed.
Michael Lynch—wounded in leg.
William Mowatt—missing.
James McMillan—missing.
John Picket—wounded and missing.
John Stockem—missing.
Edward Picket—slightly wounded.

Company B.

Andrew Newlands—slightly wounded.
Philip Daley—slightly wounded.

Company C.

Sergt. George Rogers—wounded and missing.
Corp. R. Sunderland—wounded.
Wm. Bridge—slightly wounded.
Archibald Campbell—missing.
T. W. Jarritt—slightly wounded.
John Maxwell—missing.
G. Menzies—slightly wounded.
J. Mathieson—slightly wounded.
Peter Thomas—wounded in thigh.
John Wait—killed.

Company D.

Sergt. Walter Fitzsimmons—slightly wounded.
Sergt. Robert Harris—wounded.
Corp. Kosciusko Duke—severely wounded.
Corp. Wm. G. McNall—wounded in thigh.
Corp. Frank Ritchie—wounded in leg.
Corp. John D. Sproul—wounded.
John Finley—wounded in thigh.
Werner Meyer—slightly wounded.
James Gilchrist—missing.
John Luke—missing.
Wm. Leslie—missing.
Alexander Taylor—missing.

Company E.

Lieut. Kinnear—wounded.
Henry F. Bloomfield—slightly wounded.
Henry Collins—wounded.
Stephen Crymble—wounded in arm.
John H. Grant—wounded.
Wm. Kennedy—wounded in leg.
Thos. Hawthorne—wounded severely in neck.
George Ryerson—slightly wounded.
James Dennin—wounded in shoulder and face.
Andrew Robertson—wounded and missing.
Joshua Blakely—missing.

Company F.

Daniel Lawrence—wounded in arm.
Alexander Murray—missing.

Company G.

Sergeant James W. Reilly—slightly wounded.
Sergeant Robert Tofts—wounded and missing.
Corporal Walter Gallie—wounded and missing.
Thomas McManmon—wounded and missing.
Henry Buckley—missing.
Joseph G. Carey—wounded and missing.
William Finch—wounded in left shoulder.
James Foster—missing.
Jeremiah Harwood, wounded in right foot.
John Knox—missing.
Matthew Kelly—wounded and missing.
Edward J. Matthews—missing.
William Potter—wounded and missing.
Charles Robb—wounded in right leg.
Frederick Smith—wounded in right arm.
Peter Trotter—wounded in right arm.
George Wharry—wounded in right hand.

Company H.

Capt. Graham—slightly wounded.
Lieut. Thomas W. Robertson—severely wounded.
Sergeant Smith—severely wounded.
Corporal Brown—severely wounded, since dead.
Thomas Martin—killed.
Alexander Calvert—severely wounded.
Alexander Moore—severely wounded, since dead.
William Riley—severely wounded.
Daniel McDonald—severely wounded.
Robert Stewart—wounded and missing.
James Smith—wounded and missing.
Joseph Weston—wounded and missing.
James Lauchland—missing.
John Smeaton—missing.
James McComb—missing.
Isaac Bowker—missing.
Wm. Neely—wounded.

Company I.

Lieut. Wm. S. Ross—wounded in foot.
Sergeant Thos. Weir—wounded severely.
Charles F. Mack—wounded severely.
Michael Scanlin—wounded severely.
Michael Martin—wounded severely.
Napoleon Beaujoin—missing.
Henry West—missing.
James Burns—missing.
Patrick Burns—missing.
Frank Chamberlinn—missing.
Thomas Young—killed.
John Twybell—killed.
D. R. Jones—killed.

Company K.

Sergeant John White—wounded.
Corporal Charles Riley—wounded.
Corporal Walter L. Brown—wounded.
Dougall McFarlane—wounded.
George McIntosh—wounded.
Lonuis McKelvy—missing.
Henry Marshall—wounded.
Francis Stoddart—missing.
Wm. White—wounded.
Francis Wright—missing.
George Campbell—missing.
Robert Henderson—wounded.
Jacob Hopper—wounded.
Robert Kelly—wounded.
Michael Kirkman—wounded.
George Macready—missing.

EIGHTH MICHIGAN VOLUNTEERS.

Company A.

Capt. S. G. Guild—wounded and missing.
J. H. Tompson—wounded and missing.
Abel S. Bennett—wounded and missing.
Ira Delling—wounded and missing.
Sergt. M. S. Barrows—wounded in head, serious.
Along. Persing—wounded in shoulder, slight.
Abram D. Perry—wounded in foot, severe.
Geo. W. Bennett—wounded in thumb, amputation.
Chas. D. Allen—wounded, hand and lung, serious.

Company F.

Sergt. J. M. Bressmer—missing.
Wm. O. Bassett—missing.
S. D. Cobb—missing.
Geo. Lusk—missing.
I. J. Winegarden—missing.
Corp. Chas. F. Cook—wounded in foot, amputation.
Cemmett Cole—killed.
G. C. Rathbur—killed.
Harman Wanderlick—killed.
Wm. Demond—wounded, severe.
John Dowd—wounded in head, slight.
John R. Cross—wounded, slight.
Corp. Edgar A. Nye—wounded in thigh, serious.
Abram Guntrio—wounded in head, slight.
John Wagoner—wounded in arm, serious.
Daniel Mc Kenzie—wounded in thigh, flesh wound.
Second Lieut. A. D. Bates—wounded in hip, serious.
First Sergt. J. D. Sumner—wounded, chest, serious.
Sergt. J. F. Nead—wounded in mouth and throat, serious.
Corp. James McClellan—wounded in knee and elbow, serious.

Company D.

Capt. Ben. F. Church—killed.
John Conerly—killed.
Corp. H. P. Britton—missing.
L. P. Coburn—missing.
Wm. J. Durcand—missing.
Alvin K. Ford—missing.
Geo. Williams—missing.
Jas. McIlvain—wounded in cheek, serious.
D. T. Kingsbury—wounded, serious.
Sergt. H. B. Burrett—wounded in breast, serious.
Geo. W. Robinson—wounded, ear and scalp, slight.
A. S. Clinton—wounded in head, slight.
Frank Van Rye—wounded in shoulder, serious.

Company I.

B. L. Washburn—missing.
Edmund Ogden—missing.
R. D. Hendee—missing.
Wm. Turner—wounded in foot, serious.
Oscar Hendee—wounded in ancle, slight.
David Carvin—wounded in lung, severe.
John Granal—wounded in hip, severe.
Geo. W. Jewel—wounded in arm, serious.
Charles Freeman—wounded in left hand, slight.
Fred. J. Bently—wounded in right elbow, serious.
Francis Whitmore—wounded in hip, serious.
Peter F. Camus—wounded, shoulder, flesh wound.
Asa Parshall—wounded in left leg, flesh wound.
Capt. W. Ely Lewis—wounded, right arm and side, serious.
Peter Arsnoe—wounded in right thigh, serious.
Joseph Gannis—wounded in left side and right leg, slight.
F. W. Coleman—left arm amputated.

Company C.

Second Lieut. Charles F. Smith—missing.
Corp. Ephraim Brown—missing.
Corp. Dow Gould—missing.
Corp. John R. Burwell—missing.
Solomon Kroll—missing.
Eli S. Brouk—missing.
Henry Flanagan—missing.
Clarkston Burger—missing.
Zachariah Hickman—missing.
Solomon Wolf—missing.
First Lieut. Robt. G. Hutchins—wounded in left thigh, serious.
First Sergt. Wilber Nelson—wounded in left side, serious.
Elmer G. Packard—wounded in foot, slight.
Albert Smith—wounded in right hand, slight.
B. S. Brady—wounded in left shoulder, slight.
G. W. Feaster—wounded in forehead, slight.
Jos. McComber—wounded in right cheek, severe.
M. H. Kinnel—wounded in right hand, flesh.
Corp. Nathan Doane—wounded in left hand, slight.
Austin Campbell—wounded in forehead, slight.
Corp. Davis M. Wait—wounded in right hand.

TWENTY-EIGHTH MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEERS.

Company E.

Corp. John McIntire—killed.
Michael O'Brien—wounded.
Patrick Welsh—wounded.
Patrick C. Conway—missing.
Pat. Mullin—missing.

Company C.

Sergt. Daniel Co[illegible]—slight wound.
Corp. John [illegible]—left arm gone.
Corp. James [illegible]—right arm gone.
Michael Campbell—slight wound.
Jeremiah [illegible]—slight wound.
Robert Logan—slight wound.
Patrick Manerhan—severe wound.
Daniel Spenser—wound in ankle.
Charles McCarthy—killed.
John McNawee—missing.
James Murphy—missing.

Company D.

Patrick McCarthy—killed.
Corp. James Cooney—severe wound in thigh.
Edward O'Barnes—severe wound in eye.
Timothy Downey—wounded.
Michael McGaughlin—wounded.
Wm. Dolan—missing.
Patrick Fitzgerald—missing.
Jerry S. Murphy—missing.
Hugh Sallaghee—missing.

Company E.

Corp. Thomas Owens—missing.
Wm. Hallihan—killed.
Timothy Donovan—serious wound.
Michael Keliher—wounded, serious.
Wm. J. Love—wounded, slight.
Wm. A. Hayse—wounded, slight.
David Coughlin—wounded, slight.
Chas. Riley—wounded, slight.
Mathew Conway—wounded, slight.
John Toomey—missing.

Company G.

Corp. C. C. Dwight—killed.
Wm. Carey—killed.
Sergt. E. Fitzpatrick—wounded.
W. D. Malone—wounded.
James Kelly—slight.
Thos. S. Shield—slight.
Thos. Turtle—slight.
Michael Kennuly—slight.
Corp. T. Mitchell—slight.

Company H.

Sergt. J. W. Kerrigan—killed.
Wm. Sheehan—killed.
Francis Riley—slight.
Pierce Hayes—serious.
Patrick Bresnahan—slight.
Eugene Toomly—wounded.
Hugh Lee—wounded.

Company I.

Corp. Thos. Daly—killed.
Corp. C. V. Smith—missing.
Corp. John Hogan—missing.
Thos. Murphy—killed.
Mich. Madehen—wounded.
John O'Brien—wounded.
Frank Todd—wounded.
Patrick Maguire—wounded.
Sergt. J. B. Johnston—wounded.

Company K.

Sergt. John J. McDonell—killed.
Corp. A. H. Doyle—wounded.
David Roach—wounded, slight.
John Crawford—wounded, slight.
Geo. C. White—wounded, slight.
Levi Ramsden—wounded, slight.
Wm. Foley—wounded, slight.
James Connor—wounded, slight.
Thos. Miles—wounded, slight.
Edward Murphy—wounded, severe.
Richard Dalory—missing.
Arthur O'Niel—missing.

OFFICERS.

Company D.

Capt. Andrew J. Lawler—missing.

Company H.

Capt. John A. McDonnell—wounded.
Lieut. N. J. Barrell—wounded.

SEVENTH CONNECTICUT VOLUNTEERS.

Company A.

Sergt. David D. Keys—wounded.
Corp. Wm. Cook—wounded.
Corp. Theodore Schubert—wounded.
Corp. John P. Ryan—wounded.
Corp. Oliver D. Sellew—wounded.
Joseph Bowen—wounded.
Henry A. Clark—wounded.
Geo. W. Daniels—wounded.
Chas. J. Halt—wounded.
Walter Hunter—wounded.
John R. Vinton—wounded.
Richard P. Wales—missing.
L. S. Johnson—missing.
C. S. Clark—missing.
Selden H. Wells—missing.

Company B.

Corporal Wm. H. Taylor—killed.
Corporal Benjamin F. Robinson, wounded.
T. H. Brainard—wounded.
John Mannion—wounded.

Company C.

James A. Miller—killed.
John A. Lego—wounded.

Company D.

Second Lieut. Thomas Hooton—killed.
John Holmer—killed.
W. Croput—killed.
Corporal John Morris—wounded.
Corporal John Ward—wounded.
Lewis P. Bradley, musician—wounded.
Bryon Crosby—wounded.
Charles A. Gordon—wounded.
John Leahy—wounded.
George Webb—wounded.
John Waterman—wounded.
Charles Byxbee—missing.

Company E.

John E. Reynolds—killed.
Second Lieut. R. J. Demprey—wounded.
Lewis A. Cook—wounded.
Henry Cohen—wounded.
Burney Creamer—wounded.
Charles Gilbert—missing.

Company F.

Lorenzo Button—killed.
Sergeant Hiram Upron—wounded.
Joshua R. Gove—wounded.
William H. Kay—wounded.
Henry B. Sims—wounded.
Sergeant Fred. R. Jackson—missing.

Company G.

Capt. Edwin S. Hitchcock—killed.

ONE HUNDREDTH PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS.

Company A.

William Claffey—wounded.

Company B.

Sergeant John Elliott—wounded.
Noah A. Sewell—wounded.
Caleb Joseph—wounded.
Robert E. Reed—wounded.

Company C.

Corporal John S. Watson—killed.
Corporal William A. Anderson.
Hugh Wilson—wounded.
Fred Bander—wounded.
John C. Moore—wounded.
John E. Walton—wounded.
Thomas E. Miles—wounded.
Henry Dillaman—wounded.

Company E.

Augustus Reed—killed.
Corporal William Harlan—wounded.
Corporal Harlan Broke—wounded.
Corporal Nathan Offett—wounded.
George Montgomery—wounded.
John S. Barber—wounded.
George Maxwell—wounded.
John S. Dick—wounded.
Samuel George—wounded.
Jessa B. Shaner—wounded.

Company F.

Corporal James S. Paterson—killed.
David Herpert—wounded.

Company G.

Samuel B. Campbell—wounded.
George W. Washabaugh—wounded.

Company H.

George Whitstone—wounded.
Charles H. Stansburg—wounded.

Company K.

Thomas Gorman—killed.
First-Lieut. Joseph H. Gilialdnel—wounded.

Company L.

Second-Lieut. Samuel J. Morrow—killed.
First-Lieut. John P. Blair—wounded.
Sergeant Henry H. Robinson—wounded.
Robert Davis—wounded.

Company M.

Thomas Eba—killed.
David Merdith—killed.
Peter Harrison—killed.
Thomas Williams—wounded.

PART OF THE KILLED, ETC., OF THE THIRD NEW-HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS.

Company F.

Edgar Doplies—injured.
Charles Doherty—flesh wound.

Company H.

Walter A. Lawrence—wounded.
Thomas N. Carr—flesh wound.
Daniel N. Atwood—wounded.
Freeman N. Tumbler—wounded.

Company B.

Samuel Caban—wounded.
James Gerrah—wounded.
William S. Marston—wounded.

Company E.

Valentine Case—wounded.

THIRD RHODE ISLAND ARTILLERY.

KILLED.

Serg. Pat'k H. Gilligan, Co. F.	Benj. L. Sayles, Co. E.
Stephen B. Wells, Co. F.	Patrick Gannon, Co. E.
James O. Donnel, Co. F.	Willard Chaffee, Co. E.
Edward Dunbar, Co. H.	

WOUNDED.

First Lieut. Isaac M. Potter, Co. B—gunshot through right wrist.

Second Lieut. E. S. Bartholomew, Co. E—gunshot through abdomen; died in the hospital on the 17th, and buried on the island.

Corporal Peter Balcom, Co. B—gunshot in shoulder, slight.
Daniel L. Arnold, Co. B—gunshot through left lung, severe.
Jno. Haggins, Co. B—gunshot in knee joint.
Wm. Davis, Co. B—gunshot in shoulder, slight.
Joseph Thibodeau, Co. B—gunshot in left hand, slight.
Robert Hill, Co. B—gunshot in left foot, slight.
Moses A. Paine, Co. B—flesh wound in face, slight.
William H. Springer, Co. E—gunshot in right foot.
James McKnight, Co. E—gunshot in right arm.
Corp. John Cameron, Co. F—gunshot in hip and back.
Corp. John Murphy, Co. F—gunshot in right side and hand.
Corp. John O'Brien, Co. F—gunshot in side.
Charles Galligan, Co. F—gunshot in knee joint.
John Galligan, Co. F—gunshot in nose and mouth, very severe.
John Carran, Co. F—gunshot in left leg.
John Dorcey, Co. F—gunshot in left arm.
John E. Lake, Co. F—gunshot in left leg.
James Cooke, Co. F—left hand slightly wounded.
Wm. Burrows, Co. F—gunshot below knee joint.
Geo. Briggs, Co. F—severe blow in the abdomen.
Wm. Hobert, Co. F—slight wound in the abdomen.
Philetus Arnold, Co. F—slight wound in left hand and side.
Patrick Dillon, Co. F—slight wound in hand.
Thomas Carr, Co. H—slight wound in left side.
Patrick Mehon, Co. H—gunshot through calf of leg.
Peter Kneeland, Co. H—slight wound in foot.
Wm. Taft, Co. K—gunshot in leg.
Frank Carroll, Co. K—slight wound in scalp.

MISSING—(*Probably Killed.*)

Corp. Wm. Cady, Co. K.	Jas. Dalahan, Co. H.
Thos. Doherty, Co. B.	Thos. Miner, Co. H.

MISSING—(*Prisoners.*)

Gilbert B. Curtis, Co. H.	Jas. Batchellor, Co. B.
Michael Feeney, Co. H.	H. Ingoldsby, Co. B (w'n'd.)

FROM THE SHENANDOAH VALLEY.

The Movements of Gen. Fremont—Secesh Disappointed by Jackson—McDowell and Shields—The Recent Railroad Accident—List of Killed and Wounded, &c

From Our Special Correspondent.

WINCHESTER, Monday, June 23, 1862.

Since the falling back of FREMONT upon Strasburgh, of which you have been informed, the town has been full of rumors and theories in relation to the object of that movement, and of joyful anticipations on the part of the Secessionists, and fears on the part of Union people, that JACKSON would fulfill his promise when he left last, and return yesterday—Sunday being a favorite day with him for military demonstrations. But yesterday came, and is now passed, and JACKSON is not yet with us. The Secessionists are sorely disappointed. It is the first time, they say, that he has broken his word with them, and they have believed in him religiously. They claim with fervor that through him they have assurance that "the Lord is on their side"—JACKSON "is such a pious man." They have learned that he sold out his stock in the Erie Railroad when there was "a right smart chance of a heavy fall," because the Directors determined to run a Sunday train, and because he would not encourage either by his means or by his example any such desecration of the Sabbath—he was so pious. Pious soul! He has been doing his best to run a Sunday slaughter train ever since, and yesterday is the first time he has failed to arrive, as per small bills. Another story they tell of him, (and I do not record it irreverently, but simply to show their manner of expressing their confidence in him,) is, that before entering into his last battle, "he retired from among his staff, (wise move under the circumstances,) and wrestled with the Lord for one whole hour." The Unionists say, and many of them do say it irreverently, that in their opinion JACKSON got the worst of the struggle. Thus you will see that our Southern brethren have a very pious way of referring to the present state of their affairs. And you need not be surprised at it, neither should the truly faithful tremble, for it is only another verification of the old quatrain—

> "The devil was sick,
> The devil a saint would be;
> The devil got well—
> The devil a saint was he."

You will doubtless observe that the last two lines of the quotation are not especially required to convey my meaning, and may, with your critical pen, be disposed to strike them out. Don't do it. For in their exceeding inappropriateness, they convey assurances that secessionism, now sick unto death, will remain in the humor of his Satanic Majesty until it shall have shuffled off "this mortal coil"—and therein lies its only hope of mercy.

I have intimated that there are several theories in relation to the object of Gen. FREMONT's appearance at Strasburgh. Many of them are not worth a word of comment. One is that JACKSON has left the Luray Valley, and is approaching Winchester by one of the many roads well known to him, but imperfectly known to us, with the intention of seizing our stores, now arriving by the newly-opened Winchester and Potomac Railroad. This I do not believe, and I have had some opportunity of learning what the programme is. You have been for several days aware that MCDOWELL's Division (I do not say MCDOWELL himself) has been ordered to Richmond to support MCCLELLAN, and that SHIELDS, after his march back to Front Royal, is now returning toward the same point. I see by a copy of Mr. RAYMOND's correspondence, reprinted in the Philadelphia *Enquirer*, (for Mr. TAYLOR, of Baltimore, does not suffer us to see the TIMES regularly,) that it is not expected that MCDOWELL's force can arrive in time to support MCCLELLAN. Our idea is that such was not the intention of the order to either SHIELDS or MCDOWELL. You may recollect that in a former letter I stated that the great fear in the Valley (among Unionists) was, that in case the rebels evacuated, or were beaten out of Richmond, they would make a raid upon the Valley. Suppose the object of ordering SHIELDS and MCDOWELL's force to march, as they have been ordered to march, and does it not follow (the supposition being correct) that the intention is to have them in a position to hold the flying rebels in check, until MCCLELLAN can come up with them. All that granted, and the whereabouts of JACKSON and EWELL are easily ascertained. We have hardly made a move yet which the rebels were not aware of immediately, and what is more probable than that JACKSON should attempt to come up with and destroy SHIELDS, and harass MCDOWELL's force sufficiently to seriously affect its usefulness. But before these speculations can appear in print, the progress of events may have rendered them unnecessary.

FREMONT's force still remains at Strasburgh, although I have some authority for believing that he will very soon order a march to Middletown, a place about 11 miles from here, if no greater prospects of immediate hostilities here presents itself, simply for the purpose of being nearer the main dépôt for supplies; and in case of surprise, to be within reach for its protection. Such a movement would bring his army and that of Gen. BANKS together, which, considering the number of each, is perhaps desirable—but with that I have nothing to do.

An account of a railroad accident, is still, I believe, within the sphere of a reporter's duties; and therefore I sent you, by telegraph, yesterday, some facts in relation to one which occurred during the morning. I have now nothing further to send, except to say that the road (the Winchester and Potomac) is in a horrible condition. It was worn out more than a year ago. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have done all that was possible to put it in repair, since requested to do so by the Government, but the charge was not transferred to that Company in time, and the road is now unfit for use with trains of freight at other than a snail's pace. The list of the dead and injured is as follows, this morning. With the exception of KOLPH, they are all of the Third Delaware, and were coming from Harper's Ferry.

Dead.

John P. Kolph, supposed of New-York—Regiment not known.

Fatally Injured.

Geo. Henry, 3d Del.—head.
John Groover, 3d Del.—legs and body.
Edward French, 3d Del.—back.

Seriously Injured.

Abraham De Wies, 3d Del.—face.
John Hammond, 3d Del.—fracture of leg.
Wm. Bson, 3d Del.—head and chest.
Sergeant Welson, 3d Del.—side.
John Lloyd, 3d Del.—hip.
Abraham Sweeney, 3d Del.—head.
Wm. Eastman, 3d Del.—head.
—— Dickman, 3d Del.—side.
John Johnson, 3d Del.—leg.
Robert Watson, 3d Del.—thigh.
Joseph Mussey, 3d Del.—arm.
Bartholomew Melvin, 3d Del.—leg.
Henry Hutchings, 3d Del.—hip and side.
[illegible] Butcher, 3d Del.—arm.
J. Smith, 3d Del.—leg.
John Gordon, 3d Del.—leg.
Thomas Bostwick, 3d Del.—chest.
John Holston, 3d Del.—body.
Richard Adams, 3d Del.—bruised.
—— Malone, 3d Del.—leg.
Alfred Dickerson, 3d Del.—body.

Slightly Injured.

U. McPike, 3d Del.—leg.
Lewis Raymond, 3d Del.

And a number of others who merely received scratches, and who will report for duty to-day.

The train was one consisting of freight cars, which contained horses. The soldiers were on the top of the cars, and as there was a considerable embankment where the accident occurred, and the cars rolled over and over again, it is only surprising that a larger number were not either killed or seriously injured. The result to the horses I have not learned. The track was not much disturbed. The injured were all taken to the Union Hospital, in Market-street, where they received every attendance, under the direction of the principal surgeon. And here let me say that the Union, the Seminary and Academy Hospitals have been wonderfully improved of late. The ventilation and attendance are good, and the patients are doing remarkably well. There are, also, other points where the sick and wounded are placed and attended, principally by Dr. GEO. W. JACKSON, who has been detailed as Assistant Medical Director, and who, although quite young, is considered among the most skillful and efficient Surgeons in the army.

I have several times had occasion to note the strong secession feeling which is very generally felt and expressed in this town, and of the unremitting kindness of the few Union ladies here to the sick and wounded. I deem it but justice to add that Mr. F. E. MEREDITH, formerly of CAREY, HOWARD, SANGER & Co., of your City, now doing business here, and Mr. G. L. COOK, also of New-York, and now in business here, have earned the gratitude of their fellow-citizens by their continual kindness and attention to the soldiers of our army, sick, wounded and well. They both suffered heavily when JACKSON last entered the town, but that seems only to have increased their devotion to our cause, and their kindness to our troops.

J. A.

Preparations for Jackson—Stories of His Coming—Operations of the Guerrillas—The Florence Nightingale of Winchester.

WINCHESTER, Wednesday, June 25, 1862.

The armies in this valley are still as they were when I wrote last—no fighting, but continually progressing in preparations for the reception of JACKSON, should he, contrary to Union expectation, attack us again before the fall of Richmond. On the other side, so far as the citizens in this vicinity are concerned, there have also been preparations for his reception' but of a different character. The Secessionists were sure, as I have before written, that JACKSON would arrive here on Sunday, as he had promised, and many of them put their houses in order, baked bread and pies, and cakes, and meats for his officers and men, but he has not yet made his appearance. The only evidence of his presence in this valley, or even in the Luray, is a rumor, for which there is no ground, that our pickets had been driven in by his men, near Front Royal. The foundation for the rumor was a report of the fact that on Saturday last two guerrillas shot at a portion of our Signal Corps, near Front Royal. Two paroled prisoners had escaped from Front Royal, and had proceeded to the house of MARCUS PECK, near the Signal Station, situated on the top of Humpback Mountain, about two miles from Front Royal. At this house they stole two horses and ascended the mountain, in the rear of the Signal Station. About thirty rods from the Station they secreted themselves behind a fence, and fired seven shots at the Signal Corps, none of which took effect. The Signal men pursued them so closely that they were compelled to abandon their horses and take to the woods. In all this there is no proof of the presence of JACKSON, and I still incline to my former opinion that he is getting where, in case the rebels are driven out of Richmond, he may aid them in getting into this valley.

In a town where there are very few instances of devotion to the Union cause, I feel it to be the duty of a correspondent to continue notations of such as come under my own observation. I have another to add to the list already sent. It is that of the family of Mr. JACKSON. He has been a strong Union man from the beginning, and from the time the wounded soldiers commenced arriving here until now, his wife and family have been engaged daily in attending to their wants. There is not a day on which Mrs. JACKSON cannot be seen several times, with her servants, carrying huge pots of coffee, bread, cakes, and delicacies, to the different places where the sick and wounded are located. It would do your heart good to see the men's eyes brighten up when this good woman enters their rooms. She is the FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE of Winchester, and she will have her reward.

J. A.

JACKSON REINFORCED.

From the Richmond Dispatch, June 18.

It is no longer a secret that heavy reinforcements have been sent to "Stonewall" JACKSON, in the Valley, and that he now has an army sufficiently large to cope with any force that can be brought against him by the enemy. What the exact number of these reinforcements are we are unable to say, as they have all been carried over the South-side Railroad from Petersbbrgh, and thence to Staunton, *viâ* Lynchburgh. Although just on from the South, these men are not raw recruits. Many of them have seen service on the Southern coast, and were withdrawn only when their posts were occupied by others taken from the different camps of instruction. They are in a measure veterans, and burning with ardor to join their companions in arms, to share with them the glory of the brilliant campaign in the Valley. JACKSON now has as many men as he wants—as many as can be managed successfully in the mountainous district through which he will have to march in order to reach the territory of the enemy. At last accounts all the reinforcements had reached him, and he was steadily pushing forward after SHIELDS and FREMONT, who were retreating before his advance. The Yankee Generals must either give him battle or be driven across the Potomac. If they have the courage to make a stand, we shall have an opportunity of recording another victory more glorious than any before. There is no doubt as to the result. No better comment could be made upon the military resources of the South than is shown by the fact that while our armies at all important points have steadily received accessions, a large body of men have been sent to swell the ranks of the army of JACKSON.

FROM NORFOLK DIRECT.

Arrival of the Seminole—Health of the Forces—Raising the Sunken Vessels, &c.

The United States steam sloop-of-war *Seminole*, Commander WM. SMITH, from Norfolk, 24th, and Fortress Monroe, arrived yesterday morning.

On the 24th Norfolk was again placed under martial law by Gen. VIELE, in anticipation of a disturbance arising from the election to be held, but which was prohibited by Gen. VIELE. All was quiet in and about the vicinities of Norfolk and Portsmouth.

The *Seminole* has returned home for repairs, having for a long time needed them. She has been in commission over two years, and on the opening of the war was ordered home from the Brazil Coast, where she had been cruising for a year, and sent on the blockading service.

She has done good service during the war, and has (besides the battle of Port Royal) been in several severe engagements. The time of most of the crew being up, she will probably be put out of commission. On her passage from Hampton Roads to this port, at 8 A. M., on the 26th, she passed the Sanitary ship *Daniel Webster*, bound south.

The following is a list of her officers:

Commander, WM. SMITH. First Lieutenant and Executive Officer, C. S. Norton; Acting Masters, A. R. McNair, Benjamin Melville, Stephen G. Russell, Thomas S Steele; Surgeon, George Peck; Acting Paymaster, Lewis Sands; Chief Engineer, N. B. Sittig; Assistant Engineers, R. L. Harris, James T. Kelcher, John Wilson, F. L. Cooper, W. A. Powers; Master's Mate, E. H. Dewey; Captain's Clerk, Seth Sambson; Paymaster's Clerk, John F. Denson.

The *Seminole* came up to the Brooklyn Navy-yard yesterday afternoon, and was boarded by the officers of the yard. We get the following report from her:

The Union fleet in the Norfolk Division of the blockade squadron had very inconsiderable sick lists, the men generally being in a healthy condition. The workmen sent by the Navy Department to raise the vessels sunk by the United States forces were succeeding admirably, and expected to raise every one of the ships reported as destroyed. The *Raritan* frigate, one of the most useful vessels in the service, was said to have been susceptible of speedy recovery and conversion to a useful man-of-war. The *Columbia*, a 50-gun frigate, it was thought could also be brought to the surface; but the old line-of-battle-ship *Pennsylvania*, 120 guns, which was the permanent receiving ship at Norfolk, before the rebellion, was believed to have separated in huge pieces at the bottom of the harbor, or at least to be so completely destroyed by her immersion, as to preclude the hope that she can ever be saved together. The old *United States*, the first vessel ever built for the United States Navy, would be also operated on, with what success was not known. The *Columbus* and *Delaware*, old line-of-battle-ships, can never be made of any value again, [illegible] efforts to raise them should turn out satisfactory. The recovery of the splendid corvette *Germantown*, and the sloop-of-war *Plymouth*, was to be tried most energetically.

The marines sent down to Gosport, from Washington, had been posted in the Navy-yard as their comrades were before its evacuation. The barracks and quarters were put in as good order as the temporary nature of the arrangements would permit. The men were as healthy, generally, as before their departure from the National Capital, the water having affected them at first rather deleteriously.

A few Courts-martial, before one of which officers had been arraigned, were in session at various times recently; but the most of them were "drum-head Courts," on persons charged with trivial offences.

The *Seminole* is believed to be rotten. She was built at Pensacola, and had her machinery put on board at Norfolk, where a survey decided that she was unseaworthy.

The news from Gen. VIELE's command brought by the *Seminole* has been anticipated by telegraph. The troops were well, as far as any epidemic disease was concerned, but a large number were on the sick reports—far more than in the naval branch of the service.

The National Tax Law.

INSTANCE OF TRIPLE AND QUADRUPLE TAXATION.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

One of your cotemporaries, in an article on the Tax bill recently passed by Congress, makes out that "the duties are to be levied on the entire value of the manufactured articles." Supposing this to be the case, I ask if the Goverement would not receive pay at least three times on the same article, to a greater or less extent? For example, A purchases of B one hundred sides of leather, the tax on the leather being included in the cost. A manufactures it in shoes or saddlery, for which the Government charges him three per cent. on the manufactured article; and in addition, three per cent. on the income arising from the sale of the article so manufactured. It is very clear, if this writer be correct, that A pays his tax three times over, which evidently must weigh heavily on the manufacturer.

Such a tax will not only ruin nine-tenths of the manufacturers, for they cannot increase the price to such an extent, but will break down any Administration that attempts to enforce so odious a law.

A READER OF THE TIMES,
and a large Manufacturer.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

EXECUTION OF HAWKINS.

His Last Hours—His Written Confession—His Speech and Prayer—The Hanging—The End.

The execution of WILLIAM HENRY HAWKINS for the murder of Capt. ADAMS, on the high seas, was consummated yesterday at 1¼ o'clock. In Friday's issue we detailed the occurrences connected with the last night of Mr. HAWKINS up to the hour of midnight, and from that point the following narrative furnishes all happenings of public interest:

After writing a few letters to his friends in Rhode Island, he went to his cell, with Rev. Mr. GARNET, and for a long time engaged in religious exercises—reading, praying and conversing. He then went to bed and slept soundly till 4 o'clock in the morning, when he walked the corridor for half an hour, and then again went to bed and to sleep. About 6½ o'clock he arose, dressed himself, ate a hearty breakfast, and said that he must begin to prepare for the final scene. Rev. Mr. CAMP, and a colored clergyman from Rhode Island, whose name escaped us, but who remained with him till the last moment, went to his cell, and, after a few moments talk about matters generally, suggested a reading of the Scriptures and prayer. At this time HAWKINS was taken from the cell and placed in a larger room connected with the various "waiting apartments" of the Tombs, where he could receive his visitors more comfortably. There they held services suitable to the occasion.

Toward 10 o'clock a well-known and highly respected Catholic clergyman called to see him, and after some religious consolation said to him: "HAWKINS, I feel it my duty to say to you, that unless you are baptized you cannot expect to attain the kingdom of God." This started HAWKINS' argumentative bump, and he replied: "How was it with the thief on the cross? He was converted while being crucified, and Christ said 'This day shalt thou be with me in Paradise.' Do you think that thief was damned?" The answer of the Reverend Father is not given, but the reply of HAWKINS seemed mightily to please not only himself, but all who were in the room with them.

THE PREPARATIONS

for the execution were all made under the superintendence of United States Marshal MURRAY, who had, in addition to the veteran Deputy THOMPSON, sixteen Deputies on duty. The scaffold was the same one on which GORDON died, and every external circumstance was the duplicate of those attending that occasion. Hundreds of people applied for admittance, but the Marshal very properly confined the number to those demanded by law—the medical jury and the members of the Press. In no way could aught have been bettered.

At noon, HAWKINS sent for the representative of the TIMES, and stated that he desired him to be present at the

FINAL INTERVIEWS,

which were about to take place. Entering the room we saw the prisoner standing by a table, dressed in shirt, pants and shoes, in his month was a cigar, and his hand rested on a bible. Sitting before him were five clergymen, Rev. Mr. CAMP, Rev. Mr. GARNET, the gentleman from Rhode Island, and two strangers, one of whom stated that he was a converted Jew. With the last HAWKINS was holding quite an argument, and while all that was said was well enough, it struck us as most strange that any one, and particularly a minister, should take such an opportunity to obtrude and argue opinions, simply for the sake of saying something.

Presently he retired, and HAWKINS, addressing the writer, said: "I have written these few lines for you, which I hope you will print. The spelling may not be all right, but the truth is in it. I would have written more, but have had to hear so much talk that I had no time. The following is the

LETTER FROM HAWKINS:

NEW-YORK, June 27, 1862.

I feel it my sincere duty to thank the respectable and kind-hearted gentlemen and ladies of the City of New-York, for the kindness and sympathy that they have so much shown toward me. This gives me much pleasure to think that in the midst of my trouble, that the most prominent citizens in the Empire City have become my friends. I do most earnestly pray the Heavenly Father that you may ever prosper in all your good works, and I can solemnly say that I owe good will to every man, and yet I have one enemy that gives me much pain to think of. I am sorry to say that this is my youngest sister. The noble counselor, Mr. SPENCER, sent me his kind good-bye.

The Warden, Mr. SUTTON, and the Matron, Mrs. FOSTER, are almost too noble to mention; their kindness has attended me from the moment of my imprisonment. I have asked nothing from Mr. SUTTON, or his assistant, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, that they have not granted, and I thank them humbly and gratefully. I trust to meet them in Heaven. The Keepers have, one and all, treated me as if one of their own families, and I have nothing but good to think of them. Marshal MURRAY would have saved me if he could. He was always kind, and I believe he has fed me at his own expense on certain luxuries, for I thought, and so did he, that when a man has the affairs of his soul to look after, it's no time for him to be troubled about his body; that should have all it craves.

Now, a few words about the

MURDER.

If I was in Court, and should stand up and say, "I did not do this deed," no one would believe me, would they? If I was in the same court, and should say, "I did do this deed," they woud all believe me, wouldn't they? Yes, and on my own words, hang me. Why then is it well for me to say I done it, or I didn't, when it depends on what words I use whether you believe me or not, and not on the truth? I will say, however, *that though at one time, I rather thought the second mate would be tried for this crime, I am very glad he was not.* I would not like to have had him die, or suffer for this deed. I am satisfied as it is. The President has done well not to notice my case. Had he done it, the friends of GORDON would have perhaps caused a revolution. He is a noble man—no President was ever greater—even WASHINGTON was not greater than ABRAHAM LINCOLN. God bless him.

I am now near death.

I don't fear it. I am strenghened from within; Christ stands by me and says, I will comfort and sustain you in the bitter end. I think I have shown thus far that a colored man has firmness, has courage, has intelligence—at all events enough to entitle him to his own freedom, and now I wish to show that a Christian colored man can die bravely, and die with feelings of love for God and love for man.

I bid you good bye. I hope to see you in Heaven.

Respectfully, WM. H. HAWKINS.

He also desired the following letter to be published:

NEW-YORK, June 26, 1862.

To the members and friends of the Shiloh Church and all other churches of religious worship, I leave with you my most sincere and friendly thanks. I am happy to say that I have all faith in Christ. This is the most needed of all things, and pleasant to those that know it; and I do hope to meet many of you in the arms of Jesus, no more to part.

To-morrow I leave you forever on earth. God bless you and good bye. WM. H. HAWKINS.

After reading these letters, no person being present but HAWKINS, the clergymen, the two Deputy-Marshals and the writer, the door was locked and HAWKINS proposed

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Rising he took the Testament, opened it at the 14th chapter of the Gospel of St. John, and read in a clear, calm and deep-toned voice the farewell words of the Saviour. From time to time, as passages peculiarly applicable to his case occurred, he re-read and commented upon them. After reading, all present kneeled while HAWKINS led in prayer.

It was one of the most remarkable scenes ever witnessed. The man knew that in less than twenty minutes he would be led out to die, and yet as coolly as he would eat his dinner, as correctly as any class-leader, as composedly as a New-England deacon, he prayed steadily for ten or fifteen minutes. He prayed for everything and everybody; for the nation that it might be reëstablished; for the rulers that they might be sustained, guided and protected; for the slave and his master; for himself, that as he left this life he might be strengthened, and as he entered the other life he might be received, pardoned and made happy with Christ.

Each in his turn, the three clergymen followed in prayer, after which HAWKINS appeared as ever—absolutely firm and composed.

The executioner entered the room about 1 o'clock and dressed HAWKINS in a coarse cotton shirt, a pair of blue trowsers and a blue sailor's coat, on the lapel of which was worked a huge white anchor, and over the collar of which was worn a large shirt collar.

His arms were tied behind his back, the black cap was thrown carelessly upon the top of his head, and silently puffing his last cigar, he awaited the coming of the Marshal and the coming of his doom.

Mr. SUTTON here took leave of him, as did Dr. HODGMAN and a number of the Deputies. To the two officials he expressed the liveliest gratitude, and thanking them again and again for their kindness, said, "I hope we will meet in Heaven," and stood up to go.

THE PROCESSION.

was then formed as follows:

Marshal Murray and Deputy-Marshal Thompson.
Rev. Mr. Garnet—Hawkins—Rev. Mr. ——.
Rev. Mr. Camp.
Deputies—Reporters—Deputies.
Deputies.

It filed along by the prison wall, around the grass-plot, by the "male prison" door, where stood Mr. CUNNINGHAM and others to whom he bowed farewell, by the gateway to the scaffold, where were Mr. SUTTON and others, who bowed good-bye, and then the procession halted.

Around it were forty United States marines, under command of Capt. HEYWARD and Lieuts. PARKER and MCKEAN. Within that square were divers newspaper people, hosts of Deputies, the medical jury, Dr. HODGMAN, Drs. JAMES R. WOOD, KIMBARK, MCLEOD and ACHESON, and a few others; while under the beam, with the noose about his neck, sat HAWKINS, supported by Marshal MURRAY and Deputy Marshal THOMPSON, in full regulation uniform.

The Marshal, in a most solemn and impressive manner, read to him

THE DEATH WARRANT,

every word of which was heard throughout the yard, so quiet was the audience.

MARSHAL—Have you anything to say, HAWKINS?

HAWKINS—Yes, Sir, I suppose I have. You will allow me a few moments I suppose.

To which the Marshal gave assent.

HAWKINS then rose, and in a loud, clear voice made

A DYING SPEECH

which occupied perhaps ten minutes, the substance of which, however, is already given in the TIMES, partially in the letter which was published on Friday morning, and also in the letter which we give below.

After that, Rev. Mr. GARNETT prayed fervently in behalf of the prisoner, who asked the Marshal if he might pray also. Consent was given, and HAWKINS, in a voice indicative of perfect self-possession, offered a prayer which was almost identical in language, and thoroughly so in idea, with the one which he made in the room.

This done all was ready.

The Marshal bade him farewell, first promising to send a quarter and some other property to his sister in Rhode Island; then stepping behind the prisoner, the Marshal told the executioner to do his duty. ISAACS pulled the cap over the prisoner's face, on which, when last seen, was a contented expression and cheerful smile.

The Marshal drew his sword, and waved it in the air.

A dull sound was heard within the inclosure, as of an ax upon a cord, and the body

DANGLED IN THE AIR.

HAWKINS died easily. Though muscular, full-blooded and well developed, he made but little motion. He was hanged at 1:17, pulsation ceased at 1:23, life was extinct at 1:33, and the lifeless corse was cut down at 1:47. The neck was not broken. The body was given to the friends of HAWKINS, who will take it to Rhode Island.

The Central Park Fund.

Bids were opened at the Comptroller's office yesterday for the sum of $333,000 "Central Park Improvement Fund Stock of 1876."

The following table is an exhibit of the opening and awards:

Names.	Amount.	Rate.	Accepted.
W. Hardie	$1,500	102.03	—
T. Tileston	25,000	101	—
T. Tileston	25,000	101.05	—
T. Tileston	25,000	101.10	—
Joseph Cox	50,000	102.80	—
Joseph Cox	50,000	102.60	—
Joseph Cox	36,500	102.05	—
DeLauney, Clarke & Co.	25,000	102.50	—
Maria McGregor	1,000	102.11	—
Henry A. Stone & Son	10,000	101.29	—
Robt. Dinwiddie & Co.	5,000	100.80	—
Dry Dock Savings Bank	100,000	102.50	—
Marine Savings Bank	25,000	100.25	—
Read, Drexel & Co.	333,000	101.37	—
Gilman, Son & Co.	20,000	100.58	—
Gilman, Son & Co.	20,000	100.43	—
W. S. Gilman	20,000	101.08	—
Broadway Savings Ins.	25,000	101.00	—
Broadway Savings Ins.	25,000	101.25	—
Broadway Savings Ins.	50,000	101.50	—
Ward & Co.	30,000	103.00	3,000
Ward & Co.	15,000	102.00	—
Ward & Co.	100,000	101.51	—
Ward & Co.	185,000	101.15	—
W. B. Dixon	10,000	100.26	—
Wm. H. Hoople	5,000	100.50	—
E. Whitehouse, Son & Morison	10,000	102.00	—
E. Whitehouse, Son & Morison	10,000	101.50	—
E. Whitehouse, Son & Morison	10,000	101.00	—
Charles E. Ryder	11,500	101.00	—
Charles E. Ryder	10,000	101.75	—
Charles E. Ryder	10,000	101.85	—
Charles E. Ryder	10,000	101.90	—
Charles E. Ryder	27,000	102.55	—
Samuel Barton	333,000	103.00	330,000
Edward D. Peters & Co.	1,000	101.25	—
Edw'd D. Sohier and Chas. A. Welch	30,000	101.05	—
John P. Coffin	5,000	100.05	—
John P. Coffin	5,000	101.26	—
John P. Coffin	5,000	101.51	—
John J. Crane	2,500	100.00	—
John J. Crane	2,500	100.50	—
John J. Crane	2,500	100.75	—
John J. Crane	2,500	101.08	—
German Savings Bank	10,000	100.34	—
German Savings Bank	10,000	100.44	—
German Savings Bank	10,000	100 54	—
Wallace & Brodhead	10,000	100.00	—
Wallace & Brodhead	5,000	101.25	—
James W. Clark	3,000	100.00	—
R. R. Dunn	1,000	101.11	—
Thomas Mallett, Jr.	8,000	101.00	—
City Savings Bank, of Bridgeport, Conn.	5,000 5,000	100.80 101.06	— —
James Grunhut	3,000	101.00	—
Mary McDonald	100	102.50	—
Newburgh Savings Bank	10,000	101.60	—
Total	$1,784,600		$333,000

WARD & Co. get a share of the whole amount, in proportion to the sum bid for by them.

Celebration of the Fourth.

Although nearly all our best known militia regiments have lately left the City to seek active duty near the field of war, Maj.-Gen. SANFORD has issued his usual annual mandate, for the getting up of as much military display as possible. His order on the subject is as follows:

HEADQUARTERS, FIRST DIVISION N. Y. S. M.,
NEW-YORK, June 16, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 3.—That part of the Division remaining in the City, will parade on the Fourth of July next, to celebrate the anniversary of the Declaration of American Independence, and the vindication of the Union. The Division line will be formed on Fourteenth-street, with the right on Broadway, at 8 o'clock, A. M. precisely. A marching salute will be paid to the Mayor and Common Council, in front of the City Hall, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Brig.-Gen. SPICER will cause the National Standard to be displayed from the Battery, and the Morning Salute to be fired at sunrise, by a detachment from the First Brigade. Brig.-Gen. YATES will direct a National Salute to be fired from the Battery at noon, by a detachment from the Second Brigade. The Commissary General will furnish ammunition for the salutes upon the requisition of the proper officers. Fourteenth-street and Broadway are hereby designated as the parade ground of the Division on the Fourth of July, until the column shall have passed the City Hall. Maj. HENRY S. FEARING and Maj. EDMUND J. WADE have been appointed Volunteer Aids to the

Major-General. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly. The Division Staff will assemble on the Fourth at the quarters of the Major-General, at 7 o'clock, A. M., at which hour and place Capt. OTTO's Troop will report for escort duty.

By order of CHARLES W. SANDFORD,
Major-General Commanding.
W. E. TOWNSEND, A. D. C.

We shall miss the Seventh, the Seventy-first, the Eighth and Twelfth, which were wont to make so fine a pageant on the morning of our National Festival; and it is a matter of regret that we lose the chance to see the younger regiments—the Thirty-seventh and Twenty-second, for instance—take advantage of their first chance for a holiday parade. But there are still remaining the nuclei of several crack corps; and they, with the Veterans of 1812, and such rudiments of organizing regiments as may be in the neighborhood, will make a very fair show.

The day will be ushered in by customary peals from all available Church bells, "Trinity" of course, taking the lead. At intervals the tunes mentioned in the subjoined programme will be executed by Mr. JAMES A. AYLIFFE, without whose performance on the chimes of "Trinity" no holiday would be complete:

1. Ringing the changes on eight bells.
2. Hail Columbia.
3. Yankee Doodle.
4. Old Dog Tray.
5. Grand Medley, arranged expressly for Trinity Church Chimes, by GEORGE F. BRISTOW.
6. Evening Bells.
7. Air. By DE BERIOT.
8. Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean.
9. Last Rose of Summer.
10. Rondo with variations in Major and Minor keys, composed for Trinity Chimes, by GEORGE F. BRISTOW.
11. Airs from Child of the Regiment.
12. Star Spangled Banner.
13. Blue Bells of Scotland,
14. Home, Sweet Home.
15. Hail Columbia.
16. Yankee Doodle.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

A FEW STATISTICS DEVELOPED BY THE CHRISTIAN ALLIANCE OF NEW-YORK.—The present interes attaching to this alliance of all the different denominations is, their labor in behalf of our soldiers. The members of it began to preach to the volunteers when the earliest volunteering excitement seized upon our citizens—when, some twelve months ago, Broadway and other less noted thoroughfares were dotted at every few paces with eager bands of recruits; and to these not alone upon the Sabbath, but during the week did messengers repair with attractive reading matter and good advice from the Alliance. The daily journals of the City and such of the weeklies as could be recommended, were freely distributed among them, till the "boys," at their leave-takings, would bear a regretful memory of these (to many of them) unusual privileges, and would call out to the missionaries "Mind you don't forget to send us our papers." They were promised, and the promise has been more than fulfilled; for not only papers but books such as they could not help being interested in perusing have been plentifully furnished them. Already have sixty-five million duodecimo pages been printed and sent to our volunteers. Mr. GOSS, one of the active missionaries of the Society, has lately visited the camps, and says that he has discovered that *just such matter as we love to read at home* our brave boys love to get on the battle-field. He observed a *bushel basket* of tracts sitting upon a drum-head, which, although remaining for a long, weary day, was never approached or touched by the men, who are sick of unmeaning philosophy, but eagerly long for that which instructs and revives, as does with unvarying certainty the spirit of true religion as it is presented to the cultivated perceptions by a thousand channels in the beautiful processes of nature and developments of the day. A rainy day in camp, or the subdued surroundings of the hospital are found to be chosen occasions for the brotherly undertakings of the Alliance messsengers, and the work is steadily gaining in power and results.

UNION FAIR FOR THE BENEFIT OF WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—The idea of this fair originated in the happy association of seven young ladies, all under eighteen years of age. Thus much of its history simply proves that advanced experience is not essential to the triumphant success of fairs. No gentleman's agency was brought to bear in its prearrangement, although the usual order of conducting the "Post-office" in such assemblies is reversed in this case, and two of the "*lords of creation*" presided. Post-office is a regularly constructed tent with the flag of our Union unfurled to the breeze (which was not on hand last night) at its apex. A gentleman sits at the door of this tent, and has a mysterious and invisible aid in the background, who supplies him with an unlimited correspondence for the applicants. When a letter is desired the visible man screams at the top of his voice, as if the missive were to drop from the clouds, or was only to be derived from some equally distant source, when most singularly it occurs that a dainty envelop, all duly superscribed, falls at the feet of the applicant. Elegant work-boxes, cushions, and, best of all, a magnificent cake with a ring in it, are among the temptations for purse-strings to relax. Useful objects also present themselves, so that the sedate matron can select with judgment, and expend a goodly sum with profit. The greatest profusion of flags and flowers lend an air of cheerfulness only equaled by the rosy loveliness of the fair demoiselles in attendance. The fair is at the corner of Thirty-second-steet and Broadway, and will remain open two days. Remember the wounded soldiers.

PLATE PRINTING IN COLORS.—Mr. W. L. ORMSBY, of this City, has invented, and filed a caveat in the Patent Office for a new plan of steel-plate printing in colors. Heretofore it has been necessary to make a separate impression for every color. This has involved a separate press, an additional printer, and a frequent manipulation of the impression calculated to destroy its beauty. Moreover, plate printing in colors has heretofore been very expensive, especially to Banks, who have been obliged to adopt it to elude the operations of the photographic counterfeiter. Mr. ORMSBY's plan, it is claimed, will meet all the requirements of color printing, and combine a variety of improvements. Among the advantages are the following: Any number of colors can be printed at but a slight increase on the cost of printing one color; the colors when printed are blended so that the counterfeiter cannot photograph one portion and print another; the speed of printing is greatly increased in proportion to the number of colors; the paper need be wet but once for each impression; there is only one printing press in use, instead of one for every color. In short, it is claimed that the new plan will afford all the securities of existing plans of color printing, with additional safeguards, combining at the same time cheapness of price with celerity of execution—all the qualifications necessary for printing the new Treasury Notes.

THE GREAT EASTERN.—The Great Ship Company have, at length, put their leviathan vessel on the passenger trade between New-York and Liverpool as a regular packet. The public will receive this announcement with much satisfaction, and we feel all the more disposed to congratulate the owners of the vessel upon their present confirmed success when we remember the innumerable difficulties with which their great ship has had to contend. Every obstacle has arisen in her progress from the stocks to the ocean and, there, upon each voyage she attempted. All of these she has conquered, and her last trip to Liverpool proved her to be one of the swiftest, as she is, undoubtedly, the safest, most commodious and magnificent steam palace that rides the billows. She will hereafter be dispatched, alternately, from New-York and Liverpool, on every twenty-fifth day, commencing with her departure from the latter port on the 1st of July. Consequently, her next trip outward will date here on the 26th of that month. She will, then, sail again from Liverpool on the 16th of August, and from this port on Sept. 9.

THE WOMAN'S LIBRARY—Now well progressed into its second year—knows no diminution in the patronage and encouragement which called it into existence. Its rooms are just at present left rather desolate, on account of the subscribers having turned their attention to their annual rural migration. There is a reasonable prospect that the subscription list will receive a larger addition this Autumn than it has ever known. Miss POWELL, whose indefatigable energy operated so successfully in establishing this pleasant intellectual resource, is expected to reassume her accustomed duties in reference to it some time during the Summer. The rooms require cleaning and rearranging, so that they will be closed to visitors for a short time about the month of August. Though it was at first rumored that the establishment of a library unsupplied with the newspapers, and for the exclusive use of women, would never be popular, this experiment has proved to the contrary, and the "Woman's Library" is an established success.

CHARGED WITH BIGAMY.—A man named CHARLES MULLER, about 30 years of age, and a Norwegian by birth, was taken into custody yesterday by Officer KIRBY, of the Fourth Precinct, upon the charge of having two wives. The officers say that the accused is a sailor, who was for several months connected with the Burnside Expedition; that he deserted a short time ago, and came back to this City, where he immediately married a woman named CATHARINE DAVIS, of No. 80 Oliver-street, the latter being wife No. 2. He married his first wife on the 1st day of June, 1859, at Sag Harbor, in this State. Since he married wife No. 2, the first one has come on here for the purpose of ascertaining how things are situated. Upon her arrival here she ascertained to her satisfaction that he had a second wife: she has therefore instituted legal proceedings against him, and yesterday Justice OSBORNE committed him to the Tombs for further examination. The marriage certificates were produced in Court, and one of the clergymen was also present. The second wife says she will stand by and fight for her husband to the last, while the legitimate wife is equally determined to punish him.

CENTRAL PARK MUSIC.—The Central Park Commissioners announce that there will be music at the Central Park, on the Mall, on Saturday next, the 28th instant, at 4 o'clock, P. M., by the Central Park Band, under the leadership of H. B. DODWORTH, if the weather is fine. The following is the programme:

PART I.

1. March from "Il Giuramento".......Mercadante
2. Ballet Music, Mazurka and Galop "Le Prophet".......Meyerbeer
3. Song—"We may be happy yet"—Bohemian Girl.......Balfe
4. Overture—"Merry Wives of Windsor"....Nicolai

PART II.

1. Selection from "Robert le Diable"......Meyerbeer
2. Hibernian Airs.......Jullien
3. Scherzo from Symphony in A Minor..Mendelssohn
4. 'Zerlina" Polka.......Ettling

PART III.

1. Overture—"Maritana".......W. V. Wallace
2. "Ida" Waltzes.......H. B. Dodworth
3. Selection—"Anna Bolena".......Donizetti
4. Frieden-Jubel Galop.......Kubner

National Pot-Pourri.

A GAMBLING-HOUSE BROKEN UP.—Yesterday afternoon, Capt. SQUIRES, of the Second Precinct, and Sergeant WILSON, of the Eighth, made a descent upon the gambling-house situated at No. 1 Ann-street, kept by Messrs. BLANKMAN, ABEL and STOKES. The proprietors made their escape, but about a dozen parties were taken into custody and conveyed before Justice BRENNAN, at the Tombs, where, after a preliminary examination, they were all discharged except JAMES MATHEWSON and DANIEL THORP, who were held to bail in the sum of $500 each. The officers also seized a large amount of gambling tools and furniture; also $12 50 in good money, and $36 in bad. A very valuable faro table is included among the furniture seized. JOHN H. ALCOTT, of No. 277 West Thirty-sixth-street, made a complaint against them.

GRAND EXCURSION OF THE RANDALL'S ISLAND GIRLS AND BOYS.—The Randall's Island children, to the number of five hundred, will go on an excursion to New-Rochelle, on Tuesday next, in a steamboat belonging to the Institutions, it being the first excursion of the kind for some years, and will be done without any additional expense to the City. They will be escorted by the Randall's Island Light Infantry, (boys,) who, on their arrival at New-Rochelle, will march through the village with their drum corps and wooden guns, and also go through their exercises. They will leave the island so as to arrive at New-Rochelle about 12 o'clock.

ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION OF PREMIUMS AT THE ACADEMY OF OUR LADY OF MERCY.—On Thursday afternoon occurred the annual distribution of premiums at the Academy of Our Lady of Mercy, Houston-street, under the charge of the Sisters of Mercy. The exhibition room was densely crowded. Among those present, were several eminent Catholic Clergymen, including Very Rev. Dr. STARRS, V. G. The premiums were numerous, one of them being a valuable gold medal. The exercises were unusually interesting.

A VICTIM OF HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.—Rev. Mr. GREEN, a colored preacher of the Methodist persuasion, was condemned by a Court in Maryland, his native State, to an imprisonment of ten years for reading *Uncle Tom's Cabin*. After suffering five years of his sentence, he has been *pardoned* by the Governor, on condition of perpetual exile from the United States. He is to address the congregation of Shiloh Church—Mr. GARNET's—on Sunday evening next, June 29.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A SOLDIER.—A soldier of the Fifty-fifth Regiment of New-York Volunteers, named WM. BLACK, was run over yesterday afternoon by a cart, while attempting to cross Grand-street, near Chrystie. BLACK has recently returned to this City from the Army of the Potomac, on account of wounds received at the battle of Fair Oaks, and owing to his injuries he was unable to get out of the way of the cart. He was, consequently, knocked down, run over, and very much injured. Officer WILLIS immediately obtained a conveyance and took him to the New-York Hospital, where he was properly cared for.

AN OLD OFFENDER IN LIMBO.—One of the most expert stage thieves of this City was arrested Thursday evening by Detective ROACH, and locked up at Police Headquarters. He is known as LAWRENCE CASEY, *alias* William Moore, and has been an extensive operator. About two months since he picked the pocket of WM. HERRON, of Hackensack, N. J., of $115, and fled to Boston. The police drove him out, however, and he returned to this City, where he was arrested on a Bench warrant. He is in a fair way to do the State some service at Sing Sing.

DEATH FROM EXPOSURE.—An inquest was held Thursday by Coroner COLLIN, at the Nineteenth Precinct Station-house, upon the body of a female child, which was found on a vacant lot in Forty-sixth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, by two boys. Dr. ROBINSON made a *post-mortem* examination of the body, by which it appeared that the deceased came to its death from exposure. It was the opinion of the jury that the case was one of criminal negligence, and the verdict was so rendered.

SUICIDE BY LAUDANUM.—Mrs. ANNA EVERISS, aged 22 years, committed suicide Thursday at her residence, No. 13 Spring-street, by means of a dose of laudanum. The deceased had been drinking to excess for several weeks past, and when intoxicated a few days ago, she attempted to take her life, but did not succeed. Dr. BEACH made a *post-mortem* examination of the body, and found a quantity of laudanum in the stomach. A verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A SON OF EX-GOVERNOR PINCKNEY.—Yesterday afternoon, a son of BENJAMIN PINCKNEY, the well-known Ex-Governor of the Almshouse, of this City, was run over by one of the wagons of the Messrs. LORILLARD, on the corner of Park-avenue and Thirty-sixth-street. The boy lived about half an hour afterward. Coroner RANNEY was notified and will hold an inquest upon the body. The driver was arrested and will be held to await the result.

ANOTHER BOY KILLED BY BEING RUN OVER.—A boy named THOMAS TALBOT, residing at No. 260 East Eighteenth-street, was accidentally run over in First-avenue, near Seventeeth-street, yesterday afternoon, by one of SECOR's large trucks, and almost instantly killed. The truck was loaded with iron plates for the frigate *Roanoke*. No blame is attached to the driver, for the reason that the boy was attempting to steal a ride at the time of the accident. Coroner WILDEY will hold an inquest upon the body this morning.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN BROOME-STREET.—A little girl named LEDICIA MCNAMEE was run over in Broome-street Thursday afternoon by two carts, driven by JOHN LAWLER and JOHN SHERIDAN. The child was instantly killed. The full particulars of the accident have not yet been furnished, but the drivers of the carts have been arrested by the Eleventh Ward Police, and are detained at the Station-house to await the investigation by the Coroner.

ARREST OF THE ALLEGED PRINCIPAL IN THE ELEVENTH WARD HOMICIDE.—MICHAEL MORAN, the supposed principal in the murder of PETER GIBB, in the Eleventh Ward, on Sunday last, was arrested yesterday in Nassau-street, upon a warrant in the hands of Officer SHANGLE, of the Eleventh Precinct. The accused was taken before City Judge MCCUNN, and held to bail in the sum of $5,000 to await the action of the Grand Jury.

HANGED HIMSELF.—A German peddler, named LOUIS DOFF, aged 48 years, residing at No. 223 Seventh-street, was found dead in his bedroom Thursday afternoon. The deceased had suspended himself by the neck, from a hook in the ceiling. The motive which he assigned for the commission of the act was that he "had been overtaken by a series of adverse circumstances."

A 'LONGSHOREMAN DROWNED.—JOHN PENDAR, a 'longshoreman, aged 35 years, was found drowned, Thursday, at pier No. 1, East River. Coroner COLLIN held an inquest upon the body. Deceased resided at No. 3 Washington-street, where he has left a wife and four children.

DEATH FROM A FALLING WALL.—Coroner NAUMANN held an inquest, Thursday, upon the body of JAMES RILEY, a native of Ireland, aged 53 years, who died from injuries received by a wall falling upon him while at work on buildings Nos. 86 and 88 East Eleventh-street, on Wednesday last. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

FIRE IN A HOOP SKIRT MANUFACTORY.—About 2 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire occurred in the hoop skirt manufactory of BLOOM & ROSENTHAL, No. 1 Sixth-avenue, which resulted in a loss of about $1,000. The parties are fully insured in the Columbia Insurance Company. The origin of the fire is at present unknown.

THE TENTH ANNIVERSARY of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association will be held on Sabbath evening, at the Madison-avenue Baptist Church, corner of Thirty-first-street. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Dr. HAGUE and other eminent clergy.

EXCISE COMMISSIONERS.—At a meeting of the Board of Excise Commissioners, Thursday, sixteen licenses were granted, at $30 each.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE DEATH OF COL. JAMES H. PERRY.—The sudden announcement yesterday, of the death of Col. JAMES H. PERRY, of the Forty-eighth (Brooklyn) Regiment, who died at Fort Pulaski on the 18th inst. of apoplexy, caused a gloom to hang over the whole people, such as has not been felt before since the war began. The deceased was not only an accomplished officer, but he was a Christain gentleman and a patriot in the broadest sense. Having for many years, as a minister of the Gospel, occupied the pulpits of several of the most prominent churches of the Methodist persuasion, in this city, he had endeared himself to a very large circle of friends who now deeply feel his loss. When the slaveholders first sounded the tocsin of war, Col. PERRY was among the first to offer his services to the Government. He was at that time pastor of the Pacific-street Methodist Episcopal Church, and in announcing the determination he had arrived at to his congregation, he feelingly said that he owed his services to the country, for "I received my education from her, and I owe her all my education will enable me to do." He received authority to enlist a regiment, and raised the "Continental Guard," or Forty-eighth Regiment New-York Volunteers, and proceeded to the seat of war on the 17th of September last. His command was at the taking of Port Royal, took an active part in the battle on Daufuskie Island, and rendered important service in the preliminary arrangements made to reduce Fort Pulaski. Col. PERRY was about fifty-two years old at the time of his death, having been born in Ulster County, New-York, in 1811. He graduated at West Point in 1836 with high honors, and there being no active service for him, he resigned his position in the army soon after. About this time, the young Republic of Texas needed military assistance, and Col. PERRY accepted a position under Gen. HOUSTON—then at the zenith of his glory. Under that distinguished man, he acted as aid at the bloody battle of San Jacinto, and participated in many of the subsequent struggles of the Texans in establishing their independence. The object for which he entered the service of the "Lone Star State" having been accomplished—its independence—he resigned the commission he held and wended his way northward. We next hear of him preparing for the ministry, and soon afterward he was ordained as a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church. His first charge was at Newfield, Conn.; and after that he was stationed at Madison, Conn.; Millburn, N. Y.; Sag Harbor, N. Y.; Bridgeport and Southport, Conn.; Mariner's Church, Cherry-street, New-York; Carleton-avenue Church, Brooklyn; Fleet-street Church, Waterbury, Conn.; Hansom-place, Brooklyn, and lastly the Pacific-street Church, Brooklyn. Seven years of his ministerial life were passed in this City. Two sons of deceased early gave their services to their country. One perished at Bull Run, and the other is now an officer in the Forty-eighth Regiment. Col. PERRY was a man of fine presence and not only deserved but commanded respect. The members of his own regiment almost idolized him and yet he was one of the strictest disciplinarians in the whole army. His remains will be brought to this city for interment at an early day. As soon as his death was announced yesterday, the flags throughout the city were lowered to half-mast in token of the loss the public has sustained in his death. Col. PERRY's family reside at No. 281 Dean-street, this city.

SNEAK THIEVES.—All the extensive operations in the thieving line seem to have taken their departure from the "hemisphere of Brooklyn," and taken up their abode at Washington, or at the seat of war, leaving behind only the mean, petty rascals who rob the unoccupied homes of patriotic Congressmen, steal chickens from small heneries, pennies from grocery stores, and small silverware from the dinner table, while Bridget answers the call of a confederate at the front door The city is full of the latter class, and their operations, if not extensive as regards the valuables they obtain at any one place, are nevertheless exceedingly annoying. The number of these petty offences reported to the Police every day will average a baker's dozen, and the number of robberies where the unfortunates pocket their loss without saying anything about it to the authorities, "because there is no use in it," is undoubtedly much larger than people generally suppose. Four cases were reported yesterday in two districts. The victims were HAMACK & BROS., grocers, corner of Fulton and Clermont avenues, who lost $3, all in pennies; E. H. HEMPSTEAD, No. 242 Adelphi-street, had a canary-bird and cage stolen; Mr. WILSON, corner of De Kalb and Lafayette avenues, had 17 chickens stolen from his coop; WM. SMITH, No. 253 South First-street, lost $30 worth of silverware. Until house-keepers take a little of the law into their own hands, there is no hope of eradicating the petty thieves. The Police force is not equal to the occasion. A pair of smart sneak thieves could rob a whole block while a policeman is making one round on his beat; and some of the beats are so large that the thieves would have time to cross to New-York and dispose of their plunder before a policeman could be notified.

PRESENTATIONS.—The Board of Directors of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of New-York have prepared a series of complimentary resolutions, as a token of their regard for the memory of their late President, now deceased—T. B. SATTERTHWAITE—which will be presented to the family at an early day. GILBERT L. HAIGHT, Esq., late Commodore of the Brooklyn Yacht Club, was on Wednesday evening, at the residence of Prof. RAYMOND, presented with a counterfeit presentment of himself by the members of the Yacht Club, as a token of their respect and esteem. On the same evening also, the Board of Managers of the Eastern District Fire Department presented to HENRY WARD BEECHER a set of resolutions acknowledging the services of Mr. BEECHER at the presentation of the Department banner at Lee-avenue Church a short time ago, when he demanded $100 in payment for his lecture and immediately handed it over as a contribution to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Department. These testimonials were each embellished by the facile pen of Mr. JAMES F. LOOMAS.

POLITICAL.—The two Democratic Clubs of this City—one representing the fag end of Breckinridgeism, and the other some other portion of the "great" Democratic Party—both held meetings at their respective headquarters, on Wednesday evening. At the first, T. E. TOMLINSON, Tenth Ward Douglas, and F. B. CONKLING, made mournful speeches, and, as misery loves company, the proceedings were exceedingly harmonious, particularly after the adoption of a series of resolutions mainly expressing the opinion of the Committee that the Democratic Party is yet a great institution, and bound, at some future day (not specified) to have the distribution of the loaves and fishes, provided that its various parts can be again united. The other organization had a nice family quarrel, which came near ending in a general row; but this unpleasant sequel was avoided by the interposition of several double-fisted persuaders, who were, fortunately, in excellent humor, and not anxious for a fight.

DEATH OF ANOTHER PATRIOT.—Capt. DANIEL R. SULLIVAN, of the First Long Island Regiment, died yesterday at No. 17 Hicks-street. The deceased had his left arm shattered above the elbow, and received a gunshot wound in his right thigh at the battle of Fair Oaks, Saturday, May 31, and laid on the field until the following day, when the rebels were driven back and he was rescued. The rebels robbed him of sword, sash, pistols and eighty dollars, and he was but too thankful that they did not kill him. With other wounded soldiers he was brought to this City a few weeks ago, and under the care of Dr. L. C. MCPHAIL he was rapidly recovering from his wounds, when typhoid fever set in, and he being much reduced, resulted in death. The deceased was about 28 years old; a true-hearted patriot and devoted friend. The funeral will take place on Sunday next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL PIC-NIC.—The large Sabbath-school connected with Rev. Mr. BARTLETT's Church in Elm-place, held their annual pic nic yesterday, in the new and fashionable retreat called "Morris Groves," near Jamaica. Nearly a thousand persons, comprising the children of the Sabbath-school and a large portion of the adult members and attendants of the Church joined in the festivities. Ten of the large and elegant pic-nic cars lately built by the Brooklyn Central and Jamaica Railroad Company, were filled with passengers, and as they passed through Atlantic-street, accompanied by a band of music, attracted great attention. The Pastor of the Church, Rev. Mr. BARTLETT, accompanied the excursion, and addressed the Sunday-school children at the Grove in his usual happy manner.

BASE BALL.—The Committee appointed to select eighteen base ball players to play four grand matches next week with the Philadelphians, have named the following well-known players: Chapman, Crane, Joe Oliver, R. Pierce, C. Smith, A. Ticknor, M. O'Brien, and G. P. Phelps, from the Atlantic; Simonson, Massey, and Pike, from the Exercise; Meigs, Leland, Snediker, and W. Cornwell, from the Enterprise; Waddle, Mudge, and Jerome, from the Star. Substitutes—Skatts, from the Star; Brayton and Smith, from the Atlantics.

SPINOLA'S EMPIRE BRIGADE.—A meeting of prominent citizens was held at No. 341 Fulton-street, yesterday, to take some steps to forward the interests of the Empire Brigade. Mr. SPINOLA stated that his propects were excellent, and he doubted not that he could raise a full Division in a very short space of time. He has already between 300 and 400 men enrolled, but to facilitate matters he wanted money. A Committee of prominent citizens was appointed to raise all the money that may be required.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—On Thursday, a little girl, three years of age, was crushed to death under a plow, at Laurel Hill. Her father, JOHN MCLAUGHLIN was plowing in the field, and left the team for a few minutes, when the horses started, and the child got in front of the plow, and was crushed before assistance could reach her.

ANOTHER TRAP.—The body of an unknown woman was taken out of the pond at the corner of Moore and South streets, E. D., yesterday, where she had undoubtedly fallen while intoxicated.

NEW-JERSEY.

SUICIDE IN THE JERSEY CITY PRISON.—On Wednesday evening, a man giving his name as JOHN DAVIS, and stating he was born in England, and was 35 years of age, applied at the Police station in Jersey City for lodging. It being evident from his strange manner that he was insane, or suffering from the *delirium tremens*, it was thought best to lock him up, and he was therefore placed in a cell. At 1 o'clock yesterday morning, a groan attracted the attention of Chief REILY, when, upon going to the cell, he found the man in the last agonies of death, and lying in a pool of blood, he having committed suicide by severing the arteries of his left arm. The weapon used to commit the fatal deed was the blade of a shoemaker's knife, which the man had managed to secrete about his person, so as to escape detection when searched before being placed in his cell. Coroner GAFFNEY held an inquest upon the body. A verdict was rendered in accordance with the above facts. The deceased was a stranger in Jersey City, and nothing was found upon his person by which any information could be derived concerning him.

BURGLARY.—The residence of HENRY DICKERSON, corner of Erie and South Eighth streets, Jersey City, was entered by burglars at an early hour on Thursday morning, and a considerable quantity of wearing apparel stolen.

LAW REPORTS.

An Interesting Question as to the Ownership of Bank Stock.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.
Before Justice Bosworth.

John Purchase vs. The New-York Exchange Bank.—This action was brought to recover damages for a refusal on the part of the defendant to transfer to the plaintiff on the books of the bank, five shares of its stock, which the plaintiff claimed to have obtained from one Erastus Wheaton on the 28th of January, 1856. The demand of transfer was made on the 23d of January, 1857. The defence was, that during the intervening year, and prior to the alleged demand, a judgment had been recovered by a third party against the said Wheaton, and proceedings supplementary to execution had been taken pursuant thereto; that a receiver of Wheaton's property had been appointed by the Court, and the said stock sold and the proceeds applied toward the satisfaction of the said judgment; and further, that the stock then stood in Wheaton's name, on the books of the Bank, and its officers had no notice prior to the said demand, of any ownership or interest therein on the part of the plaintiff.

In reply to this the plaintiff attempted to show that some time previous to the said supplementary proceedings, to wit, in June, 1856, Wheaton, in a casual conversation with the President of the Bank, mentioned that his stock had been sold to the plaintiff. This statement the President denied. Upon a conflict of testimony and considerable discussion as to the legal bearing of it, the Court instructed the jury that supposing it to be true for the purposes of this case, that Wheaton informed the President in June, 1856, that he had sold the stock in question to the plaintiff, it was for the jury further to determine whether the President remembered this fact at the time of the proceedings supplementary to execution against Wheaton, and if the jury should find that he did not remember it then the Bank must be protected, and as a matter of law was entitled to their verdict. The jury rendered a verdict for the defendant.

William Fullerton and George Stevenson for plaintiff; A. S. Van Duzer for defendant.

Legal Notice.

SUPERIOR COURT—CHAMBERS.

On and after Monday, June 30, 1862, the Chambers (Part First) will be held in Room No. 11, brownstone building. Court will open at 10 o'clock A. M.

Surrogate's Court.

Admitted to Probate.—The wills of Alfred Westerberg, John C. Stone and Peter Denning were now admitted to probate by the Surrogate, neither of them containing any provisions of interest to the public.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.
Before Justice Barnard.

Union Mutual Insurance Co. vs. Trow et al; Ordonaux vs. Sloper et al.—Judgments of foreclosure and sale ordered. Referee appointed to sell.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.
Before Justice Monell.

Loeschigh vs. Baldwin.—Complaint dismissed.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....JUNE 27, 1862.

$5,000	U.S. 6s '81 Coup.	106⅝	35,000	American Gold..	109½
6,000	do s5	106⅝	63,000	do	109¾
9,500	do	106¾	15,000	do ....s30.	109
39,000	U. S. 6s '81 Ore'n War L'n ½ yea'y	105	178	Penn. Coal Co......	98
1,000	U. S. 5s '74 Coup.	96⅝	100	Pac. M. S. Co...s60.	116
11,000	Tr. 7 3-10 ℘ c.N.	105⅝	350	do ....s30.	116½
5,000	Ill. War Loan...	102⅝	41	do	117¼
20,000	do	102¾	100	do	117½
22,000	Tenn. St. 6s, '90..	58⅜	50	do	117
8,000	do	58½	100	Erie Railway....b30	37¼
3,000	Va. State 6s.....	56	225	do	37
15,000	Missouri State 6s.	51⅞	250	do b30	37
2,000	N. Y. Cent. 7s...	102	200	do s30	36⅞
5,000	N. Y. C. Bds. '76.	107	150	do	36⅞
5,000	E. R. 4th M. Bs..	90¼	1,000	N. Y. Cen. R.......	94⅛
20,000	do	90⅜	150	do	94
1,000	Hud. R. 1st M.Bs.	110	200	do b30	94½
5,000	M. C.8 ℘ c.B.old.	103⅜	100	do b30	94¼
10,000	do	103	500	do s10	94
3,000	M.C.8 ℘ c. 1st M. S'k F'd C'e Bds..	107⅛	50	do s15	94
5,000	Mich. So. 2d Mtg.	85⅜	50	Erie R. Pref......	64¼
1,000	M. S. S'g F'd Bs.	101	500	Reading R.........	60
1,000	C.&N.W.A.E'nB.	84	100	do s30	59⅝
1,000	C. & N. 1st Mtg..	70	50	Mich. Cen. R....s20	64
5,000	do	69½	115	do	64
3,000	G. & C. 1st Ex'd.	104	400	M. So. & N. In. R..	27¼
5,000	C.&N.W.A.bs.b20.	55½	100	M. S.&N.I.G.S b30.	62½
22,000	do	55	550	do	62⅝
10,000	C.&N.W.2d mtge	34¾	170	Ill. C. R. Scrip....	62¾
5,000	do b30	35	50	do b30	62¾
5,000	do b30	34¾	175	do	62⅝
15,000	do b30	34½	1895	Cleve. & Pitts. R..	24
2,000	do	34¼	600	do b30	24¼
6,000	T. & W. 1st mtge.	93	100	do b60	24½
5,000	T. & W. 2d mtge.	68⅞	19	Cleve., C. & Cin. R.	126½
10,000	do	68½	225	Gal. & Chicago R..	72
1,000	Cle. & To. S.F.B.	99	50	do b30	72½
5,000	do	98¾	50	do b10	72
2,000	P.Ft.W.&C.1stm.	96	500	Cleve. & Toledo R.	48¼
12,000	P.Ft.W.&C.2dm.	82	400	do s30	48¾
2,000	P.Ft.W.&C.3dm.	55	200	do b30	49
6,000	Clv. & Pits. 4th m.	68½	200	do b30	48⅞
5	Bank of State N. Y.	94	200	do	48⅞
80	Chatham Bank......	86	150	Chi. & Rk. Island R	68⅝
78	Tol. & Wabash R..	21½	350	do	69
			53	Del., L. & W. R....	100½

SECOND BOARD.

$15,000	U.S. 6s,'81..Reg.	102⅞	50	Michigan Cen. R....	64
4,000	Cal. State 7s	97	100	do b30	64
5,000	E. R. 1st Mort.Bs.	106¾	300	Mich. S. & N. I. R..	27¼
10,000	C.&N.W.Ass. Bs.	54	150	M.So.& N. I.G.S.b30	62⅜
1,000	do	53⅞	50	do b60	62½
3,000	Chi.& N. W. 1stM,	89	150	do	62⅜
15,000	C.&N.W.2dM.b30	34	150	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip...	62⅜
10,000	do	34	60	Cleve., Col. & C. R.	126⅜
4,000	P. F.W.& C.1stM.	96	100	Cleve. & Pitts. R...	24
5,000	P.F.W.&C. 2d M.	81¾	200	do b30	24
3,000	Tol. & Wab.1stM.	93	250	do b60	24¼
4,000	Tol.& Wab. 2d M.	68¾	100	do	23⅞
5,000	Hud.R.2d S.F.B.	102⅜	350	Galena & Chic. R...	72
5,000	Mich. So. 2d M...	85¾	600	Clev. & Tol. R.....	48⅝
50,000	American Gold...	109⅝	100	do s10	48⅞
30,000	do s30	109	250	do	49
10	Pac. Mail Stm. Co.	116¾	150	Chic. & R. I. R.....	69
150	do b10	116¾	20	do	69¼
100	N. Y. Central R.....	93⅞	200	Little Miami R.....	106
600	Erie Railway........	36⅞	300	Mil. & P. Du Ch. R.	35¼
100	do s10	36½	100	do b60	35½
50	Erie R. Pref.....b10	64¼	50	Chi. Bur.& Q. R.s60	78
700	do	64⅜	100	do	78¾
150	Hudson River R....	47			

FRIDAY, June 27—P. M.

The excitement in the Gold and Exchange markets appeared to culminate to-day at 110 ℘ cent. for Gold and 121 ℘ cent. for Bills on London. At 110 ℘ cent. for Gold, a single line of $400,000 was sold in large pieces, by a leading Bullion firm, while the market on the Street, for ordinary lots, was 109½@109¾ ℘ cent. The demand for Bills on London was to a fair amount, at the extreme rate of 121 ℘ cent. The inquiry at 120@120½ ℘ cent. was quite free, and all the good Merchant signatures at or within this quotation were taken up. The shipments of Gold by the steamers to-morrow will be over two millions. It is understood that a considerable amount of American Government and Railway Bonds received by the last steamer, for sale in this market, will be remitted for by the earliest opportunity. These Stocks are heartily welcomed home, under present circumstances, especially as the Gold remitted in return is of no other present practical use in this country, and the liberal premium paid upon it is so much deducted from the net cost of the Securities returned. The sentiment is also freely expressed that English holders of American Stocks having embraced the present occasion to sell out their adventures on this side, they will hereafter do us a great kindness to leave our Stocks alone. The half-yearly saving to the country, in the way of interest, to be paid in Gold to Europe, will be no inconsiderable item in our trade balances.

The price of Money, to-day, is 6 ℘ cent. among most of the Stock Brokers, and 5 ℘ cent. on select collateral, such as United States Stocks, United States Custom-house Notes, New-York State Stocks, &c.

The course of the Stock Exchange is generally steady, to-day, although the feeling early in the day on the Charleston War news was somewhat adverse to an advance in prices. The The Government Securities opened at a rise of ⅛ ℘ cent. on the 6 ℘ cents. of 1881, and at 96⅛ ℘ cent. on United States 5 ℘ cents. of 1874. The Railway Mortgages were also generally firmer than yesterday, and the Railroad Share list steady on the New-York, and firm on the Western lines. The amount of business at the early Board was to a liberal amount on the Railway Bonds, and fair on the Share list. On the latter there was a further rise of 1@2 ℘ cent. on Panama, and ½ ℘ cent. on Pacific Mail. The Panama quarterly dividend of 4 ℘ cent. is now officially announced, and an advance to 6 ℘ cent. for the future quarterly dividends of the Pacific Mail is freely spoken of on the Street. Among the Western Roads the speculation grows stronger in Chicago and Rock Island, Cleveland and Pittsburgh, and Cleveland and Toledo; and on other descriptions the market is firm. The returns of traffic in June and the news about grain and flour from the other side, have imparted more animation to the speculative movement in all these Stocks.

At the Second Board and later in the afternoon the market was generally steady, and on the Western Railway Shares decidedly firm. In reference to these the advices from abroad on Breadstuffs and the current increase in traffic have enhanced the disposition to speculate for the rise. The same influence has added to the demand for the mortgages of the Western Roads:

N. Y. Central.......	94¾	Illinois Central.....	62½
Erie.......	37	Pacific.......	116½
Erie Preferred.....	65	Panama....139 ex. div.	
Rock Island.......	69¾	U. S. 6s, 1881.....	106¾
Toledo.......	49½	U. S. Notes, Cus. H..	104⅜
Mich. Southern.......	27¾	Tennessees.......	58⅜
Mich. Guaranteed....	62½	Missouris.......	51⅜
Mich. Central.......	64½	Gold.......	109⅜

The following are the bids made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

Manhattan...........	123	Citizens'...........	96
Merchants'..........	99¾	People's...........	95
Mechanics'..........	104	Market.............	98
Union...............	102	Nassau.............	97
City................	115	Shoe & Leather.....	102
Greenwich...........	131	Corn Exchange......	103
Seventh Ward........	128	St. Nicholas.......	90
State of New-York...	94	Marine.............	110
Commerce, ex. div...	97	Commonwealth.......	93½
Pacific.............	120	Atlantic...........	66
Chatham.............	86	New-York County....	100
Bank of N. America..	102	Imp. & Traders'....	102
Hanover.............	85	Park...............	112¾
Metropolitan........	107	Man. & Merchants'..	90

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Central 6s......	100	L. C. & Mil. L. G. Bds.	24½
N. Y. Cen. 6s, real est.	97	Ch. & N. W. firsts.....	69
New-York Cen. 6s, sub.	97½	Chi. & N. W. firsts,ass'd	54
New-York Cen. 7s, '64.	101¾	Ch. & N. W. seconds....	34
N.Y. Cen. 7s. '76......	[illegible]	Ch. & N. W. int. bs....	82½
Erie firsts, '68.......	106¾	Lack. & W. Bonds.......	103
Erie seconds, '64......	103	Del., Lack. & W. firsts	106
Erie seconds, '79......	105	Tol. & Wabash firsts...	93
Erie thirds, '83.......	97½	Tol. & Wabash seconds..	88½
Erie fourths, '80......	90¾	Mill.&Pr.Du.Ch'n firsts	98
Hudson firsts, '69.....	110	Gal. & Chicago firsts..	104
Hudson seconds, s.f. '85.	102¾	Gal.&Chic. firsts Ext'd.	104
Hudson thirds, '75.....	93¾	Gal. & Chic. seconds...	100
Hudson convert., '67...	89	Chi. & R. I. firsts....	104
Harlem firsts, '69-'73.	104¾	Clev. & Tol. s. f......	98¾
Reading Bonds..........	89	New-Jersey Cen. firsts.	110
Mich. Cen. 8 ℘ c '69-'72.	103	N. J. Central seconds..	103
Mich. Cen. n.f.8 ℘ c.'82.	107¾	Pitts.Ft.W.& Chi. firsts	96
Mich. So 7 ℘ c.seconds.	85¾	Pitts.Ft.W.& Chi. 2nds.	81¾
N. Ind. Goshen Line....	100	Pitts.Ft.W.& Chi. 3ds..	55
Mich. So. & N.Ia.s. f..	101	Clev. & Pitts. thirds..	80
Ill. Cen. 7 ℘ c. '75..	95½	Clev. & Pitts. fourths..	68½
T.H.&Alton 2ds,8 ℘ c.'70	88		

The present impression is that the New Tariff Bill, reported to the House of Representatives, will pass both Houses, without material alteration to take effect on the 1st August, the same date as the Internal Tax Bill. The Bill will be made to apply to all Foreign Goods in Bond; to all on ship-board in port, and all on ship-board *in transitu* at that date. The Bill will be a popular measure with the country. Most of our American merchants will welcome the imposition of higher duties upon Foreign Goods, especially of British manufacture. The last political news from the other side has rather intensified the spirit of financial and manufacturing independence. The Importers among us, of Foreign birth and English sympathies are, of course, much disgusted at the idea of a still higher tariff than the Bills of 1861, and complaint is made that the new measure will be inflexibly applied to all Foreign Merchandise not actually marketed on the 1st of August. But under existing circumstances, *their* interests will in no sense be consulted by Congress. There is over $10,000,000 of Goods in Bond in this City, subject to existing duties; nearly the whole of which will of course be withdrawn for consumption or reëxportation in all the month of July. The Custom Duties in that month from present appearances will not fall much short of $10,000,000, as in addition to the large withdrawals from Bond, all the new entries will pass directly into consumption.

The receipts of the Toledo and Wabash Railroad, for the third week in June, were:

	1861.	1862.
Passengers........	$3,439 65	$4,037 32
Freight...........	12,914 22	23,777 62
Total............	$16,353 87	$27,814 94
Increase.........		11,461 07

The receipts of the Panama Railroad for June were:

1862..............	$155,158
1861..............	112,000
Increase..........	$43,158

The earnings of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad for the third week in June were:

1862..............	$40,140
1861..............	19,865
Increase..........	$20,275

The earnings of the Michigan Central Railroad for the third week in June were:

1862..............	$43,105 90
1861..............	31,464 70
Increase..........	$11,641 20

The People's Bank and the Inporters' and Traders' Bank have declared a semi-annual dividend of three and one-half ℘ cent., payable July 1.

The Park Fire Insurance Company has declared a dividend of five ℘ cent., payable July 1.

The Panama Railroad Company has declared a quarterly dividend of three ℘ cent., out of the earnings of the road, and one ℘ cent. additional from the earnings of steamers, &c., payable July 5.

The New-York, Providence and Boston (Stonington) Railroad Company, a semi-annual dividend of three and a half ℘ cent., payable on demand, at the office of MATTHEW MORGAN & SON, No. 37 William-street.

The following is a comparative statement of the Imports of Foreign Dry Goods at New-York for the week ending June 26, and since Jan. 1:

For the Week.	1860.	1861.	1862.
Entered at the port....	$929,908	$227,719	$1,176,699
Thrown on market....	892,137	207,371	1,350,229
Since Jan. 1.			
Entered at the port...	$48,521,201	$29,814,455	$23,562,021
Thrown on market....	48,539,877	28,253,000	27,125,011

The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Mf.of Wool	1,334	$462,948	148	$41,983	224	$94,444
Mf. of Cot'n	808	138,751	107	24,729	656	86,793
Mf. of Silk	380	312,096	20	21,134	142	35,768
Mf. of Flax	559	106,012	50	11,444	217	53,790
Miscellan's	155	55,459	2	1,553	351	3,568
Total	3,176	$1,075,866	325	$100,833	1,589	$274,363
		100,833				1,075,866
Total entered...		$1,176,699	Total marketed...			$1,350,229

The earnings of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad for the third week of June were:

1862..............	$26,634 03
1861..............	19,162 18
Gain..............	$7,471 85

The day's business at the Office of the Assistant-Treasurer was as follows: Receipts, $1,005,402 85, including $237,000 for customs: payments, $1,581,636 74; balance, $14,451,891 11.

The Importers' and Traders' Bank has declared a half-yearly dividend of 3½ ℘ cent., payable 30th inst.; and the Grocers' Bank the same rate of half-yearly dividend, payable July 1. The Mechanics' Bank of Brooklyn a half-yearly dividend of 6 ℘ cent., payable July 1.

The Statements of the Banks of the three principal Cities of the Union, interested in the negotiations of United States Stocks, for the last week compare with the previous one, and the corresponding time of 1861, as follows:

	Loans.	Deposits.	Specie.	Circulation.
New-York, June 21.	$148,839,769	$141,664,473	$31,047,345	$9,848,185
Boston, June 23....	63,066,263	25,994,720	7,850,554	6,182,118
Phila., June 23....	31,554,655	24,143,414	5,609,998	4,084,190
Total..............	$242,450,679	[illegible]	$44,508,225	[illegible]
Last week..........	238,738,345	176,067,480	44,687,450	18,947,067
Last year..........	196,080,043	121,382,231	51,847,741	16,914,106

The Citizens' Gas Company of Brooklyn (new) have declared a half-yearly dividend of 3 ℘ cent., payable on 15th July.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, June 27, 1862—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of produce, since our last, have been: 94 bbls. Ashes, 21,263 bbls. Flour, 250 bbls. and 770 bags Corn Meal, 124,132 bush. Wheat, 78,830 bushels Corn, 4,350 bush. Rye, 14,322 bush. Oats, 750 bush. Malt, 4,421 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,540 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales, to-day, 60 bbls., at $5 81¼ for Pots, and $6 for Pearls, ℘ 100 ℔s.

CHEMICALS—Continue in active request at rising prices. 2,000 kegs Bi. Carb. Soda were sold at 5c.@5¼c., cash; and 1,000 bags Nitrate Soda, to arrive, on private terms.

COPPER—Refined Ingot is in good demand at 22¾c.@23¾c., cash, ℘ ℔. Sales 175,000 ℔s.

COTTON—Is in request, and Middling is now quoted up to 37¼c.@38c. ℘ ℔. Sales 750 bales.

FIRE CRACKERS—Sales 1,800 boxes Canton, No. 1, part at $1 60 ℘ box.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Are in fair request at buoyant prices.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less active, as export buyers have been reluctant to pay an additional advance of 5c.@10c. ℘ bbl., claimed by holders of shipping brands. The inquiry for trade brands is moderate at uniform rates. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 25,450 bbls., including Superfine State, at $4 35@$4 50; inferior to choice extra State, at $4 75@$4 95, chiefly at $4 75@$4 80; Superfine Western, inferior to choice at $4 30@$4 45; extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois, at $4 70@$5 70; extra Indiana and Michigan, at $4 75@$5 80; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 10@$5 20, chiefly $5 10@$5 15 ℘ bbl.

Superfine State.....................	$4 35	@ $4 50
Extra State.........................	4 75	@ 4 95
Superfine Western...................	4 30	@ 4 45
Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois..	4 70	@ 5 70
Extra Indiana and Michigan..........	4 75	@ 5 80
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping brds	5 10	@ 5 20
Extra Ohio, trade brands............	5 25	@ 6 25
Extra Genesee.......................	5 60	@ 6 85
Interior to Choice Extra Missouri...	4 85	@ 6 85

Southern Flour continues in good request at buoyant rates; sales 2,400 bbls. at $5 15@$5 85 for poor to good superfine Baltimore, &c., and $5 90@$6 75 for fancy to choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is in fair demand and is advancing; sales 2,000 bbls. extra at $4 75@$6 25 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour continues in moderate demand at $2 75@$4 for fine and superfine, ℘ bbl. Corn Meal is inquired for at $2 85 for Jersey, $3 for Marsh's Caloric and Fairfax, and $3@$3 05 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Sales 300 bbls.

FRUIT—The demand has been moderate for all kinds, including Layer Raisins at $3 30@$3 32½, and Bunch do., at $3 10@$3 12½ ℘ box.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in very good demand for export at a further rise in prices of 1c.@2c. ℘ bushel. The reported sales, since our last, comprise 248,000 bushels, part to arrive, including Canada Club at $1 08@$1 10; White Western, part at $1 26; Amber Western at $1 23@$1 25; Red Western, (Winter,) at $1 16@$1 22; Amber Iowa and Wisconsin, at $1 12@$1 13½, and some lots reported at even higher figures; Milwaukee Club, poor to prime, at $1 03@$1 12; Chicago Spring, at $1@$1 10, and choice White Kentucky on private terms ℘ bushel. Corn is in pretty active demand, at an advance of 1c. ℘ bushel. Sales 183,000 bushels, (part to arrive,) at 54c.@55c., for old Mixed Western; 50c.@52½c. for new do.; 44c.@49c. for unsound new and old do.; 56½c.@58c. for Yellow Western; 58c.@60c. for White Western, and 68c.@70c. for White Southern, ℘ bushel. Rye continues in demand, at 70c.@76c. ℘ bushel. Sales, 5,300 bushels. Barley is dull and nominal. Oats are selling less freely, including Canada, at 43c.@44c.; Western, at 42½c.@44c., and State at 44c.@45c. ℘ bushel.

Breadstuff Trade of Chicago, week ending June 23, 1862.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls..............	48,805	56,134
Wheat, bush..............	446,098	309,327
Corn, bush...............	1,364,736	1,341,781
Oats, bush...............	56,985	94,375
Rye, bush................	13,743	14,878
Barley, bush.............	5,839	2,075

Receipts of Breadstuffs at Chicago, Jan. 1 to June 23.

	1862.	1861.	1860.
Flour, bbls.........	678,868	562,832	216,834
Wheat, bush.........	4,252,464	4,633,680	1,734,105
Corn, bush..........	8,734,974	8,031,017	7,808,433
Oats, bush..........	875,543	467,287	559,235
Rye, bush...........	421,369	194,754	61,533
Barley, bush........	416,540	300,953	189,816

Stock of Breadstuffs in store at Chicago.

	June 23, 1862.	June 16, 1862.	June 23, 1861.
Flour, bbls.........	56,725	56,187	30,156
Wheat, bush.........	1,286,906	1,168,664	513,382
Corn, bush..........	2,720,440	2,688,464	2,220,516

The Buffalo *Courier*, of the 26th, says: "Under the influence of the favorable foreign news, the market for breadstuffs here for the past two days has been extraordinarily active. On Tuesday and Wednesday the enormous aggregate of 719,570 bushels of grain, mostly Wheat and Corn, changed hands on the Buffalo docks. The eastward movement of grain continues unprecedentedly large. The canal exports for the week were 1,661,310 bushels of grain, and 25,072 barrels of flour. In the fifty-six days ending yesterday, during which the canal has been open, there have been shipped from Buffalo 12,265,742 bushels of grain, and 137,502 bbls. of Flour. This is equal to an aggregate of nearly *thirteen millions of bushels* since the opening, of which about seven millions were wheat, and nearly five millions corn. At this port alone the receipts for tolls up to and including June 21, were $722,200 22, an increase of $292,401 73 over the same period last year."

HAY—North River Bale continues active and firm at 55c.@70c. ℘ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—Are salable and steady, including last year's crop, at 15c.@20c. ℘ ℔.

HEMP—Manilla is in demand at 7c. ℘ ℔. Other kinds are inactive.

IRON—Is rather quiet, owing mainly to the firmness of holders.

LATHS—Eastern are selling, in lots, at $1 20 ℘ thousand.

LEAD—The demand is mainly for Foreign Pig at $6 62½@$6 75 ℘ 100 ℔s.

MOLASSES—Sales, 117 hhds., including Porto Rico, at 35c.@36c., and Cuba Muscovado at 26c.@27½c., also, 50 hhds. Porto Rico, by auction, at 34¾c.@35½c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—The principal sales here to-day were 140 bbls. Resin at $9 for common, and $10 25 for strained, ℘ 310 ℔s., and 125 bbls. Spirits Turpentine at $1 35@$1 40 ℘ gallon, the latter indicating a further improvement. In Boston, yesterday, the Government auction sale resulted in the disposal of 870 bbls. Sprits Turpentine at $1 18¾@$1 24½ ℘ gallon; 1,800 bbls. Resin at $9@$13 25 for common to white; 152 bbls. Pitch at $6 25@$7 25, and 236 bbls. Tar $6 50@$10 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Linseed has advanced to 90c.@91c. ℘ gallon, with a fair inquiry. Other kinds exhibit no important changes.

PROVISIONS—Pork is in fair request, and is advancing gradually. Sales 1,400 bbls., in lots, at $11@$11 25 for Mess, and $8 75 for Prime, ℘ bbl. Cut Meats continue in request, at 4¼c.@5¼c. for Hams, and 3¾c.@4c. for Shoulders, ℘ ℔. Bacon is more sought after, at 5¼c.@6¼c. ℘ ℔. Lard is in demand, at steady rates; sales 1,800 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 7¾c.@8⅝c. ℘ ℔. Beef is quiet, at former prices; sales 220 bbls., at $12 50@$14 for extra Mess, and $11@$12 50 for plain Mess, ℘ bbl.; Prime Mess, $19@$20 ℘ tc.; Beef Hams, $15 50@$16 50 ℘ bbl. Butter is salable and firm, at 9c.@15c. tor poor to choice Western, and 10c.@17c. for poor to choice State, ℘ ℔. Cheese is in good demand, at 5c.@8c. ℘ ℔.

RICE—Sales to-day, 1,475 bags East India, at $4 75@$5 87½ ℘ 100 pounds.

SEED—Sales, 800 bags Bombay Linseed at $2 40c. ℘ bushel, leaving the market bare.

SPELTER—Has been in more demand at 5¾c.@6¼c. ℘ ℔, and is now held higher.

SPICES—Sales 250 bags Pepper at 16½c. ℘ ℔.

SUGARS—Have been purchased to-day to the extent of 1,200 Hhds., including Porto Rico, at 7¾c.@8¾c., Cuba at 6¾c.@7¾c., and New-Orleans at 6¾c.@8¼c.; also, 380 boxes Havana at 7c.@7¾c. ℘ ℔.

TEAS—A moderate trade demand prevails for desirable lots, chiefly of Blacks, at former prices.

TIN—Is more sought after, including Banca, at 31¾c.@32c., and Straits at 29c.@30¼c. ℘ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales, to-day, 70,000 ℔s., at 9c.@9¼c.

WHISKY—Sales, to-day, 500 bbls., at 27¾c.@28¼c., ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Moderate engagements were reported to-day at advancing rates. For Liverpool—Flour, 3s.@3s.1½d. ℘ bbl.; Wheat, in bulk and bags, 10½d.@11d.; Corn 9½d.@10d.; Beef, 5s. ℘ tc.; Pork, 4s. ℘ bbl.; Bacon and Lard, 30s., and by steamer, 50s.; Butter and Cheese, 32s. 6d., and by steamer, 60s.; Logwood, 31s. 3d.; Tallow, 25s.@27s. 6d.; Grease, 23s. 6d. ℘ ton. For Glasgow—Flour, 3s. 3d.@3s. 6d. ℘ bbl.; Grain, 10d.@11d. ℘ bush.; Pork, 4s. ℘ bbl.; Beef, 5s. ℘ tc.; Bacon and Lard, 30s.; Butter and Cheese, 35s.; Tallow, 27s. 6d.; ℘ ton. For London—Flour, 3s. 4½d.@3s. 6d. ℘ bbl.; Grain, 10d.@11d. ℘ bush.; Pork, 4s. 6d. ℘ bbl. Beef, 6s. ℘ tc.; Butter and Cheese, 32s. 6d.; Bacon and Lard, 30s.; Oil Cake, 30s.; Bone, 32s. 6d.; Tallow, 27s. 6d., ℘ ton. For Cork—a brig, with grain, in bulk, for orders, at 8s. 3d. ℘ quarter. For Belfast—a bark, with grain, in bulk, at 11d. ℘ 60 ℔s. For Havre—Wheat, 18c. ℘ bushel.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1862.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the TIMES Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau-streets.

The DAILY TIMES, published every morning and evening—price TWO CENTS; mailed at SIX DOLLARS a year; with Sunday edition, SEVEN DOLLARS a year.

The SEMI-WEEKLY, published Tuesdays and Fridays, THREE DOLLARS a year; two copies to one address for FIVE DOLLARS.

Any person who will send us a Club of FIVE subscribers may receive an extra copy for himself, or retain Two Dollars and a Half as his commission.

The WEEKLY, TWO DOLLARS a year; two copies THREE DOLLARS; five copies FIVE DOLLARS. Any person who will send us a Club of TEN subscribers at $1 each, shall receive an extra copy for himself, or may retain One Dollar as his compensation. The Semi-Weekly and Weekly sent to Clergymen at the lowest club rates. Specimen numbers forwarded on application.

TERMS—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Proprietors of the NEW-YORK TIMES, New-York City.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of Anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty for his good faith. We cannot undertake to return rejected Communications.

VOLUNTARY CORRESPONDENCE, containing important news, solicited from any quarter of the world; if used, will be liberally paid for.

Amusements this Evening.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—FANCHON; OR, THE CRICKET.

WALLACK'S—THRICE MARRIED—MY TWO FATHERS—THE RETURNED VOLUNTEER.

WINTER GARDEN—Afternoon and Evening—THE WIZARD'S TEMPEST.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—THE DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT—THE STAR OF THE DANCE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—No. 485 Broadway—MEDEA—OUT ON A SPREE.

NIXON'S CREMORNE GARDENS—6th-av. and 14th-st.—OPERA, BALLET AND PANTOMIME.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—COMMODORE NUTT, THE $30,000 NUTT—LIVING WHALE, &c., AT ALL HOURS—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES at 3 and 7¾ o'clock.

GEORGE CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS—HALL OF MINSTRELSY—No. 585 Broadway.

SCHAUS' GALLERY—No. 749 Broadway—"CINDERELLA" AND OTHER FINE PICTURES, from 9 A. M. to 6 P.M.

THE WONDERS OF THE WORLD—No. 563 Broadway.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Gen. FREMONT, it will be seen by an order from Secretary STANTON, has been relieved from his command of the First Army Corps of the Army of Virginia, at his own request. Gen. RUFUS KING is appointed to the command in his place.

We give, this morning, a detailed account, from one of our special correspondents, of the brilliant fighting on Wednesday, by which Gen. McCLELLAN gained a new position for his picket lines on the left. The first dispatches relating to the day's work, which have already appeared, give a very inadequate idea of its importance. This will be gathered from our correspondent's letter, which is accompanied with a list of casualties, so far as they could be obtained up to the latest moment.

By the steamship *Ericsson*, which arrived at this port yesterday, from Port Royal on the 23d inst., we receive our own accounts of the battle on James Island and the repulse of our troops. For a wonder, it appears that the accounts of the affair published in the rebel papers are mainly correct—indeed, they rather under-estimate our losses, which amount to 668 killed, wounded and missing. The New-York Seventy-ninth and the Michigan Eighth suffered severely—the latter bringing, but 250 men out of the engagement. The *Ericsson* also brings intelligence of the death of Col. PERRY, of the Forty-eighth New-York, at Fort Pulaski, on the 18th inst.

It is stated that there are four batteries at Vicksburgh, Miss., of thirteen guns each, three of which are out of range of the guns of our fleet. The *Star of the West* and the iron-clad steam ram *Arkansas* are also at that point.

A dispatch dated Memphis, June 23, states that the bridges are all repaired on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and trains will run through by way of Grand Junction to Columbus in a few days. The telegraph lines are up both to Corinth and Columbus, but no private dispatches are yet allowed to be sent. Gen. POPE'S entire command is encamped nine miles south of Corinth. The army stores are supplied by way of the Charleston Road, which strikes the river a few miles above Hamburgh. Gen. McDOWELL McCOOK is *en route* for Richmond with his Division.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, the President was requested, if not incompatible with the public interest, to transmit to the Senate the report of JOSEPH HOLT and ROBERT DALE OWEN on contracts. A bill to establish a National Foundry in the Hanging Rock iron and coal districts of Ohio, was referred to the Military Committee. The bill to prevent members of Congress, or any officers of the Government, from taking any consideration for procuring contracts, office or place, was passed. A report from the Conference Committee on the bill to reorganize the Navy Department, was agreed to. The Confiscation bill was then taken up, and debated until the adjournment.

In the House, the bill providing indemnity to Union citizens for losses sustained through the United States troops was debated until the expiration of the morning hour, but was not disposed of. The Tariff bill was considered in Committee of the Whole until the adjournment, all but two sections of the bill having been disposed of. A resolution was adopted to bring MICHAEL C. MURPHY, of New-York, before the Bar of the House for contempt in refusing to obey a subpœna in the case of BEN. WOOD.

GENERAL NEWS.

The *Hendrik Hudson* and *Isaac Newton*, of the People's Line of North River steamers, are said to have been chartered by Government.

Hon. NOAH H. SWAYNE, associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court, delivered an able charge to the Grand Jury of the Michigan District, at Detroit, on Wednesday last. He charged the Jury that no mere conspiracy or mob would be sufficient to establish the crime of treason, but it must be some open act of levying war. It has been held, said his Honor, that the clause in the Constitution in relation to giving aid and comfort to the enemy, applies only to a foreign enemy, but there can be no doubt that extending aid and comfort to those engaged in actual war against the United States would be treason under the Constitution; that while the statute provided for the trial of those suspected of treason in the district where the treason was committed, it was competent to try those aiding and comforting traitors in the district from which the aid was sent, but he cautioned the Jury that they must deliberate carefully these questions, as concerning the liberties of the people and the safety of the Government.

Judge CADWALADER has appointed the 11th of July for the sale of the prize steamer *Cambria*, which will take place at 12 o'clock on that day, at Queen-street wharf. There will, no doubt, be much competition for this vessel, as she is in good condition, and of a suitable size for the West India trade.

The Nashville *Union* states that 18 bales of cotton which had been purchased of rebels by Union men, and paid for, was burned in Giles County on the night of June 19.

This week is occupied with "presentation" exercises at Yale College. On Wednesday the Senior Class assembled in College Chapel, and its members and their friends listened to an oration by D. H. CHAMBERLAIN, of Worcester, Mass., and a poem by HENRY HOLT, of Baltimore, Md. The Seniors were then "presented" as candidates for the degree of A. B., and their course of study was closed. The afternoon was occupied with the customary exercises—music, songs, planting of the class ivy, &c., and in the evening the Freshmen had their pow-wow celebrating their transmutation into Sophomores. The Valedictorian in the class of 1862 is JOHN PHELPS TAYLOR, of Andover, Mass.

The Gold Market, after attaining 110 per cent. yesterday, closed 109½ per cent. Exchange on London was done at 121 per cent. The market for Stocks was higher for Government Securities and most of the Western Railroads; New-York Central and Erie barely steady.

Flour was in fair demand, yesterday, and shipping brands a shade dearer. An active business was transacted in Wheat and Corn at a further rise in prices. Cotton again advanced materially, and was in request. Provisions, Groceries, and the principal kinds of Metals attracted more attention. Linseed Oil and Spirits Turpentine were decidedly higher. Chemicals were briskly sought after. Hay, Hops, Leather, Tallow and Tobacco were freely purchased. Moderate freight engagements were reported at firmer rates. Other branches of trade exhibited no really new feature.

The Disaster on James Island.

The Charleston Press is to receive credit for the general correctness of its reports of what happened near Secessionville on the 16th inst. The story, as told by our own fellows, is pretty much to the same purpose. There were intrenched rebels, with batteries heavy and light, rifle-pits in abundance, flanked by woods filled with sharpshooters. There were swamps to protect them, and embarrass the enemy. Upon these formidable defences the Union troops were flung without preparation, half of them with leadless muskets, the rest with guns uncapped; there was some unequal artillery play, wherein our boys, completely unsheltered, came by the worse; and a charge or two marked by the exhibition of reckless gallantry, which extracted praise even from the enemy. The assault was desperate, but it failed. All the men could do was done. They actually forced their way into the enemy's works; struck down the artillerists at their guns; and only retired when the lack of support proved the hopelessness of the conflict, and then with the steadiness of men retiring from a parade-ground rather than from a battlefield. No want of pluck and nerve was chargeable to officers or men. They did their part; but through some blunder, only 2,000 of our forces were brought into action against 10,000 intrenched and secure rebels, and the odds were too tremendous. They retired as the 600 retired from the Russian batteries at Balaklava.

In this bad business there was unmistakably a series of errors. Who is answerable for them? Gen. BENHAM, who was in immediate command, has been ordered to report himself at Washington, doubtless with a view to inquiry. Is he the culprit? So far as we may rely upon the concurrent testimony of correspondents, public and private, Gen. BENHAM is not charged by Gen. HUNTER with a blunder in conducting the engagement. On the contrary it is believed if the plan of Gen. BENHAM had been followed out by his subordinates: had those ordered to the support of that capital and daring officer Gen. STEVENS, reached him and taken their proper part in the fight, victory and not disaster would have resulted. It was to the failure of the separate corps to act harmoniously, a failure due to the tangled jungle through which the two lines of advance proceeded, that the mishap must be ascribed. What Gen. BENHAM is charged with is attacking the enemy's intrenchments in contravention of Gen HUNTER'S orders to the contrary. This is in fact the only ground alleged by his superior for a suspension from command. The evidence, however, seems to show that the order BENHAM is represented as disobeying, merely prohibited him from attacking Charleston and Fort Johnston, points at a distance, while the same order instructed him to secure a perfectly safe, intrenched camp. The operation which ended so unhappily was, we are told, undertaken in execution of the latter direction; the positions occupied by the National troops being rendered unsafe by shells from the rebel batteries. If these assertions of Gen. BENHAM'S friends are substantiated, he will be convicted only of excessive zeal in realizing the wishes of his commander; a charge singularly at variance with that brought against him in Western Virginia, of tardiness in attacking the enemy. In fact, the two indictments might fairly be permitted to neutralize each other.

As to what error of detail overthrew the plan of our attack and involved so profound a disgrace and a slaughter so deplorable, inquiry cannot be too prompt and thorough. There is palpably incompetence, stupidity or insubordination somewhere.

The Engagement on Wednesday.

The affair near the Seven Pines, on Wednesday last, grows in magnitude with time, like all our battles on the Peninsula and before Richmond. Gen. McCLELLAN, in his official report, said it was "not a battle, merely an affair of HEINTZELMAN'S Corps, supported by KEYES," and this, of course, was strictly correct; but still the affair was of much more consequence than our first accounts would seem to indicate, and the loss, it appears, was much heavier than first reported. Our correspondent furnishes this morning a list of two hundred killed and wounded, while the whole number of our men lost in the engagement amounted to at least three times those figures, and probably even more. The number of killed, however, in comparison with the wounded, as will be seen from our list, is extraordinarily and unusually small, which arose in great measure from the character and circumstances of the fighting. Of the rebel loss we have no accurate estimate, but there is little doubt that it was heavier than our own. All accounts, official and unofficial, concur in representing the bearing and behavior of our troops in the action as being—to use the word of Gen. McCLELLAN—"splendid."

The affair resulted from the execution of a part of the general plan of advance upon Richmond. It has secured us an exceedingly valuable position, and one nearer the rebel works than any previously held by us; though it is not improbable that a number of similar engagements will take place before we can get within reach of the works immediately around the rebel capital, upon which the rebels place their chief reliance for its defence. But another such gain as that we have just effected would enable Gen. McCLELLAN to bring his siege guns to bear upon Richmond. The affair is undoubtedly the initiatory step of a decisive movement which is in contemplation.

The Execution of Hawkins.

The extreme penalty of the law was yesterday inflicted upon WILLIAM H. HAWKINS, the colored steward of the ship *Lammergeyer*, for murdering the Captain of the vessel on the high seas. A good deal of sympathy has been expressed for this man, and so far as his boldness in view of the near approach of death is concerned, it has not been without reason. But it is difficult to see why the man should have escaped the death penalty, if it is ever to be inflicted upon any murderer. He was conclusively proved to be a murderer. In the silence of the night he stole unobserved to the bed where his victim lay asleep, unguarded and unsuspecting, and deliberately took his life. It was not in a scuffle; it was not under the sharp spur of immediate and gross provocation. He had been injured, as he thought, but his wrath had had hours to cool, and his deed was a deed of cold-blooded revenge. There never was a murder which more perfectly filled out all the elements required to constitute the crime.

Nor was it a crime of ignorance. Though a negro, he was a man of intelligence. He knew perfectly well, when he took the fatal axe, that he put also his own life at stake; and as we have said before, if murder is ever to be punished with death, the punishment was righteously inflicted in this case.

We have no sympathy with those who have seemed to feel as if his life should have been spared because he was a negro. It is doubtless true that he had suffered from the disabilities and the prejudices which affect his race, and that on this account his moral sensibilities were low, and his guilt not so great as if his life had been spent under happier influences. But this is so with almost all criminals—a neglected boyhood, an unchecked youth, and an uncultivated manhood, mark the course of almost all who fall into crime. We may be sorry for them, but we cannot, on this account, screen them from the consequences of their crimes; and this man, notwithstanding his race, had abundant knowledge of what he was doing, of its guilt, and of its probable effects upon himself. He has received only justice at the hands of the law, and those who have pleaded for clemency for him should remember that he showed no mercy himself.

Still less would we sympathize with any who have made his race an argument *against* him. There have not been wanting those who have said that HAWKINS must not be pardoned because GORDON, a white man, was hung. No such reason would have deterred us from urging for mercy toward him, if his case had been one where mercy should have been extended. But believing that his life was justly forfeit to the law, we could not urge that the avenging hand of the law should be stayed.

He has gone from the gallows to a world where there is neither bond nor free, black nor white. May his fate deter others from crime.

GEN. FREMONT OUT OF COMMAND.—Though Gen. FREMONT has, at his own request, been relieved from the command of the first Army Corps of the newly constituted Army of Virginia, it does not necessarily follow that he will not accept of any other command, or that he will leave the field. Whether he does so or not, depends upon himself and the will of the Commander-in-Chief. It was reported before his appointment to the command of the Department of the Mountains, that he announced himself willing to resign his Major-Generalship, and accept the Colonelcy of a regiment, or even to enlist as a private soldier, that he might serve his country. It is very doubtful, however, considering all the circumstances, whether he will again take any prominent command during the war.

Thus closes, amid disaster, the second campaign of Gen. FREMONT—disaster for which in this, as in the instance of his first essay, others than himself are undoubtedly largely responsible. Both of the campaigns, that in Missouri and that just terminated in Western Virginia, form most remarkable episodes in the history of the war. In both of them he has certainly encountered and surmounted difficulties as great as could befall a commander; and if, in neither of them, he has enjoyed perfect and triumphant success, yet in both he has performed feats—such as the recent extraordinary march from Franklin to Strasburgh, and his pursuit of JACKSON from there up the Shenandoah Valley—which prove him to be possessed of military ability of a kind which is likely to be hereafter much needed in the war.

REVEILLE TAP.—Our streets just now are thronged with army officers, who sport their shoulder-straps on the fashionable promenades, or clink their spurs in the festive barroom. Do these soldiers not see that a silent rebuke darts from the eyes of every sensible man and woman they pass that they should thus be away from the post of duty on the field? The sympathy and admiration evoked by the spectacle of the maimed and wounded heroes who have suffered in the cause of their country is only equalled by the contempt felt for those idle soldiers who parade their indolence on the public thoroughfares. It has been authoritatively stated that no more furloughs are to be granted on any pretext whatever; but why not immediately summon these *dilettanti* soldiers to duty. We have seen it intimated several times that the Secretary of War was *about* to order every man to his post, and dismiss those who did not obey. We should like to see it *done*, not merely talked about. The services of every man are imperatively wanted, and the country expects the Secretary to do *his* duty in the matter promptly and efficiently.

EMILY THORNE'S BENEFIT.—"The Wizard's Tempest" will be given at the Winter Garden for the last time, this evening, on the occasion of Miss EMILY THORNE'S first benefit in this country. Miss THORNE will also appear as *Margery* in "The Rough Diamond." Although a comparative stranger, Miss THORNE has already become an established favorite with the New-York public, and will doubtless be gratified with a full and friendly house.

At 2 o'clock, this afternoon, Prof. ANDERSON'S last matinée will take place.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

RESIGNATION OF GENERAL FREMONT.

Gen. Rufus King Assigned to his Command.

Debate on the Tariff Bill in the House.

[OFFICIAL.]

WAR BULLETIN.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, June 27, 1862.

Maj.-Gen. JOHN C. FREMONT having requested to be relieved from the command of the First Army Corps of the Army of Virginia, because, as he says, the position assigned him by the appointment of Maj.-Gen. POPE as Commander-in-Chief of the Army of Virginia is subordinate and inferior to those heretofore held by him, and to remain in the subordinate command now assigned would, as he says, largely reduce his rank and consideration in the service.

It is ordered that Maj.-Gen. JOHN C. FREMONT be relieved from command.

Second, that Brig.-Gen. RUFUS KING be and he is hereby assigned to the command of the first army corps of the Army of Virginia, in place of Gen. FREMONT, relieved.

By order of the President.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 27.

"EVERYTHING QUIET ALONG THE LINES."

As far as heard from to-day at the War Department, all was quiet in every direction.

GEN. BANKS.

It is stated that Gen. BANKS has telegraphed to the President, that he is entirely satisfied with the new order placing Gen. POPE in command of the Department of Virginia.

THE MONEY TREATY WITH MEXICO.

The treaty made through Minister CORWIN, loaning $11,000,000 to Mexico, has, it is understood, been sent into the Senate by the President. The delay in the presentation of this treaty has, it is thought, been owing to the reluctance of the President to submit a project so directly at variance with the recent action of the Senate upon the subject of Mexican affairs, while at the same time he has not felt willing to withhold it from their action, should a disposition now exist to change our line of policy and take a direct part in the affairs of Mexico, to which this treaty, according to report, would commit us.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The Tariff bill was taken up in the House to-day, soon after 1 o'clock, and in Committee of the Whole debated until the close of the session. There was a lively discussion on the merits of Russian and American hemp, between Messrs. MALLORY and WARD, the latter contending successfully against an advance of the duty upon the Russian article, which he pronounced much the best, owing to the manner in which it is prepared for the market. He had in preference paid from $220 to $230 per ton for Russian hemp, when he could get that raised in Missouri and Kentucky for from $50 to $70. Until the Western and Southern growers of hemp were more enterprising and careful, and could secure free labor, it would not, in his opinion, do to put an exorbitant tariff upon the hemp produced in Russia or Manila. Mr. MORRILL said American hemp would do to hang traitors with. Mr. WARD agreed, and Mr. MALLORY hoped it would be used for all such, Secessionists and Abolitionists alike. Mr. LOVEJOY said it was impossible to find an Abolitionist who was a traitor. The amendments in the Tariff bill were comparatively unimportant. An addition of two cents per pound upon scented and honied, and all fancy and shaving soaps, was adopted. The New-England men stoutly opposed repeated efforts to place an increased duty upon indigo and madder, claiming that these articles were largely used for manufacturing purposes. A motion to tax raw silk was also voted down; there was a slight increase on sewing silk. The duty on fine statuary marble was fixed at $1 per cubic foot, and on veined and other marbles, at 45 per cent. ad valorem. Manufactures of marbles, including tiles, were placed at 50 per cent. ad valorem. Dandelion, and other substitutes for coffee, were taxed at 4 cents per pound. Mr. WARD of New-York, contended at length for a reduction of the rates upon ale, manufactures of delaines composed of worsted and cotton. He desired simply an increase over present duty of ten per cent. ad valorem. The proposition was not agreed to. Mr. WARD also moved to strike out section 16 of the bill, which requires every invoice of goods purchased abroad to be sworn to before a Consul or commercial agent whether the goods are owned by foreign or American merchants. The requirement will subject the importer to the expense of one dollar for each and every invoice—an onerous and troublesome tax. Mr. ODELL claimed that the present law was sufficiently definite in the matter, but the motion did not prevail. A strong effort will be made on Monday morning to have the provision of the bill stricken out, which compels the payment of the increased duties on goods in ship and bonded warehouse. It is asserted that the provision will, if enforced, cause the taking of goods effected thereby out of bond, and thus make a heavy drain for specie. Numerous New-York merchants arrived here, to-day, to look after one thing and another in the bill, but the House seems disposed to listen to nothing that is not recommended by the Committee of Ways and Means.

THE TAX BILL.

The perfected Tax bill is not yet printed, and will not be ready for distribution for some days.

THE CASE OF SENATOR SIMMONS.

The Simmons matter is yet a subject of much discussion. It is this evening stated that a resolution of expulsion will be introduced in the Senate in a few days, and adopted. The Senators, while keenly regretting the course of their venerable associate, feel it a duty which they owe to themselves and to the country to stamp with their prompt disapproval the transactions in which he has, by his own acknowledgment, been engaged. Although at first inclined to speak lightly of his conduct, and pronounce it altogether proper, he is now, it is said, very much cast down, and convinced that he has made a great mistake. The case is a sad one in every respect.

THE VALLEY OF THE SHENANDOAH.

The new organization of our forces in the Valley of the Shenandoah is generaly approved.

Gen. POPE has won many admirers since he came here, by his quiet and unobtrusive manners. He appears in citizen's dress, without attendants, and apparently has no time or taste for idle display. Great confidence is expressed in his military skill and fighting qualities. Western men, who are familiar with his recent campaign, are loud and unanimous in his praise. It is predicted that he will make short work of JACKSON and his vaunting followers when he is once in the field.

PROBABLE EXPLOSION OF A LOBBY CLIQUE.

It is probable the recent exposure of Senator SIMMONS in the gun contract business will break up a scandalous lobby establishment, whose operations are well known here. That it has driven a profitable business may be inferred from the *exposé* of the Senator's $50,000 job, in exerting a little of his valuable influence in obtaining a gun contract. To the unsophisticated, this establishment has been made to appear a power behind the throne—making and breaking Cabinets, Generals, and officials of every grade; obtaining contracts, realizing or killing claims, as the case might be, before the Senate Committee on Claims, &c., &c. All was fish that came to its rapacious maw. The concern claims to have Arizona and Mexico under its special charge. It is even now pressing the Mexican Treaty before the Senate, and whatever of merit there may be in that instrument is likely to be killed, from the fact that it is suspected illegitimate interests of an extensive character, represented by the lobbyists, depend upon its ratification by the Senate. It is proper to state that the very faithful and worthy Mexican Minister is in no manner cognizant of anything of this nature.

NECESSITY FOR PROMPT ACTION.

Mr. FESSENDEN, toward the close of the proceedings in the Senate to-day, urged prompt action upon the measures pending, and stated that if this course should not be pursued, that the body might be left without a quorum. He mentioned, in this connection, that Senators were already leaving the city, and that one from California and another from Minnesota had departed. He alluded to Senators LATHAM and RICE. Senator LANE, of Kansas, remarked that he too was desirous of an early return to that State, but would remain to vote on the Confiscation bill, which is now before that body.

In the House the number necessary to constitute a quorum is obtained without regard to the non-represented States, but in the Senate a majority of the Senators from the thirty-four States is necessary for that purpose—in other words, thirty-five members. The entire number of elected Senators on the roll of that body is forty-nine, including the name of JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

THE CAMP OF INSTRUCTION.

The new Camp of Instruction for our volunteers is to be formed immediately at Annapolis Junction, a central and salubrious position, accessible to Washington and Baltimore and Harper's Ferry by railroad, and possessing greater advantages than the city of Annapolis for the concentration of fifty thousand men. The change, as anticipated in this correspondence, is made at the suggestion of Gen. WOOL, who is charged with the supervision of the camp.

SUPERINTENDENT OF THE WATER WORKS.

CHRISTOPHER ADAMS, of Albany, has been appointed Superintendent of the Washington Water Works. He built the Capitol and State Library at Albany.

THE CASE OF CAPT. OSWALD.

Capt. WM. L. OSWALD, Thirty-fourth New-York Volunteers, tried by court-martial for mutinous conduct and sentenced to be cashiered and imprisoned in the District Penitentiary for one year, has been released by the order of the President, who disapproved the finding of the court. Capt. OSWALD'S friends, from the peculiar circumstances of the case, hope he will be restored to his position.

GEN. JAMISON.

Gen. JAMISON, of Maine, just nominated for Governor by the war Democrats of that State, is still in this city and very ill. His disease has assumed, within a day or two, a more serious type, and fears have been entertained of his recovery. It is thought, however, this evening, that he is slightly better, and may again be able to assume command in the field where by his gallantry and superior generalship he has made for himself a brilliant record.

THE ALLOTMENT COMMISSION.

Mr. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, the Allotment Commissioner left to-day, after making arrangements which, if carried out by the President, will render the allotment system more generally effective throughout the army.

COL. ROBERTS.

Col. GEO. W. ROBERTS, Forty-second Illinois, conspicuous for his gallantry and tact at Island No. 10, and in subsequent engagements in the West, is now in the city.

GEN. ROSECRANS.

Gen. ROSECRANS, placed temporarily in command of POPE'S army, is to be assigned permanently to that position.

PREPARING SPEECHES.

Messrs. VOORHEES, CRITTENDEN, WICKLIFFE and others are said to be preparing speeches for the conservative meeting to be held in New-York on Tuesday evening next. ERASTUS BROOKS was on the floor of the House to-day in consultation with those gentlemen and others on the Democratic side.

NOMINATIONS.

Upward of one hundred nominations were made to-day to the Senate by the President. The most important is a Medical Inspector-General for the army.

The prominent members of the last Graduating Class at West Point are nominated Second Lieutenants without Brevet.

THE SENATE IN SESSION.

The Senate will sit to-morrow, though the House adjourned to Monday.

REMUNERATING LOYAL CITIZENS.

In the House, to-day, the bill to remunerate loyal citizens in the rebellious States for the losses sustained by the occupancy of their property by our troops, was discussed by Messrs. NOELL and WICKLIFFE.

WARM AND DULL.

This has been one of the warmest and dullest days of the season. Even rumors have been few and feeble.

ANOTHER MEETING OF CONSERVATIVES.

After the adjournment of the House to-day, the following notice was read from the Clerk's desk:

"A meeting of the conservative members who are in favor of prosecuting the war for the Union, and in favor of maintaining the Constitution, and opposed to the seditious and destructive schemes of the Abolitionists, is called to meet in the hall of the House of Representatives to-morrow, Saturday, at 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Committee."

PARSON BROWNLOW.

Parson BROWNLOW was among the visitors to Congress to-day, and the object of marked attention from members.

THE PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 27.

Mr. HOWE, of Wisconsin, (Rep.,) presented a memorial from citizens of Wisconsin in favor of the enlargement of the Oswego and Erie Canals.

Mr. ANTHONY, of Rhode Island, (Rep.,) from the Committee on Printing, reported a bill authorizing the Superintendent of Public Printing, under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing, to print and sell for cost, copies of public documents which may have been ordered by the Departments. Passed.

Mr. POWELL, of Kentucky, (Opp.,) called up the resolution directing the Secretary of War to transmit to the Senate the report of JOSEPH HOLT and ROBERT DALE OWEN. He said that he understood the report exposed the greatest frauds upon the Government, and he wanted it printed that it might go before the country.

Mr. ANTHONY moved to amend the resolution so as to request the President, "if not incompatible with the public interest," to transmit the said report, etc.

The amendment was adopted, by Yeas, 24; Nays, 14; and the resolution was then passed.

Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio, (Rep.,) introduced a bill to establish a national foundry in the Hanging Rock iron and coal region of Ohio, between the Big Sandy and Scioto and Ohio Rivers. Referred to the Military Committee.

On motion of Mr. POWELL, the bill to prevent members of Congress, or any officer of the Government, from taking any consideration for procuring contracts, office or place from the Government, was taken up.

The bill provides that any Member of Congress or officer of the Government committing such offence shall be liable to indictment for a misdemeanor, and if convicted shall suffer a fine not exceeding $10,000 and imprisonment not exceeding two years, and be afterwards disqualified from holding office under the United States, and such contracts shall be void at the option of the President. The Judiciary Committee had made the bill stronger than the original one. He (POWELL) had heard that there were cases of officers of the Government using their office for rewards, and he therefore thought there could be no objection to this bill.

Mr. HALE, of New-Hampshire, (Rep.,) thought the bill did not go far enough. He had heard and believed that the Heads of Departments used their places for the grossest favoritism, and in some cases had ordered contracts to be given to their special favorites. He would make it a penal offence for the Heads of Departments to order those under them to make contracts with special favorites.

Mr. TRUMBULL, of Illinois, (Rep.,) moved to amend, so as to make the bill apply to those who, for any reward, compensation or consideration, give any contract, office or place.

The amendment was adopted, and the bill passed.

Mr. HALE, from the Conference Committee on the bill for the re-organization of the Navy Department [illegible] report, which was agreed to.

The Confiscation bill was then taken up.

[illegible], of Pennsylvania, (Rep.,) then [illegible] to speak at length against the bill from the [illegible] which he contended was impracticable, and [illegible] impossible to put in operation.

[illegible] spoke in favor of the House bill, [illegible] they were entirely free from all constitutional objections. They were just as constitutional as the Constitution itself. They only form a part of the means for the suppression of the rebellion. The war powers of Congress are clearly derived from the Constitution, and Congress has a perfect right to exercise war powers. He protested earnestly against the absurd and tyrannical doctrine that all war powers were centred in the President, and against any attempt to foist such an unconstitutional doctrine into the Constitution, as showing the effrontery with which ignorance and conceit excused unconstitutional doctrines. He contended, at length, that confiscation and liberation were among the war powers of Congress, and he had more hope from liberation than from confiscation.

The discussion was continued by Messrs. BROWNING, HOWARD and TRUMBULL.

Messrs. SAULSBURY and KENNEDY declared that though they might vote for amendment to the House bill, yet they were opposed to all Confiscation bills, and should vote against their passage.

Mr. TRUMBULL said he would not arm the slave in insurrection against his master at home; but if that master came forth to shoot down the soldiers of his State, or his country, he would put arms in the hands of his slave and bid him shoot the traitor. He would use all means to suppress the rebellion. He utterly repudiated this doctrine of the President's superiority over Congress and everything else, and he was opposed to appointing Governors of States by the President as advocated by the Senator from Connecticut. The President has no power to create an office, and no right to appoint such officer without the advice and consent of the Senate, but it was not pretended there was any law for the appointment of Gov. STANLEY, and such appointment was never sent to the Senate.

Mr. DIXON, at some length, justified the action of the President.

After further discussion—adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 27.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill providing indemnity to loyal citizens for losses and damages to property through United States troops, etc.

Mr. NOELL, of Missouri, (Union,) in the course of his remarks said that any man who was opposed to the settlement of these claims merely because it would impose a burden on the Government, was unfit to be a representative of the people. The journal would show that the claims of wealthy and influential men have generally met with the most success in Congress. Thousands of loyal citizens are sufferers from the army. They have been reduced almost to starvation, and their homes have been desolated, and if there were not justice and magnanimity enough here to provide for such a class of persons, it would be a burning shame forever.

The morning hour expired and the subject was passed over.

Mr. EDWARDS, of New-Hampshire, (Rep.,) from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill relating to the Trust Funds of the Indian tribes, invested by the Government in the State Bonds abstracted from the Interior Department.

The bill provides that the Government shall credit the Indians with the amount originally invested for them in the bonds, and the payment of the interest hereafter at the rate of five per centum.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff bill.

Mr. ELIJAH WARD, of New-York, (Rep.,) ineffectually sought to amend the clause imposing additional duties on de laines, so as to reduce the duty on them to ten per centum ad valorem. It was the duty of Congress, he said, to make the taxes as light as possible. Instead of increased duties from the proposed rates, the effect would be to prohibit importations, thus destroying the revenue and producing a complete revolution in public sentiment.

Mr. WARD also unsuccessfully moved to reduce the proposed duties on all manufactures of cotton, etc.

Mr. MALLORY, of Kentucky, (Union,) offered, as an amendment, that all hemp, or preparations of hemp, for the use of the navy, shall be of American manufacture. He maintained the importance of this proposition, both as a protection to our own production and to render us independent of foreign countries in the event of war.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, (Rep.,) said he would cooperate with the gentleman (MALLORY) if he would move the amendment to the Confiscation bill.

Mr. MALLORY had no objection to hanging Abolitionists and Secessionists with American rope if they preferred it.

Mr. LOVEJOY, of Illinois, (Rep.,) remarked there was not an Abolitionist who is a traitor to be hung.

Mr. SHELLABARGER, of Ohio, (Rep.,) offered as a proviso "if the article can be obtained of as good quality and at as low a price."

With this proviso Mr. MALLORY'S amendment was adopted.

Among other amendments adopted were the following: On acorn coffee, dandelion root and all other articles used as a substitute for coffee, not otherwise provided for, the duty shall be four cents per pound.

The tonnage duty is to take effect on the 1st of January next.

Other amendments were also made. All the debatable sections of the bill were acted upon, leaving only the two last ones for future consideration, when the Committee rose.

Mr. BINGHAM, of Ohio, (Rep.,) from the Judiciary Committee, reported a resolution, which was adopted, ordering the arrest of MICHAEL C. MURPHY, of New-York, and that he be brought hither to answer to the House for its contempt, he having refused to obey the subpœna for his appearance before the Judiciary Committee in the case of Hon. BENJ. WOOD.

Adjourned to Monday.

LATE NEWS FROM MEMPHIS.

Railroad Opened—The Oath of Allegiance—Gen. Halleck's Movements—Reports from Vicksburgh, &c.

MEMPHIS, Wednesday, June 25.

The railroad from Columbus, Ky., to this city, is now in operation, and in a day or two there will be railroad communication to Corinth, and from thence to Huntsville, Ala. Enough rolling stock has been secured to commence operations with.

Over 1,500 persons have taken the oath of allegiance since the occupation of this place.

All is quiet at Corinth. That point will be garrisoned by two divisions, and it is reported that Gen. HALLECK will return to St. Louis very soon.

Gen. LEW. WALLACE and staff left here yesterday for their homes.

Gen. McCLERNAND is still at Jackson, Tenn.

A fleet of steamers, with supplies for Gen. CURTIS' army, has arrived, and will be escorted up White River, Ark., by a strong guard.

Mayor PARKS and Aldermen ROBINSON, TELGREE and HURLBURT have taken the oath of allegiance, but the remainder of the Board hang back.

Our troops have visited Moultrie County, Miss. Gen. BRAGG was to take command at Vicksburgh on the 19th.

Gen. SCHUYLER HAMILTON has resigned on account of ill health, and will be succeeded by Gen. ROSECRANS.

It is reported that there are 23,000 troops at Vicksburgh under BRAGG and PILLOW.

The Grenada *Appeal* says that Vicksburgh will be held at all sacrifices, and that all non-combatants have been sent away.

The Vicksburgh *Citizen* says the rebel force at Tupello has been greatly increased, and their camps much improved. The *Citizen* publishes a letter from the Lieutenant commanding the gunboat *Winona* to the authorities of Rodney, warning them if the Federal transports are fired upon from the batteries erected at or near that point, the same punishment will be visited upon that town which the City of Grand Gulf received; to which Gen. LOVELL replied that his batteries are located at the best points, and that he shall fire when he pleases.

It is now stated that Gen. ROSECRANS takes command of Gen. POPE'S command, instead of Gen. HAMILTON'S Division.

FROM THE SHENANDOAH VALLEY.

Reconnoissances—The Rebels Not in Force Nearer than Luray—Rebel Cavalry Scattered, &c.

NEAR FRONT ROYAL, Monday, June 23.

Reconnoissances on Friday and Saturday bring intelligence that the enemy had not any force in this Valley lower than Luray. Contrabands and Union citizens agree that EWELL and probably JACKSON were at and around Luray at that time, and some stated that JACKSON had sent south for reinforcements. *Per contra*, others state that he had crossed the Blue

Ridge, but could not assert whether he was to move up or down.

One reconnoissance proceeded by way of Milford to Washington, and thence to Sperryville. Here it was learned that a company of rebel cavalry had gone North, with the avowed intention of striking the railroad at some weak point and putting a stop to our trains. On their return they twice repulsed small bodies of rebel cavalry, and drove them into the mountains toward Luray.

Gens. FREMONT and BANKS had a conference near Middletown on Friday. The former's headquarters were at Strasburgh on Saturday.

It is understood that the trains on the Manassas road will not proceed further up than White Plains to-day.

The town of Front Royal and the surrounding valley are almost depopulated, except by defenceless women and children, and the ripening grain crops must evidently be lost for want of harvesters.

The fact that our retreating army was subsequently fired upon from houses in Winchester, and in some cases by females, is attested by fifty-seven officers and soldiers of Gen. WILLIAMS' division. Several of the shots are alleged to have been fatal.

The following promotions have taken place in the Fifth Connecticut: Col. GEORGE D. CHAPMAN, Lieut.-Col. HENRY STONE, Major E. F. BLAKE.

Gen. GEORGE H. GORDON, late of the Second Massachusetts, has been ordered to the command of the Third Brigade of Gen. WILLIAMS' Division, which he as Colonel, commanded at the battle of Winchester. Gen. GEO. S. GREENE has been ordered to report at Washington for other duty.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 27.

Information from the Shenandoah Valley, received from other than official sources, leads to the belief that JACKSON's troops had not in force returned from the point at which they were last seen by our troops. The speculations concerning him are various, and among them is one that he is repairing damages and preparing to secure the wheat and rye crop of the Valley, which is represented to be good. The reports that abound that the enemy are occupying the country between Manassas and Strasburgh in any force, are untrue. There may, however, be rebel pickets at settlements heretofore temporarily occupied by our troops.

The Philadelphia Races.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, June 27.

At the third day's racing, to-day, there were between three and four thousand spectators. The weather was beautiful, and the track, considering the late heavy rains, in good condition. The first race was a single dash of one mile, and was won by JOHN HUNTER's *Miss Jessie*, beating *Lexington*, filly, and *Ærolite* half a length, in 1.46¼.

In the race for the $500 purse, mile heats, the first heat was won by Dr. WELDON's *Hillsborough*, and the second, third and fourth heats by Mr. J. W. CLAY's *Wagram*. *Pope Swigart* and *Cyclone* also ran. Time —1:49, 1:47¾, 1:49¾, 1:50.

To-morrow finishes the meeting. The three-mile heat race and the ladies' gift race will be contested.

[Communicated.]

Dr. R. Hunter on the Treatment of Chronic Bronchitis.

LETTER VI.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

SIR: In addition to the varieties of Chronic Bronchitis, described in my last letter, there are several others, which are of less importance, because less common in their occurrence. Of these there is a kind of *plastic* inflammation of the bronchial mucous membrane, which is characterized by the formation of a false membrane or false lining to the air tubes. Patients experience great distress from want of air, because in all such cases the size of the tubes through which they breathe is diminished. I have known patients to expectorate at one time portions of this false membrane, shaped just like the tube from which it came, of more than an inch in length.

Again we have the very opposite of that form of bronchitis of which I have just spoken, or an enlargement (dilatation) of the tubes. This occurs in several forms. The bronchial tubes of *one lobe*, or of a *whole lung*, may be *dilated* throughout their entire length, or swollen out toward their *extremities*, or alternately *contracted* and *dilated* along their course.

Lastly, the mucous membrane lining the bronchial tubes is liable to *ulcerations*, and these often secrete a *purulent matter* resembling the *pus* expectorated in confirmed consumption, where the lungs are the seat of *softened tubercle*. Indeed, none but the physician who has carefully observed the sputa of pulmonary invalids can detect the difference, and yet it is most desirable that it should always be detected, for the life of the patient often hangs upon this one question: *Does the matter expectorated indicate simple ulceration of the mucous membrane, or the breaking down of the substance of the lungs and the formation of a tuberculous cavity?*

Let us now pass to the consideration of treatment: If you have read carefully what I have said on the seat of Bronchitis, viz.: that it is *within* the lungs, you will readily understand how inadequate for its cure must be any remedy which does not penetrate the lungs as deeply as the disease itself. Applications of *nitrate of silver* to the throat are utterly useless, since they do not reach the fountain of the evil. Here you see the consequence of miscalling a disease. Your physician informs you that your affection is *Bronchitis*, and straightway you submit to the cruel torture of having caustic applied "every second or third day to your throat." If the unnecessary suffering you thus undergo were the only consequences which sprung from it, it would be of less importance, but the disease within your lungs is all this time gaining a firmer hold—the mucous membrane is becoming *thickened*, and the smaller bronchial tubes *closed up*. These obstructions go on increasing until sufficient air cannot be drawn through the air-tubes to produce the change in the blood from *venous* to *arterial*. It is the object of respiration to change the blood from a *dark* to a *bright red color*. This change is produced in the lungs by the air we breathe, and cannot occur unless it is received in sufficient quantity. When considerable obstructions exist in the bronchial tubes, the *carbon* which constitutes the impurity of the blood is not wholly removed, but a part is retained and sent again through the system—impeding the circulation, irritating the brain and nervous system, and deranging digestion. Under this condition of the blood, tubercles are deposited in the lungs. There is no warning given of the fearful change which is taking place. Without pain, without cough, without expectoration, the seed of this most insiduous and mortal disease is sown, and soon brings forth its fruit in the melancholy changes which mark the progress of Consumption. Thus Consumption arises as a consequence of neglecting or maltreating Bronchitis, by placing reliance on applications to the throat, or palliatives through the stomach. It is a grand desideratum, in the treatment of *all* diseases, to get the remedy direct to the organ or part affected. We use washes, injections, blisters, purgatives, and so forth, on this principle. In Pulmonary diseases the same rule holds good; but how are we to apply it? We cannot use solids or fluids, for this is an air cavity. No; but by inhalation we can reach, thoroughly and naturally, all diseases situated within the air-tubs and cells of the lungs.

What, then, is Inhalation? The word itself merely means the act of inspiring, or drawing in a breath. In medical parlance, it means a *mode* of administering medicines by breathing them. Thus we say, "I inhale a medicine," as we would say, "I take a medicine"—the difference being simply that one is *inhaled* or breathed, while the other is *swallowed*. We are thus explicit in order to show that ALL medicines inhaled into the lungs are not alike, any more than all medicines taken into the stomach; and hence, that the benefits to be derived from inhalations must depend upon the experience and skill of the physician who prescribes them. I should have deemed this explanation unnecessary, but for the fact that many who write to me regarding the treatment, appear to have got the erroneous idea that "inhalation," instead of being simply a mode of practice, or administration of remedies, is some specific remedy, alike applicable to the most opposite forms of pulmonary disease. To make it such, is to degrade it to the base level of quackery. It can never be honestly employed without a full knowledge of all the symptoms and peculiarities of each case, and the adaptation of the remedies accordingly.

The first object of treatment is to cleanse the air-tubes of the lungs by expectorant inhalations. Having obtained this object, we next seek to allay the irritation on which the secretion depends—to soothe and heal the inflamed surface. The manner of administering medicines by Inhalation, in Bronchitis, is as follows: The Inhaler, which is made of glass, and holds about a pint of fluid, is half filled with cold, hot or warm water, according to the nature of the case. The medicines prepared for a dose are then ordered, and the patient directed to inhale gently, but deeply, into the lungs, being careful to expand the chest well, without straining or violence. The fluid being medicated, thoroughly impregnates the air with its properties. Each inhalation is continued for five, ten or fifteen minutes, as may be necessary, and taken three times a day, before meals, or twice a day, on rising and retiring. In this manner, every effect that can be produced by medicine, is *obtained in the lungs*, and with a degree of certainty unattained by any other method of treatment.

Your obedient servant,
ROBERT HUNTER, M. D.,
Physician for Pulmonary Diseases.

No. 832 Broadway. NEW-YORK, June 27, 1862.

NOTE.—The writer of the above letter, in association with Dr. JAMES HUNTER, devotes his attention exclusively to the treatment of affections of the Throat and Lungs, and may be consulted personally, or by letter, at No. 832 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

LATEST FROM CHARLESTON.—The Charleston *Mercury* says that the "Beauregard Hat" is all the ton in that nest of treason. Here in New-York we see nothing but the Knox Hat, which becomes loyal men so well that they all look upon No. 212 Broadway as the hat capital of the Union. KNOX's Summer style is out.

[Advertisement.]

WE ASSERT IT BOLDLY.—There are no other medicines so reliable, effectual and convenient as HOLLOWAY's Pills and Ointment, always ready for use. They are invaluable to the soldier exposed to wounds, sores, fevers and bowel complaints. They never fail. Only 25 cents per box or pot.

[Advertisement.]

SUMMER CLOTHING,
66
At EVANS', and } Fulton-street,
68
20 per cent. below Broadway prices.

[Advertisement.]

Gen. POPE will bring order out of confusion in Virginia, and Gen. BARNUM will bring thousands to his Museum to-day to see his Monster Novelties, and enjoy his amusing performances at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M.

[Advertisement.]

FOR THE BERMUDAS.—The undersigned is about to send a vessel to the Bermudas to obtain tropical fish, and can accommodate a few passengers on very favorable terms. Apply at the American Museum.
P. T. BARNUM.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

JUNE 27—*In steamship Ericsson from Port Royal.*—Gen. Benham, Capt. Bryant, Lieut. Benham, T. Butcher, Capt. Brand, H. Clark, E. H. Clapp, J. B. Cumming, W. B. Darlington, M. H. Dorged, Capt. Denton, W. S. English, Capt. Ely, J. C. Graham, Lieut. Gould, J. C. Hyatt, Dr. Holland, T. M. Jackson, Lieut. Kimball, H. A. Lovell, J. S. Marcus, S. M. Knevals, Lieut. Keenan, Mrs. Moulton and son, Mrs. Metternich, C. B. Okes, Lieut. Potter, Lieut. O'Rorke, M. Rice, T. L. Rodgers, C. S. Rogers, Lieut. Reeder, Capt. Ranson, J. A. Smith, G. W. Skillhorn, Lieut. Spink, Lieut. Smith, T. L. Suess, Dr. Scholl, Capt. Tourtellat, T. W. Townsend, Lieut. Tisdale, Thomas Vance, H. Webb, D. C. Weeks, W. A. Wernel, A. M. Waterhouse, Lieut.-Col. Wallace, M. A. Brady, Major Burt, J. E. Ostrander, Capt. Comstock, Surgeon Craven, Mr. Honeywell, Dr. Pucket, Mrs. Suydam, Miss Dill, Alf. Ferguson, Mrs. McKimm, Miss McKimm, Lieut. Dorkray, Capt. McDonald, Sergeant McConnell, Capt. Partridge, Mrs. Partridge, A. D. Heffern, Lieut. Schloezer, Capt. Henkle, Capt. Geo. Starr, J. W. Flinn, M. Bauer, Capt. Dow, Mrs. Mackin, H. Sampson.

In U. S. steam transport Philadelphia, from Beaufort, N. C.—Lieut. Long, of Signal Corps; Capt. Green, 4th Rhode Island; Rev. J. Van Antwerp and family, B. J. Bliven, Sergt. S. F. Fish, 4th Rhode Island; Corporal A. Starkweather, 4th Rhode Island.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 4 31 | Sun sets..... 7 35 | Moon sets.... 8 29
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 8 36 | Gov. Island. 9 25 | Hell Gate.... 10 47

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, June 27.

Cleared.

Steamships Etna, (Br.,) Mierhouse, Liverpool, John G. Dale; Bavaria, (Hamb.,) Meiere, Hamburg, Kuhnhardt & Co.

Ships Manchester, Trask, Liverpool, Trask & Dearborn; Aurelia, (Span.,) Bas, Barcelona, Rivera & Hall; Liberty, Patterson, Liverpool, N. & N. Smith & Co.

Barks Principe de Valdina, (Ital.,) Luna, Cork, Titus, Smyth & Co.; Princeton, Seeley, Demerara, master; Russia, (Br.,) McKie, Queenstown, for orders, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Diva, (Aus.,) Valich, Cork, Holmboe & Co.; Joseph Earle, (Pruss.,) Brooksch, Cork, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Aeronaut, Grant, Ciudad Bolivar, Harbeck & Halseo.

Brigs Princess Royal, (Br.,) Newbold, Bermuda, Smith, Jones & Co; Dan, (Br.,) Gaston, Queenstown, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Schooners Abbie, Bradford, Galacen, Jeremie, ———; Eliza Francis, Bogert, Washington, D. C., Wm. Ingalls; Evelina, (Br.,) Higg, Harbor Island, Jos. Eneas; Reindeer, (Br.,) Archibald, St. Mauritius, E. G. Hamilton; Augusta, Perry, New-Bedford, master; Frances Jane, Hilton, St. Thomas, Smith, Jones & Co.; Planet, (Br.,) Wilson, Londonderry, N. S., H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; H. W. Johnson, Burk, Beaufort, N. C., master; Emma, (Br.,) Clark, Londonderry, N. S., H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; Aloe, (Br.,) Faulkner, St. John, N. B., H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; J. P. Hazzard, Wilson, Bristol, L. Kenny; Triumph, (Br.,) Borden, St. John, N. B., A. Smithers & Co.

Arrived.

U. S. steam transport Philadelphia, Barton, Beaufort, N. C., 56 hours, in ballast to D. D. Tompkins, U. S. Quartermaster. Left U. S. transport Eastern State, for New-York next day.

U. S. transport Ericsson, Lowber, Tortugas June 16, Key West 18th, and Port Royal 23d, with passengers to D. D. Tompkins, to U. S. Quartermaster.

U. S. steam sloop-of-war Seminole, Commander Wm. Smith, from Norfolk 24th, and Fortaess Monroe.

Steamship Parkersburgh, Hoffman, Portland, Me., with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Comet, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Martha Stevens, Dougherty, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Steamer Pelican, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Ironsides, Vandivere, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Ship Jacob A. Stamler, Young, London May 12, with mdse. to Thos. Dunham. Had heavy westerly gales up to the Banks; since light westerly winds and calms. May 19, lat. 51 52, lon. 15 11, Thos. Raly, seaman, fell from the royal-yard overboard, and was lost. On Banquero, Grand Banks, spoke fishing schr. Charity, of St. Andrew's, with 22,000 fish.

Ship Viking, (of New-Bedford,) Smith, London May 7, and the Channel 14th, in ballast to W. H. Hussey.

Ship Antartic, Stouffer, Liverpool 29 ds., with mdse. and 254 passengers (Mormons) to Zerega & Co.

Bark Texian Star, (of Boston,) Pike, Key West 12 ds., with 1,200 bales of cotton to H. Benner—vessel to master. Left prize steamer Circassian, for New-York 19th. The schr. Ralph Post, hence for New-Orleans, passed Key West 2 ds. previous.

Bark Sico, Hume, Sagua June 17, with sugar to J. O. Baker & Co.

Brig George E. Letson, (Br.,) McPhee, Messina May 1, via Gibraltar 19th, with fruit to Lawrence, Giles & Co. May 12, 180 miles E. of Gibraltar, was in co. with bark Paramount, of Boston, from Palermo for Boston. June 1, lat. 35 40, lon. 37 45½, saw an Am. bark, supposed the Cambridge, of Boston; which sailed from Messina a few ds. previous for Boston. The G. E. L. has had nothing but westerly winds since passing the longitude of 30, and has been 7 ds. west of George's Banks.

Brig Sarah M. Newhall, (Br., of Digby, N. S.,) Paysen, Carthagena June 6, with hides, rubber, &c., to Ribon & Munoz.

Brig Solferino, Higgins, Baltimore 6 ds., with flour to Burdett & Everett. Sld. in co. with bark Sophia, for New-York.

Brig Rose, (Br., of Sunderland,) Morgan, Sunderland 74 ds., with coal to order. had heavy westerly weather.

Brig Pallion, (Br., of Sunderland,) Laidlam, Charente 58 ds., with wine, brandy, &c., to order.

Brig Mathilde, (Danish,) Peterson, Rotterdam 55 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Schr. Maggie Bell, (o. Camden, Me.,) Gilkey, Ponce, P. R., 16 ds., with molasses to Sturges & Co.—vessel to R. P. Buck & Co. The Br. ship A & A., of London, with sugar, bound to London, went ashore on Fort Island, at the mouth of the harbor on the 9th, and became a total loss. Captain and crew and about 100 hhds. of sugar saved.

Schr. M. S. Hathaway, Hathaway, Lingan, C. B., 15 ds., with coal to M. Belloni.

Schr. A. B. Terry, (of New-Haven,) Eldridge, Norfolk 4 ds., with corn and flour to Dennis & Wycoff.

Schr. John, (Br.,) Morris, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 13 ds., to Tynes & Smith.

Schr. T. P. Auger, (new, 220 tons,) Wright, New-Haven 24 hours, in ballast to master.

Schr. Kate Aubrey, Curtis, Elizabethport, with coal for Boston.

Schr. Sylvia, Reynolds, Addison 10 ds., with lumber to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr. M. B. Bramhall, Vavey, White House 6 ds., in ballast to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. J. T. Brady, Hall, Newbern, N. C., 6 ds., in ballast to D. D. Tompkins.

Schr. R. P. King, Leeds, Alexandria 8 ds., with coal to Novelty Iron Works.

Schr. D. B. Pitts, Corson, Newbern 4 ds., in ballast.

Schr. Charlotte, Arey, Rockland 4 ds., with lime.

Schr. Boxer, Rankin, Saco 7 ds., with heading.

Schr. F. H. Abbot, Smith, Wareham 2 ds.

Schr. W. E. Baird, Arey, Albany, for Providence.

Schr. John Price, Crowell, Yorktown 4 ds., with coal.

WIND—Sunset, S. W., and light.

Below.

Ship Great Republic, from Ship Island.

Ship John & Albert, (not Henry Albert, as before reported,) from Havana.

Bark Azelia, ———.

Miscellaneous.

Capt. Merritt, Underwriters' Agent, arrived yesterday, and reports that the U. S. steam transport Oriental, ashore on Body Island, N. C., will prove a total wreck.

The schr. Harvest, of Harwich, Capt. Lawrence hence for Providence, with a load of corn, when going through Hell Gate, struck on Steep Rock and sunk.

BUFFALO, June 25.—The schr. S. D. Farwell, with a cargo of iron, on entering the harbor of Cleveland, yesterday, at 8 o'clock A. M., struck on the East Pier, causing her to leak badly. She now lies sunk, deck under water, some 40 to 60 rods from the harbor up the river. The deck-load is being discharged, and a steam-pump put on board.

Spoken, &c.

Central America—schr., of Boston, bound E., was passed, June 1, lat. 30 36, lon. 39 23.

Empire—Br. bark, for Dublin, June 15, lat. 27 42, lon. 61 20.

E. H. Yarrington—bark, of and from Boston for Antwerp, June 5, lat. 41 20, lon. 49 20.

Malakoff—Br. ship, of St. John, N. B., strg. N. E., exchanged signals with, June 1, lat. 35 40, lon. 37 45½.

Saranac—ship, Rowland, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, June 26, off Cape May.

Foreign Ports.

At Ponce, P. R., June 11, brigs Cohasset, of Boston, arr. 7th; Daniel Trowbridge, arr. 8th; Red Wing, Clark, sld. same day for Guayanilla to load for New-York; schrs. Geo. Armstrong, of New-Haven, just arr.; Oregon, of Calais, for Portland next day; Gun Key, for Philadelphia.

At Sagua, June 17, ships Ocean Traveler, for New-York ldg.; Sebastopol, for do.; bark E. Foster, for do. do.

Deafness, Impaired Sight, Noises in the head, and sore throat, cured by the novel and scientific principle, which restores hearing in the most hopeless cases, by the well-known oculist and aurist of New-York, Dr. VON EISENBERG.

NEW-YORK, June 14, 1862.

I have great pleasure to add my testimony to the number of others which Dr. Von Eisenberg's great skill has already gained for him. I was suffering from deafness accompanied by a very unpleasant discharge from my ear. The Doctor operated on my ear removing a polypus with a gentleness that fully demonstrated the efficiency of the scientific system peculiar to him. I am completely restored to hearing. JOSEPH MANNING,
No. 108 West 36th-st.

Office No. 38 Clinton-place, 8th-st., west of Broadway.

Zephyr Merino Undergarments,
FOR HOT WEATHER,
Originally introduced by us twenty years since.
A great variety of genuine goods at
PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.
A. RANKIN & CO.,
No. 96 Bowery, and
No. 165 5th-av., corner of 22d-st.

Boys' Clothing.

ROGERS AND RAYMOND'S
FASHIONABLE SPRING ASSORTMENT.
NEW AND ORIGINAL FASHIONS.
SPLENDID NOVELTY IN BOYS' SPRING SACKS.
NEAT AND ELEGANT SCHOOL SUITS,
LOWEST FIGURES IN THE TRADE.
IMMENSE VARIETY OF STYLES.
ONE PRICE
AND NO DEVIATION.
Stores, } Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton-st.
} No. 214 Broadway.

Lisle Undershirts,
Reduced to 50 cents each,
The lowest prices in the City,
At PEREGO'S new store,
No. 85 Nassau-st., near Fulton.

The Orient Mutual Insurance Company
HAVE REMOVED
TO
NO. 43 WALL-STREET.

Deafness—Its Causes and Prevention.—A Popular Treatise, by Dr. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL. With Illustrations. Price 50 cents. CARLETON, Publisher, No. 413 Broadway.

Dr. E. Bunford Lighthill,
No. 34 St. Mark's-place.
CONSULTATIONS
Until 3 P. M., daily.

Morton's Gold Pens.—Prices to suit the pocket and pens to suit the hand of every writer at No. 25 Maiden-lane. Call or inclose stamp for circular, with engravings of all sizes and styles.

Suitable Summer Covering for the Feet.—Boots and Shoes of every variety and kind can be procured at CANTRELL'S, No. 813 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated Noiseless Sewing Machines, acknowledged to be superior to all others—No. 495 Broadway, New-York. Agencies throughout the United States.

Comfort and Cure for the Ruptured.
Sent free to any one afflicted with rupture or hernia. Address Box No. 788 New-York Post-office.

Attention.

At this season of the year, many persons are troubled with bowel complaints, and the best and safest cure is J. C. RUSHTON'S DIARRHŒA REMEDY, for all such complaints; highly recommended by physicians generally. Prepared by J. CLEMENT RUSHTON, Chemist and Druggist, No. 417 Broadway, corner Canal-st.

MARRIED.

SNIFFEN—ALLEN.—In this City, on Wednesday, June 25, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. S. Mickels, JNO. R. L. SNIFFEN to CARRIE L. ALLEN, daughter of B. W. Allen, Esq., all of this City.

SMITH—LIVINGSTON.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 26, by Rev. Charles S. Robinson, JAMES SMITH to Mrs. A. M. LIVINGSTON.

TRUSLOW—CUMMINGS.—At Altonwood, Westchester Co., N. Y., on Thursday, June 26, by Rev. E. D. G. Prime, D. D., JAMES L. TRUSLOW, of Brooklyn, to CORNELIA JOSEPHINE, daughter of A. P. Cummings, Esq., of the former place.

DIED.

BENNETT.—In Bridgeport, Conn., on Thursday, June 19, MARIA HOVEY, daughter of H. C. Bennett, in the 14th year of her age.

BRADISH.—Killed on the railroad track at Orange, N. J., on Friday, June 27, WHEADON BRADISH, of New-York, in the 76th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

FORBES.—In this City, on the night of the 26th inst., WILLIAM J. FORBES.

Funeral services will take place at his late residence, No. 7 East 28th-st., on Monday, the 30th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., after which the remains will be taken to New-Haven for interment. His friends, and those of the family, are invited to attend, without further notice.

HARDCASTLE.—In Jamaica, L. I., on Friday, June 27, after a short and severe illness, LEWIS B. HARDCASTLE, in the 41st year of his age.

Notice of the funeral in the evening papers.

JOHNSON.—In this City, on Thursday, June 26, after a short but severe illness, FRANK HENRY, eldest son of Francis T. and Mary E. Johnson, aged 2 years, 10 months and 19 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Saturday) afternoon, the 28th inst., at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 42 5th-st.

MCMANUS.—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, June 27, of consumption, PETER MCMANUS, in the 55th year of his age, for many years master block-maker in the Brooklyn Navy-yard.

Funeral services this day, (Saturday,) at 4 o'clock, at his late residence, Park-av., near Clermont-av., Brooklyn. Relatives and friends of deceased and family are respectfully invited.

☞ Madison, Wis., Philadelphia, and Orange County papers please copy.

PURDY.—In this City, on Thursday, June 26, after a lingering illness, ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of Rebecca Purdy, aged 19 years, 7 months and 13 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her mother, No. 335 8th-av., on Saturday, at 1 o'clock, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Bronxville for interment.

PINCKNEY.—Suddenly, by being run over, on Friday, June 27, at 12 M., BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Jr., youngest son of Benjamin F. and Annie M. Pinckney.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, the 29th inst., at 2 P. M., from the residence of the parents, No. 31 Murray Hill Parks.

RANDELL.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 26, Miss CORNELIA RANDELL, daughter of the late Jonathan Randell, aged 66 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from the Reformed Dutch Church corner of 121st-st. and 3d-av., Harlem, this day, (Saturday,) at 3 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

RICHARDS.—In Norwalk, Conn., on Friday, June 27, ANNIE NORTH, daughter of Thomas F. and Annie N. Richards, of this City, aged 11 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, on Monday, the 30th inst., at 1 o'clock, at the house of her grandfather, Mr. John North, Norwalk.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 303.—June 27, 1862.
55, 2, 62, 6, 11, 16, 39, 10, 59, 43, 21, 14, 29.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 304.—June 27, 1862.
20, 11, 26, 39, 5, 64, 47, 29, 46, 54, 45, 18.
Circulars sent free of charge by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF THE
DELAWARE AND KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERIES.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 251.—June 27, 1862.
7, 4, 5, 69, 17, 12, 1, 48, 60, 40, 43, 56, 74.
DELAWARE STATE LOTTERY, CLASS 253.—June 27, 1862.
67, 66, 34, 74, 13, 60, 11, 14, 10, 30, 64, 44.
Circulars sent by addressing
JOHN A. MORRIS & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or Covington, Ky.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, *via* Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer ETNA, and for the German States, *via* Hamburg, per steamer BAVARIA, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 28th day of June, at 10½ o'clock A. M. ABRAM WAKEMAN, P. M.

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ON SUNDAY MORNING.
Bear in mind that the columns of the
SUNDAY MERCURY
Will be kept open until nearly
3 O'CLOCK SUNDAY MORNING,
For the purpose of receiving and publishing the
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BY TELEGRAPH,
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TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY MERCURY
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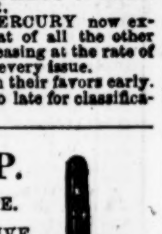
P. P. P. P.



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Then use JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. Do not allow your cold to take its own course. Two-thirds of the victims of consumption owe their affliction to the fatal mistake of "waiting for a cough to get well of itself!" Do not fall into this error, but avail yourself at once of a remedy which thirty years' experience has demonstrated is certain to procure a speedy cure.

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Then use JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, which will overcome the spasmodic contraction of the wind tubes, and cause them to eject the mucus or matter which clogs them up, and by an easy and free expectoration remove all difficulty of breathing.

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Then use JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. By taking two or three large doses in the early stages of the disease, in quick succession, and covering up warmly in bed, this preparation acts as a sudorific or sweating medicine, and subdues the inflammation at the outset.

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Then use JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. There is no remedy which so effectually overcomes this disease as the Expectorant. What parent can witness the sufferings of her children from this distressing complaint without doing all in her power for their relief? What medicine so pleasant to the taste, or so certain to produce immediate benefit? Give it a trial then, and let it prove its efficacy.

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ANTI-JUSTICE! PRO-SPOILS!
ANTI-LOYAL! PRO-REBELS!
ANTI-FREE DEMOCRACY! PRO-SLAVEOCRACY!

The citizens of New-York in favor of the above *principles*, and in favor of using the words *Union* and *Constitution* as a mask, are invited to meet the *confidence men* at the Cooper Institute in mass meeting, July 1.

The following speakers ought to address the meeting, S. S. Cox, B. Wood, J. R. Floyd, J. Brooke, J. Davis, and others well known.

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Nails penetrating the Flesh cured free from pain.
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NEW-YORK, June 24, 1862.

AT AN INFORMAL MEETING OF THE Board of Officers of the Second Regiment, National Guard, N. Y. S. M., held this evening, Lieut.-Col. John H. Wilcox presiding, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, We learn with deep regret and sorrow that it has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst our dear and much beloved brother soldier, Major JOSEPH JUDSON DIMOCK; and having served with him not only in the State, but on the battle-field, we have found in him a worthy soldier, a true patriot and a high-minded gentleman; therefore, be it

Resolved, That a committee be appointed from this meeting, to attend his funeral at Hartford, Conn., in uniform.

Resolved, That the sympathies of this meeting be tendered to the bereaved family, in this their hour of trial, and that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the family. THOMAS M. REID, Secretary.

EXPRESS FOR NEWBERN, N. C.—ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY will dispatch their Express to the "Burnside Division" on SATURDAY, June 28. Shippers must send invoices of the contents of packages. Nothing contraband taken. Whisky and Brandy will not be received for shipment.
ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 59 Broadway.

ARNOLD'S LONDON WRITING FLUID, 18 dozen quarts and 6 dozen pints, for sale by W. N. SEYMOUR & CO., No. 4 Chatham-square. They have just received an invoice of Stub's files, tools and wire. They have also for sale Green's Patent Self-Sealing Stone Preserve Jars.

A NEW MAMMOTH STRAWBERRY.—RUSSELL'S GREAT PROLIFIC SEEDLING, from GEO. CLAPP, Auburn, N. Y. The fruit will be on exhibition at the office of the *American Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park Row, on (this) SATURDAY MORNING, at 11 A. M., and MONDAY, the 30th inst.

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HEADQUARTERS, LAFAYETTE HALL, Broadway.

SPINOLA'S EMPIRE BRIGADE.—BEING authorised by the Governor of the State of New-York to raise a Company of Volunteers, to be attached to Spinola's Empire Brigade, I am now ready to receive all able-bodied men who wish to serve their country, in a first-class Company. Each man, as soon as he signs the roll, will be subsisted and clothed at the expense of the Government, and sent to comfortable quarters at camp, near the City. Pay from $13 to $23 per month, to commence from date of enlistment.
GEO. H. HITCHCOCK, Lieut., Recruiting Officer.

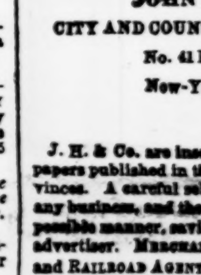
M'CLELLAN INFANTRY.—BEING AUTHORized by the Governor of the State of New-York to raise a company of volunters to be ready in sixty days, I call upon all young men desirous to join my company to apply immediately. $100 bounty, and pay from $13 to $23 per month, one month's pay in advance, according to a bill passed the United States Senate June 3, 1862. Headquarters, No. 602 Broadway. Capt. WM. W. BATES, late Lieutenant in Mexican War.

Approved at the United States Mustering Office, June 4, 1862, by Capt. F. S. Larned, United States Army.

$100 BOUNTY.—UNION VOLUNTEERS' ASSOCIATION.—All honorably discharged Volunteers are requested to meet at the Harmonie Garden, Nos. 139 and 141 Essex-st., on SUNDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock A. M. By order of the Committee.
E. BOAS, President 29th Regiment N. Y. V.
T. SULLIVAN, Vice-President 4th Regiment N. Y. V.
C. A. MCMANUS, Secretary 11th N. Y. V.
C. PRAEDEL, Recording Secretary N. Y. V.

A HANDSOME SUM WILL BE PAID TO any person who can enlist a number of men for cavalry; one of the best of regiments, good horses, clothes and quarters. Inquire or address J. W., No. 109 West 11th-st.

WIGS AND TOUPEES.



ORNAMENTAL HAIR—ALL KINDS
HAIR DYE—BEST IN USE.
HAIR DYEING—ALL COLORS.
MOLDAVIA CREAM, for preserving, beautifying and forcing the hair to grow.
All these articles can be found, in greatest perfection, at W. A. BATCHELOR'S celebrated establishment, No. 16 Bond-st.

WIG-MAKER AND ARTIST IN HAIR.
LOUIS BASTET,
NO. 385 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Sole Inventor of
ILLUSION WIGS AND TOUPEES,
And manufacturer of all kinds of HUMAN HAIR WORK.

JOHN HOOPER & CO.,
CITY AND COUNTRY ADVERTISING AGENTS,
No. 41 Park-row, New-York,
New-York *Times* Building.

J. H. & Co. are inserting advertisements in all Newspapers published in the United States and British Provinces. A careful selection of papers is made, adapted to any business, and the ADVERTISING is done in the best possible manner, saving time, trouble and expense to the advertiser. MERCHANTS, BANKERS, BROKERS, STEAMSHIP and RAILROAD AGENTS, and business men generally, wishing to extend their trade, are respectfully invited to call at the office, No. 41 Park-row, and examine papers and prices.

Nearly all newspapers published throughout the country are received and filed at this office.

REFERENCES.—Messrs. H. J. Raymond & Co., publishers of the New-York Times, and the publishers of the leading newspapers throughout United States and Canada.

NEW SPRING CARPETS.

Among the new importations of late may be mentioned an invoice of superb velvet, Brussels, tapestry and ingrain carpets and English oil-cloths, which are now offered to the public by the well-known firm of
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 456 Broadway,
at unprecedentedly low rates. The same house has on hand a choice stock of domestic carpets and oil-cloths at price to suit the most limited means.

The above firm will be constantly receiving new styles in every variety and kind, which will be well deserving the attention of a discerning public.

RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, OLD ULCERS AND ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.—HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM is a most certain remedy for these diseases. You, who are suffering the most torturing pains, remember that a few doses of this powerful, yet pleasant compound, will afford certain relief. Thousands of cases have been cured, and published in the *Sun*, *Herald*, and other papers. These certificates are from well-known citizens, who can be seen and consulted at any hour. Principal dépôt, No. 246 Grand-st. Seventy-five cents per bottle. Agent for Brooklyn, Mrs. HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st.

READ. READ. READ.

DANVILLE, Pa., June 2, 1862.

Dr. WM. H. GREGG—*Dear Sir:* In February, 1861, I was afflicted with the sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and in two days after using it I experienced relief, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured, soon after regaining my usual good health. Yours, truly,
J. V. L. DE WITT.

Sold by all druggists. MORGAN & ALLEN, Agents, No. 46 Cliff-st., N. Y.

CLOTHING.

I have just completed my entire new stock of Spring and Summer Clothing—not surpassed in this City in the way of an assortment, taste and style. The Children's and Furnishing Department not equaled. All will be sold at extremely low prices. Please call.
F. B. BALDWIN, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery

WEDDING CARDS.

These Celebrated [illegible] Cards sold only by JAS. [illegible] DELL, 302 Broadway, N. Y. For specimens by Mail, send [illegible]

THE REMEDY FOR CATARRH.
DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF.
For sale by all Druggists.

NEW SEEDLING STRAWBERRY.—ONE OF THE FINEST EVER GROWN.—MR. GEO. CLAPP, of Auburn, N. Y., will exhibit specimens of a new pistillate seedling strawberry, named "Russell's Great Prolific," at the rooms of the American Institute, in the Cooper Union Building, THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at 12 o'clock M. All who take an interest in Horticulture are invited.

ALLEVIATOR.—DR. BRIGGS' NEWLY INVENTED Corn and Bunion Alleviator is a harmless and certain cure for Corns, Bunions, Callosities, Frosted and Blistered Feet, &c. No caustic, no acid, no pain; 25c., 50c., and $1 per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price and 6 cents. Sold by druggists. Dr. J. BRIGGS, Proprietor and practical Chiropodist, No. 212 Broadway, N. Y.

ALANSON M. E. CHURCH—NORFOLK-ST., near Grand. Preaching on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., by Rev. H. J. Fox; at 7½ P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. J. K. SHARLES. Second sermon to young men. Preaching TUESDAY, and Prayer-meeting THURSDAY EVENING.

AT THE LAIGHT-ST. CHURCH, CORNER of Laight and Varick sts., Rev. I. S. KALLOCH will preach, on SUNDAY MORNING, upon *The Martyrdom of Stephen*, and in the EVENING, upon *Peter, the Impetuous Disciple*.

LOST—ABOUT TWO WEEKS AGO, IN ONE OF the Broadway stages, A PACKAGE OF PAPERS, belonging to Mr. G. W. GRIFFITH. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving them at No. 86 Maiden-lane.

A NAVAL ASSISTANT SURGEON'S UNIFORM, new, for sale cheap. Apply at No. 207 West 48th-st.

PERSONAL.

IF C. P. R., WHO LEFT CHICAGO SOME FIVE years since, for New-York, will inform his friends in Chicago where to address him, he may receive information of much value to him.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE SIXTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF the founding of Duane-st. M. E. Church, (between Hudson and Greenwich,) will be celebrated on SUNDAY, June 29. Rev. Bishop JANES will preach at 10½ A. M. A Grand Reunion of the old pastors and members will take place at 2½ P. M. Prayer meeting at 6 P. M., and a general gathering at 7½ in the evening, when addresses will be delivered by the former pastors and members. The public in general are invited to attend. Refreshments will be served in the basement for all who wish to remain to the afternoon and evening services. A collection will be made for the benefit of the church. Seats all free.

AT REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER'S CHURCH—Brooklyn, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, June 29, the Sunday School children and their friends will hold the final meeting before the tearing down of their old school-room. The children will meet in the school-room at 3 o'clock, where exercises will be held for one hour. At 4 o'clock they will enter the church and unite with the congregation. The Pastor will make an address. The usual Evening Service will be omitted.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY.—THE NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION will hold its tenth Anniversary on SABBATH EVENING, June 29, at the Madison-av. Baptist Church, corner of 31st-st., (Rev. Dr. Hague's), at 7¾ o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. Hague, the Rev. J. T. Duryea, of the Collegiate R. D. Church, the Rev. Joseph Anderson, of Norwalk, Conn., and the Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., of this City.

"LOUIS NAPOLEON, THE PREDICTED Antichrist (II Thess., 2) and Universal Monarch, foreshown to perish at Christ's descent at Armageddon about 1869." A lecture upon this, at the Mission Chapel, corner of Broadway and 37th-st., on SUNDAY, at 4 P. M., by Rev. M. BAXTER, Episcopal minister, who also preaches there at 10½ A. M., upon the *Ascension of the Wise Virgins about 1864-5.*

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION, (Protestant Episcopal,) north side of 35th-st., and east of 6th-av. Divine service every SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M. Rev. E. O. FLAGG, Rector. The Bishop of the Diocese will visit this church next SUNDAY EVENING for the purpose of administering the rite of Confirmation, for the first time ever held in this church.

FREE MISSION CHURCH—CORNER MADISON and Gouverneur sts., under care of Rev. Dr. HARDENBERGH; morning service at 10½ o'clock. Rev. JACOB FEHRMANN may be expected to preach on SUNDAY EVENING; service at 7½ o'clock. The usual monthly meeting of the children of the Sabbath-school will be held in the Church; service at 3 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

REV. NEWTON HESTON, PASTOR OF THE State-st. Congregational Church, near Hoyt-st., Brooklyn, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., commencing a course of sermons on the Lord's Prayer, closing with a short sermon to the children. Also at 7¾ P. M. Lecture every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday School at 9 and 2 o'clock.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, between 2d and 3d avs., Rev. D. CURRY, D. D., Pastor. Preaching SABBATH, June 29, at 10½ A. M. and 7¾ P. M., by the Pastor. The evening discourse will be in behalf of the Young Men's Chritian Association of that Church. Members of kindred Associations are requested to be present. Seats free.

GEO. STORRS, EDITOR OF THE BIBLE EXAMINER, will preach at Botanic Hall, No. 68 East Broadway, to the Second Advent Church, looking for the return of Christ to take His own Throne and reign over the house of Jacob forever, on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. All lovers of Bible truth are invited to attend.

CHRISTIAN ALLIANCE.—OPEN-AIR SERVICES in Astor-place, at 5 P. M., by Rev. Dr. FLOY, Rev. E. E. REINKE, Rev. C. C. Goss and others. In Washington-square, same hour, by Rev. J. Q. ADAMS. Burling-slip, 4 P. M., by Rev. B. F. REMINGTON, of Brooklyn. Grand-st. and East River, 5 P. M., by Rev. WM. H. PENDLETON.

THE NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN Praying Band will conduct the religious services in the Chapel in King-st., west of Hudson-st., on SABBATH (to-morrow) AFTERNOON and EVENING. The public are invited. Seats free. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. and 1½ P. M. T. WALSH, Pastor.

REV. JAMES T. SMITH—ASSISTANT MINISTER at the Church of the Transfiguration, will preach in the Free Church of the Holy Martyrs, Forsyth-st., near Canal, SUNDAY EVENING. Persons moved in the neighborhood are cordially invited to this improved and renovated Church.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, East 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., Rev. ROBERT G. DICKSON, Pastor. Services 10½ A. M.; 7½ P. M. Emigrants, strangers at hotels, and all unconnected with any other church, will find a welcome here.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH—18TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-av., Rev. THOMAS GALLAUDET, Rector. Services at 10½ o'clock A. M., 3½ and 8 o'clock P. M., afternoon being for deaf mutes. The Rector will preach in the morning and afternoon, and Rev. F. C. EWER in the evening. Seats free.

INDEPENDENT METHODISTS. — PROF. MATTISON will preach as usual in the new Independent Methodist Church, 41st-st., near 6th-av., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., and at 7¾ P. M. Evening subject—*Reciprocal Duties of Husbands and Wives.* Seats cheerfully provided for all strangers.

MEMORIAL CHURCH, HAMMOND-STREET, corner Waverley-place. Rev. Dr. MORGAN, Rector of St. Thomas' Church, will preach on SUNDAY EVENING. Services at 10½ A. M., 4 and 8 o'clock P. M. Seats free.

FOURTH-AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of 4th-av. and 22d-st. Services in this church on SUNDAY, June 29, at 10½ o'clock in the Morning, and at 7¾ o'clock in the Evening. Rev. JOEL PARKER, D. D., Pastor.

"THE WOMAN OF CHRISTIANITY" will be the subject of the SUNDAY EVENING discourse at the Brooklyn Tabernacle. Rev. WILLIAM ALVIN BARTLETT, Pastor of Elm-place Congregational Church, will preach at 10½ A. M., and at 7¾ P. M.

REV. MR. GREENE, WHO WAS IMPRISONED for ten years in a Maryland jail for reading "Uncle Tom's Cabin," will preach in Shiloh Presbyterian Church, (Rev. H. H. GARNET'S,) on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

REV. G. T. FLANDERS WILL DELIVER a sermon to Young Men on SUNDAY EVENING, at the Second Universalist Church, 11th-st. and 2d-av. Morning service 10¾ o'clock. Strangers cordially invited.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH—Attorney-st.—Rev. WM. P. HAMMOND, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock. Rev. R. P. CHRISTOPHER 3 P. M. and the Pastor in the EVENING at 7¾ o'clock. The public invited. Seats free.

PREACHING FOR THE CRISIS.—THE Pastor of Mount Zion Church of the Advent will preach the good news of the coming kingdom of God, on SUNDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., in Union Buildings, No. 163 Bowery. Seats free.

FREE CHURCH OF THE INTERCESSOR —50th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs. SUNDAY, June 29—Morning service, at 10½ o'clock. Evening service, at 7¾ o'clock.

JOHN-STREET M. E. CHURCH.—REV. WM. H. MILBURN, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, and in the EVENING at 7¾. Seats free. Strangers are invited to attend.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—(Rev. Dr. ROCKWELL'S)—Schermerhorn, near Nevins-st., Brooklyn. Sabbath services until further notice, at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. Sabbath School at 9 A. M.

REV. H. B. RIDGEWAY, PASTOR OF St. Paul's M. E. Church, corner of 4th-av. and 22d-st., will preach at 10½ A. M. and 8 o'clock in the evening.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A GREAT BARGAIN IN REAL ESTATE. —For sale or exchange, a fine property, either as a country seat or a business location, being one of the best on Long Island, of many years' standing, 38 miles from the City, with which there is communication daily, by stage and railroad. It consists of 15 acres of garden land, well stocked with choice grafted fruits, grapes and berries; a store, 42x40; a good two-story and attic dwelling-house, six rooms on the ground; a double tenant-house, large barn, and all convenient out-houses. Sold at a bargain, if applied for soon. Address

E. S. BROWNE, Commack, Suffolk County,
Long Island, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THAT ELEGANT brown-stone front house No. 817 2d-av., southwest corner of 51st-st.; size 21x60; handsomely-finished and complete with all improvements, and in perfect order, built expressly by the owner for his own use; will be sold at a low figure on easy terms. May be seen during the day. Apply to JOHN FOLEY, Gold Pen Manufacturer, No. 160 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A BRICK HOUSE IN 70TH-ST., with two adjoining lots, or exchange for improved City property or farm near salt water, Long Island preferred; lots on 72d-st.; Croton water and gas in the house. Also, a handsome residence on 3d-av. and 72d-st., with 8 or 10 lots to let, more or less, as the parties may agree. All in good order. Apply to JOHN CALLAHAN, 3d-av. and 72d-st.

FIFTH-AVENUE.—FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT 4-story, brown-stone house No. 235 5th-av., corner 28th-st., with stable and stable lot on 28th-st.; late residence of Mayor Wood. Price $50,000.

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

PRINTING MATERIALS.

NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY,
(ESTABLISHED, 1823,)
REMOVED FROM NO. 29 SPRUCE-ST., TO
NO. 22 BEEKMAN-ST., NEAR NASSAU.

PRINTERS ARE INVITED TO CALL ON the subscriber, where they can be supplied with EVERY STYLE of PRINTING TYPES, made from UNRIVALED HARD METAL, and finished in the most accurate manner, with Presses and every article they require, at the LOWEST PRICE for cash or approved paper. ELECTROTYPING and STEREOTYPING; Second-hand Presses and materials bought and sold. Type copperfaced to order by the Newton Company. Old type taken in exchange for new at 10 cents per pound.

PETER C. CORTELYOU.

SOLDIERS' CLAIMS.

SOLDIERS, SEAMEN, OR THEIR RELATIVES, CAN HAVE THEIR $100 BOUNTY, PRIZE MONEY, ARREARS OF PAY AND PENSIONS, COLLECTED AND CASHED BY

J. NELSON LUCKEY, Army and Navy Agent,
Nos. 8 and 10 Pine-st.

AUCTION SALES.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

The sale of Mr. Bronson's horses, &c., advertised for this day will not take place, the establishment having been sold at private sale.

EDWARD SINTZENICH, Auctioneer.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

By C. W. DAVENPORT, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, at Nos. 155 and 157 Broadway, 20 children's elegantly finished cabs, chaises and other carriages.

EDWARD SINTZENICH, Auctioneer.

REFEREE'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—By C. W. DAVENPORT, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at Nos. 155 and 157 Broadway, pursuant to order of Referee, Silas Condry, Esq., to wit:

LAWRENCE vs. WEEKS ET AL.

It is ordered, in the above case, that the furniture, whereof a schedule is annexed, shall be sold by public auction, on SATURDAY, June 28, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, by Edward Sintzenich, Auctioneer, at No. 155 Broadway, said sale to be advertised two days in the New-York *Herald.* SILAS CONDRY, Referee.

SCHEDULE.

12 black walnut hat-trees.
4 suites of carved walnut chamber furniture, with marble top.
3 oak extension tables.
19 walnut extension tables.
14 carved walnut centre tables.
11 oak fancy tables.
11 mahogany fancy tables.
11 walnut fancy tables.
Lot of pine lumber and mats.
10 sets library steps.
4 black walnut sideboards.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON DELANCEY-STREET, AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, July 2, 1862, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

DELANCEY-STREET—The lease of the lot, with the buildings thereon, No. 255 Delancey-st., between Sheriff and Columbia sts. The lease has about 7 years to run, ground rent $150 per annum.

Also the lot, together with the buildings thereon, No. 257 Delancey-st., adjoining the above. On each of the above lots are a three-story and basement brick house in front and a two-story brick house in the rear. Lots each, 18.6x87.6; property free from incumbrance. Terms cash. Maps and particulars at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-street.

OFFICE OF THE U. S. PRIZE COMMISSIONERS,
No. 39 CHAMBERS-STREET.

PUBLIC SALE OF PRIZE PROPERTY.—By the United States Marshal, under the direction of the U. S. Prize Commissioners, on TUESDAY next, the 1st day of July, at 12 o'clock M., at the Union Stores, near Hamilton Ferry, Brooklyn. SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer, the cargo of the schooner *Wave,* consisting of

12 barrels Molasses.
61 barrels Sugar.
23 barrels Rice.
50 bales Tobacco.
203 bales Tobacco.
50 bags Rice.

Also the cargo of the schooner *Garonne,* consisting of 164 bales Tobacco. E. H. OWEN, HENRY H. ELLIOTT, U. S. Prize Comm'rs.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer,
Office, No. 130 Broadway.

CABINET MAKER'S STOCK—BROCATELLE, DAMASK, HAIR-CLOTH, &c.—A. C. TUTTLE will sell on MONDAY, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 230 Hudson-st., (corner of Broome-st.,) the balance of stock of M. S. McNamara, Esq., who retires from the business. N. B.—This sale will include the best portion of the stock.

Also, satin damask, brocatelles, plush, hair-cloth, &c.
Also, horse, spring-cart and harness.
The whole to be sold without reserve, to suit the trade and others. Deposits required.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on SATURDAY, June 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st.:

A general assortment of household furniture, consisting of a general description, viz.: carpets, mahogany and black walnut furniture, pier and mantel mirrors, &c.

Also, at 12 o'clock,
15 cases, 12 bottles each, old rye whisky.
Also, for account of whom it may concern, 40 cases sparkling and still Scuppernong wine.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL, at auction, on SATURDAY, June 28, at 12 o'clock, in front of our store, No. 23 Nassau-st., a very fine long-tail sorrell trotting mare; very easy under the saddle; seven years; 14½ or 16 hands high; in fine condition. Sold on account of the owner leaving the City.

JOHN H. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 444 Canal-st., a fine bay horse, 6 years old, sound and kind; one sleigh, one cutting machine, hose and pipe. Also, a fine assortment of furniture, carpets, beds and bedding, oil-cloths, kitchen ware, &c.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GLASS LETTERS

BEAUTIFUL, ATTRACTIVE AND BRILLIANT, GILDED OR STAINED, as adopted for first-class Store Windows, &c. They cost but little more than, and long outlast, ordinary gilding, and can be removed. Also, Wood, Metal, Porcelain and other Sign Letters. Dépôt No. 93 John-st., New-York. WILLIAM H. KINSLEY. MISCELLANEOUS DRUGS, &c., for sale low.

OLD-ESTABLISHED CROCKERY AND glass-ware business for disposal, in one of the largest cities in the State of Ohio; store situated on the leading business street, and in a first-rate location for business. Rent moderate, and lease if desired. The stock of goods now on hand is small, well-assorted and desirable. The present owner has carried on a profitable business for 11 years, and now disposes of it from failing health. For further particulars, apply at or address A. J. F., *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

LUMBER-YARD FOR SALE.—THE STOCK, fixtures, good-will and real estate of a well-established lumber-yard, doing a good business, for sale on easy terms; or, the yard would be leased, if preferred; a rare chance for any one desirous of engaging in a paying business. Apply personally or by letter, to the subscriber, on the premises, foot of 130th-st. and North River, Manhattanville, N. Y. W. DUNNING.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $4,000 CASH—IN the best paying hotel in the City. This is no humbug, but will bear the closest examination. Agents not treated with. For full particulars, address MADISON, Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE.—THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND good will of a house-furnishing and crockery store in Brooklyn; only a small amount required in cash; remainder in real estate, 1st mortgage, or short indorsed notes. Address X. Y. Z., Brooklyn Post-office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN THE MILLINERY business, with a small amount of capital. Address Box No. 160 *Times* Office, stating where an interview may be had.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—IN A GOOD neighborhood, up town; will be sold at a sacrifice to a cash customer. Apply at No. 535 10th-av., between 43d and 44th sts.

HARDWARE TO EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE, with or without the stand; established for a number of years. Apply at No. 303 8th-av.

FARMS.

FOR SALE.—HUDSON RIVER FARM FOR sale at auction, by order of the Surrogate, being the late residence of Roswell Reed, deceased, at Coxsackie, containing one hundred and thirty-five acres; is in very fine order, and highly cultivated; has an extensive river-front and wharf, with two farm-houses, which, with the outbuildings, are all new, and built in the most thorough and improved manner; the orchards are large, and a part of the soil is unsurpassed for grapes, fruit, &c. The location is perfectly healthy, with beautiful river and mountain views; communication by cars and steamboat with New-York and Albany six times daily. The premises possess superior attractions for a gentleman's country-seat, or for an agriculturist, combined with the cultivation of grapes, fruits, &c., and for conveniences and advantages is equal to any farm in the State. The sale will take place on the farm, on the 1st day of July, at 12 o'clock, and will be sold without reserve, or postponement, to close the estate. Ten or twelve thousand dollars can remain on bond and mortgage, if desired. Possession on the day of sale. Ezra Fitch, Esq., on the adjoining farm, will show the premises, boundary lines, &c.

ALMET REED,
PETER A. VAN BERGEN,
Administrators, No. 195 Broadway.

FARM FOR SALE.—A RARE CHANCE—ON Long Island, 2½ hours from the City; 110 acres; under good cultivation; well stocked with fruit and a piece of heavy timber; will be sold with the growing crops if desired. Inquire of J. E. BRUSH, No. 4 Chatham-square. House, barn and outhouses in good order.

COAL, &C.

ANTHRACITE COAL.

CARGOES AFLOAT,

Cargoes of prime Schuylkill White Ash Coal, Black Heath Vein and Red Ash Diamond Vein, Broken, Egg and Stove, for sale by

CHAS. A. HECKSCHER & CO.,
No. 45 South-st.

CUMBERLAND COAL AFLOAT, FROM George's Creek, now landing from schooner *Ann,* and for sale by SYLVANUS S. WARD, 411 Washington-st.

HOTELS.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE WASHINGTON HOTEL, LIVERPOOL.

This new and magnificent building, the finest and most elaborately finished hotel in the United Kingdom, covers an area of 1,200 square yards and contains 200 noble and spacious rooms, fitted up with every requisite and luxury that modern art and experience can furnish.

The chief coffee room will accommodate 300 visitors, and is conducted on the American and Continental system.

The Hotel is situated on a commanding and beautiful site, in the very heart of the town, opposite the chief railway station, St. Georges Hall, Free Public Library and Museum, the Wellington Monument, and within easy distance of the new Great Landing Stage on the River Mersey.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

TRY DUNLOP'S
SPLENDID ALE,
IN CASK AND BOTTLED,
Wholesale and for family use.
W. MARR, Agent,
No. 69 Liberty-st., New-York.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS. —A steady young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; is capable of either situation; can do any kind of family sewing by machine or needle, or do waiting; can give good City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 250 Division-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young girl, in a small private family, as chambermaid and waitress, or would like to assist in the care of children; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 126 West 26th-st., top floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; no objections to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 98 West 26th-st., in the rear. Best of City reference can be given.

AS COOK.—A FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH COOK wishes a situation in a private family; has lived in the first families at home and here; understands all kinds of family cooking; has no objection to go to the country; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 80 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED A SITUATION BY A respectable woman, as first-class cook; is a most excellent baker of bread and pastry; can make all kinds of dessert; the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days No. 307 Mott-st., near Bleecker, in the store, or on the second floor.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS GOOD cook in a private family; is an excellent washer and ironer, and a good baker, with the best of City reference from her last place; can be seen for two days, at No. 143 West 36th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS A situation as good cook; willing to assist in the washing and ironing; willing to do general housework; best of City reference. Call at 110 West 15th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as cook and to assist with the washing and ironing; understands cooking in all it branches; no objection to the country; has the best o references. Call at No. 62 West Washington-place.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER, OR GENERAL SERVANT.—A respectable, steady, young woman, with the best of reference, desires a situation in City or country, in either of the above capacities; will be found a good cook and baker, excellent washer and ironer, willing and obliging. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front. Wages moderate.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A respectable young woman wants a situation; does good plain cooking; is an excellent washer and ironer; can bake good bread and plain pastries; will go to the country; good reference from her last place. Call at the Institute, No. 97 4th-av.

AS LADY'S MAID.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT young girl, who can give good City references, a situation in a family as lady's maid, or would take charge of children; understands hair-dressing, and is a nice seamstress. Can be seen for two days at No. 136 West 13th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS WET NURSE.—A LADY HAVING LOST her child, which was but one day old, wishes a child to wet nurse, of which she will take as good care as if her own. Inquire at No. 318 10th-st., top floor, front room.

AS NURSE, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, situations by two respectable young women, one as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or to do general housework; have no objections to the country. Can be seen for two days—one with five years', and the other, two years' reference. Call at No. 207 West 18th-st., near 8th-av., present employer.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT, tidy woman, with excellent City reference, a situation as nurse and waitress on a lady and child; is quick at the needle; no objection to the country, or to do a lady's washing; wages $6 to $7. Call at No. 184 East 21st-st., or send a note.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young girl as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 8 East 36th-st., between 5th and Madison avs.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, IN the habit of doing family washing, wishes to obtain some, either by the month, week or dozen; does French fluting in the best style; can be highly recommended by those she has worked for. Address No. 90 Carroll-st., Brooklyn.

ABUNDANCE OF GOOD SERVANTS TO be had, civil, neat, and capable, at the largest old-established Institute, on the corner of 6th-av. and 11th-st., for German, Irish, English, Protestant and American women. Conducted by Mrs. FLOYD. Good places always ready. German is spoken here.

WANTED—BY A RESPONSIBLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation to attend a bakery or confectionary; understands the business perfectly; or to travel with or wait upon a lady. Call or address No. 443 3d-av.

MALES.

AS BOOK-KEEPER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as book-keeper's assistant, or as an entry clerk; City reference given. Address H. W., 35 West 44th-st.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family, by a respectable single man, who perfectly understands his business; has no objection to town or country. Apply at No. 88 East 15th-st., for two days.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter, by a respectable and thoroughly experienced young man, with the best of City references. Apply at Corwin's grocery, No. 900 Broadway, corner 20th-st., for two days.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE middled aged man, a situation in a private family; the best of City reference. Address R. B., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

AN ENTRY CLERK.—WANTED, A DRY good's entry clerk; one used to hosiery preferred; salary, $400. Address B. B., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

A SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A WOMAN three days in every week, who is capable of doing the finest sewing, and also understands French fluting perfectly. Apply, for two days, at No. 135 2d-av., between 10 and 12 o'clock.

AGENTS WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN ALL through the country, to sell our New and Superior Style Prize Packages. We manufacture all kinds Prize Packages. $15 per day made easy. Business genteel and sales quick. Send for circulars. S. C. RICHARDS & CO., No. 102 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR A SHORT VOYAGE. — WANTED, 25 landsmen, also seamen, carpenters, blacksmiths, cooks, stewards, and coopers, for whaling voyages, navy and merchant ships; all clothing furnished. Those wishing to go will apply at No. 87 West-st., corner of Albany, North River, up stairs.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE TIMES' BUILDING—Fronting Spruce-st., suitable for lawyers' offices. Inquire in the *Times'* Counting-room.

DOCK PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Situated at Williamsburgh, two blocks south of the ferries to Roosevelt and Grand sts., at the foot of South 9th-st., being 150 feet front on 1st-st., running down to the East River over 360 feet, with wharf 150 feet front of 20 feet depth at low water; and a return dock of 175 feet, with the privilege of extending Piers out into the river to the exterior water line, about 250 feet; containing about 22 lots of ground. Has been used for the last seven years for the storage of naval stores and oil; being covered by sheds, is well calculated for a sugar refinery or any other manufacturing business. Inquire of EVANDER BERRY, No. 40 1st-st., opposite.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS BRICK HOUSE, WITH water and gas, corner of Warren and Henry sts., Brooklyn; the house will be repainted, and put in complete repair, and possession given on the 1st of May. Rent moderate. Apply to A. G. JEROME, 20 Exchange-place.

ROOMS WITH STEAM POWER TO LET, at the Empire Works, foot of East 24th-st. Engines 1,000 horse-power. SAMUEL LEGGETT, Superintendent.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE, NEAT, THREE-STORY brick house, No. 109 West 46th-st., at $250 per year to a responsible tenant. Apply to DANIEL THOMPSON, No. 1,267 Broadway.

STORE IN THE BIBLE-HOUSE TO LET —Fronting on Astor-place—a very desirable location. Inquire at the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av. entrance.

TO LET—VERY DESIRABLE OFFICES IN THE Bible House, Astor-place, on second and third stories. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av. entrance.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY—TO LOVERS OF THE COUNTRY AND COMFORT.—A house is to let, the situation of which is, unquestionably, the healthiest in the United States. The said house will be rented for a term of five or six years, (not for less, it will be sold in preference,) completely furnished, and, if desired, with it an excellent family horse, carriage, saddle, &c.; as well as a stock of first-class wines, by the bottle or the case, including several baskets of 1846 in bottles, and about half a cask of first quality Cognac 20 years old, with ale, cider, &c. For further particulars, apply to Mr. CHARLES LASALLE, at the office of the *Courrier des Etats Unis,* No. 92 Walker-st.

MACHINERY, &C.

STEAM-ENGINE WANTED—OF 80 TO 100 horse power, in good working order, with suitable flue boilers, for which cash will be paid. Address immediately, with full particulars, STEAM ENGINE, Box No. 134 *Times* Office.

TODD & RAFFERTY, MANUFACTURERS of Stationery, Portable Engines, Boilers, Flax, Hemp, Oakum, Rope machinery, No. 13 Dey-st. Second hand engines constantly on hand. Works, Paterson, N. J.

STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE—NEARLY new, of 100-horse power; also, a 4-horse and a donkey engine. Can be seen at No. 79 Mangin-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

A COUNTRY SEAT OR FARM, OR SMALL house, furnished, in this City, wanted in exchange for A 1 first mortgage 7 per cent. railroad bonds. Must be free and clear, and principals only dealt with.

G. W. BROWN, No. 98 Broadway.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT GIMBREDE'S, NO. 588 BROADWAY —Wedding cards, envelopes, note-paper, monograms, seals, albums, etc., at reasonable prices. See the $4 album, (50 pictures,) sold at $3; others proportionately cheap.

DRY GOODS.

POPULAR GOODS AT POPULAR PRICES.

ELEGANT DRESS SHIRTS,

on hand and made to order.

THREE AND FOUR-PLY LINEN COLLARS.

Latest London and Paris styles.

GAUZE MERINO SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

Highly recommended for Summer use.

THREAD GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS,

At much less than regular prices.

FINE LISLE THREAD HOSE AND HALF HOSE,

Unrivaled in style and quality.

CALF PROMENADE GLOVES,

New and beautiful colors.

ENGLISH FANCY FLANNEL SHIRTS,

For the Army, Navy and Travelers.

SUSPENDERS AND UMBRELLAS,

A splendid assortment.

A large and elegant variety of the above goods will be found, at popular prices, at

UNION ADAMS', No. 637 Broadway.

SUMMER MANTILLAS.
WHITE BAREGE MANTILLAS.
BLACK BAREGE MANTILLAS.
BLACK HERNANI MANTILLAS.
LACE POINTS, from $2 50 to $30.
E. S. MILLS & CO.,
No. 381 Broadway.

GLOVES—GLOVES—GLOVES.—200 DOZEN kid-made Silk at 38c.; 500 dozen Ladies' Hose—fine Hose—25c.; Ladies' and Misses' Undergarments; best Paris Kid, 63c. Also, Alexandre's and Couvoisier's Kid and Silk Gloves, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st.

WASH SILKS AND REAL PINE-APPLE GOODS, and all other scarce and curious articles; American Indian Bark and Bead Work, Fans, with other varieties at FOUNTAIN'S India Store, 653 Broadway.

MILLINERY.

MRS. WM. SIMMONS WILL CLOSE THE balance of her Spring and Summer millinery goods at prices worthy of the attention of the ladies of this vicinity. MRS. WM. SIMMONS.

INSTRUCTION.

ALL PRINCIPALS, SCHOOL OFFICERS, and others, who desire to learn, through the "AMER. SCHOOL INST.," of well qualified teachers, *for any department of instruction,* are requested to notify us as early as convenient. No charge to those seeking teachers. Well prepared TEACHERS are invited to call.

References: Rev. J. H. Brakeley, Pres't Female College, Bordentown, N. J.; John H. Willard, Troy, N. Y.; D. C. Van Norman, LL.D., New-York; Prof. J. A. Porter, Yale College; Pres't Hitchcock, Amherst; M. N. Wisewell, Eagleswood Military School, N. J.; Hon. Henry Barnard, LL.D., Hartford; W. H. Wells, Supt. Instruction, Chicago; Barnes & Burr, Ivison, Phinney & Co., Blakeman & Mason, Publishers, N. Y.

G. S. WOODMAN & COMPANY,
Educational Agents, No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

AMER. EDUCATIONAL BUREAU—NO. 561 Broadway. Schools supplied with competent teachers, and parents with school circulars gratuitously. Wanted, a teacher of military tactics and mathematics—a graduate of West Point preferred. Also, several teachers (ladies) of music, English, &c.

SMITH, WILLSON & CO.

RIDING ACADEMY—5TH-AV., CORNER OF 39TH-ST.—Mr. DISBROW has opened his school for the Summer season, for the accommodation of strangers sojourning in the City. A course of five private lessons will enable a lady or gentleman to ride with ease and safety.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 218 4th-st., on Washington-square, corner of Macdougal-st., (CLARKE & FANNING, Rectors, with twelve assistants,) prepares pupils of all ages for business or College.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. —The Forty-ninth Semi-annual Session will commence May 1. For circulars address the Principal,

D. S. ROWE, A. M.

YOUTHS' HOME BOARDING-SCHOOL, on a farm, near Hackensack, N. J. Terms, $120 per year. For circulars, address A. B. WINANT, Principal.

TEACHERS.

THE NATIONAL TEACHERS' INSTITUTE wants CORRESPONDENTS in each TOWN, VILLAGE and CITY, requiring about an hour daily. N. B.—TEACHERS everywhere, both GENTLEMEN and LADIES, are directly interested, as well as all PRINCIPALS and TRUSTEES of SCHOOLS. Explanatory EDUCATIONAL CIRCULARS sent by return mail. Address SECRETARY OF INSTITUTE, No. 335 Broadway, New-York.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.—A GENTLEMAN RESIDING near Boston, who has had for many years the care and instruction of youth in Spanish countries, propose to receive four or five youth, of Spanish or French descent, for the purpose of teaching them English in the shortest time possible. He refers to George G. Hobson, Esq., No. 42 South-st., and to Theodore W. Riley, Esq., No. 7 West 16th-st., New-York. Address E. W., Box No. 4,223, Post-office, Boston.

TO TEACHERS.—THE PRINCIPAL OF A first-class Young Ladies' School, near New-York, will require, for September, a native French lady; a teacher of mathematics and Latin; also, a lady to teach piano and singing. They must be experienced, and superior in qualifications. Applications, with recommendations, should be addressed PRINCIPAL, Box No. 2,172 New-York Post-office.

AS GOVERNESS.—A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS wanted by an English Protestant lady, accustomed to tuition. She teaches French, Italian and German, acquired on the Continent of Europe. Also, music and all the branches of a sound English education. The best references given and required. Address (postpaid) T. W. L., to be left till called for, Station G, Post-office, New-York.

A TEACHER IN ONE OF THE LEADING City schools, possessing the highest recommendations, desires an engagement to teach classics, English or French, during the Summer vacation, or longer if necessary. Address TEACHER, Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

A GRADUATE OF A NEW-ENGLAND College, experienced in teaching, and whose present engagement closes July 1, desires a situation; is willing to teach the whole or part of the time; City references and the highest testimonials given. Address H. A., Box No. 499 New-York Post-office.

MUSICAL.

$150. BEST PIANO. **$150.**

GROVESTEEN & HALE, having removed to their new warerooms, No. 478 Broadway, are now prepared to offer the public a magnificent new scale full 7-octave rosewood piano-forte, containing all improvements known in this country or Europe, over-strung bass, French grand action, harp pedal, full iron frame, for $150 cash, warranted for five years. Rich moulding cases, $175 to $200, all warranted made of the best seasoned material, and to stand better than any sold for $400 or $500 by the old methods of manufacture. We invite the best judges to examine and try these new instruments, and we stand ready at all times to test them with any others manufactured in this country.

GROVESTEEN & HALE, No. 478 Broadway, N. Y.

STEINWAY & SONS' GOLD MEDAL PATENT OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS have been awarded the first premium wherever and whenever exhibited in competition with the best makes of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and are now considered the best Pianos manufactured.

A written guarantee for five years given with each instrument.

Warerooms, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS. —First-class. For sale, to let, or sold on installments, on favorable terms. Peloubet Harmoniums, one, two or three banks of keys, $80 to $400. Cottage Pianos, fully warranted, 6¾ and 7-octave, $175 to $300.

J. M. PELTON, 841 and 843 Broadway, New-York.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES TO INSTRUCT one or more pupils for music, during the Summer, in exchange for board, in the country. Address L., Box No. 169 New-York *Times* Office, stating location, &c.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HORSES FOR SALE.

A superb pair of horses; one white, of splendid action, fifteen hands, flag-tail, smart and reliable; the other black, and a perfect coupé horse, of fine action, flag-tail, carries himself very nobly, is a splendid horse, perfectly sound, fifteen hands, and gentle. Also, a bay horse, *Staver,* 5 years old, very rapid, perfectly sound and gentle, about fourteen hands high; is perfectly reliable. Address Box No. 3,329 Post-office. Application for one week.

FOR SALE.—A PAIR OF FINE CARRIAGE horses, with coach, harness, etc., for sale, either together or separately. Terms liberal. Apply at No. 248 Madison-av., New-York City.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, IN 25TH-ST., between Broadway and 6th-av., A POINT LACE HANDKERCHIEF. The finder will be handsomely rewarded and receive the thanks of the owner, by returning it to No. 46 East 12th-st.

LOST.—TRUSTEE'S SCRIP NO. 498 OF ERIE Railroad, for $6,400, in favor of Joseph Baldwin. Transfer of the same has been stopped. A reasonable compensation by leaving with H. N. OTIS, Secretary.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR PRODUCTIVE Real Estate, at Newark, N. J., situated on Broad and High sts., with two fronts. One of the most elegant establishments in the vicinity of New-York. The house is 64 feet wide, with various depths, built of stone, in the most costly and complete manner, finished with every modern convenience, and beautifully surrounded with evergreens and shade trees. There are 1½ acres of ground, 148 feet on Broad-st. and 155 feet on High-st. The upper part of the garden is tastefully laid out in serpentine walks, filled with evergreen trees and shrubbery. Grape arbor 124 feet long, with several kinds of choice grapes—all kinds of berries and fruits. Also, two beautiful Summer-houses. Large brick barn and chicken-house, stable, coach-house, &c. Terms easy. The place must be seen to be appreciated. A photographic view of the house, with full particulars, may be seen at the office of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE ON the banks of the Hudson, one hour's ride from City Hall, and within five minutes' walk of a dépôt on Hudson River Railroad. The place contains four acres of ground tastefully laid out in lawn and garden; an abundance of shade and fruit trees of choice varieties. The house is large and commodious, with all modern improvements; house for gardener, with fine stable, and carriage-house attached; valuable water front. For full particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.; or address HUDSON, Box No. 3,800 New-York Post-office.

HUDSON RIVER—50 ACRES—$16,000.—ELEGANT river view for 30 miles; modern buildings; plenty of all kinds of fruit; furnished and stocked ready for immediate use; very healthy; Hudson River Railroad runs through the farm; 35 miles from New-York. A very rare opportunity. For sale or exchange. Apply to W. ELLIOTT, seed-store, No. 27 John-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—A COTTAGE with 12 acres of land, on Throg's Neck, near Pelham Bridge; fine view of the water; plenty of fruit and shade trees, and grounds tastefully arranged. Apply to W. F. WARING, Security Life Insurance and A. Company, No. 31 Pine-st.

COUNTRY HOUSE—PARTIALLY FURNISHED, near Garrison's Station, opposite West Point, to let or lease. Apply to T. M. FRANKLIN, office No. 7, 2d floor, Union Building, No. 52 William-st., or W. D. GARRISON, near the dépôt, at Garrison's Station, Hudson River Railroad.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 48 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,—A SMALL COUNTRY place pleasantly situated on the east side of Cold Spring Harbor, L. I. Inquire of JAMES GARDNER, Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., or of TITUS, FRAZEE & TITUS, No. 86 Market-slip, New-York.

BERGEN POINT, N. J.—COTTAGE HOUSE to let at Bergen Point for three months, from July 1; beautifully situated, with water front. Apply at No. 84 Gold-st.

FOR SALE—A PLEASANT PLACE FOR SALE, near South Orange. Terms easy. Apply to J. W. SHEDDEN, No. 363 Bowery, corner 4th-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—AN ELIGIBLE APARTMENT IN A very small, unobtrusive family to let, with board, to an invalid or a lady expecting to require medical care, kindness and home attention. For location, terms, &c., apply to or address Dr. THIERS, No. 1,217 Broadway, New-York. N. B.—Superior country residence.

BOARDING.—A COOL AND PLEASANT FRONT room and bedroom on the second floor, together or separate, with full or partial board. Dinner at 6. Apply at No. 72 2d-av., corner of 4th-st. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—LARGE AND DESIRABLE ROOMS for families or single gentlemen, with or without board, at No. 19 Bond-st. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—MAY BE OBTAINED by two single gentlemen in a strictly private family, where there are no other boarders. Location very pleasant, near South Ferry. References required. Address E. C., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—TO LET, A FRONT room, with bedroom attached, in a private family; convenient to the ferries; location unexceptionable. Terms moderate. Address, with real name, J. R., Box No. 4,100 New-York Post-office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—FROM JULY 1.—Pleasant front rooms, in suites or single, for families or single gentlemen. Apply at No. 139 Joralemon-st., first house from Court. References required.

BOARD WITH A PRIVATE FAMILY.—A gentleman and his wife can be accommodated with board in a private family residing at Glenwood, about one hour's ride or sail from the City—situated on the Hudson River. Excellent accommodations and good fare will be given. Price $18 per week, and no abatement. Address D. T. M., No. 52 East 13th-st.

BROOKLYN.—A LARGE SQUARE ROOM, WELL furnished, will be let to a gentleman and wife, or two single gents, with excellent board, for the moderate sum of $48 per month. Gas and fuel included. Location on Clinton-st., convenient to Wall-st. and Fulton Ferries. Address Mrs. A., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED LARGE OR small rooms to let to single gentlemen without board, or to gentleman and wife with board, in a small family; house has modern improvements, cool, pleasant, healthy and conveniently situated, and kept in the best order. Dinner at 6. Terms moderate. Apply at 82 2d-av.

FURNISHED ROOMS—IN A PLEASANT AND convenient location, to let at moderate prices, with partial board if desired, in a private family. Apply at No 42 St. Mark's-place.

HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS, AT MODERATE prices, can be had at No. 42 Clinton-place, corner of University-place.

CHAS. LEFLER, Proprietor.

COUNTRY BOARD.—LARGE FARM-HOUSE, with boats on the lake, two hours ride on the Harlem Railroad. Inquire at No. 326 Bowery.

ROOMS, WITH BOARD, TO LET AT NO. 52 East 16th-st., near Irving-place, and in the vicinity of Union Park. References exchanged.

COUNTRY BOARD.

BOARD NEAR GLEN COVE.—THE SUBSCRIBERS have opened their residence at Meadowside, for the reception of Summer boarders. A large farm house well shaded, with airy rooms, situated near the water, with bathing, &c. Location healthy, surrounded with shady and beautiful walks and drives. Accommodations for horses and carriages. Stage daily to steamer. Address Locust Valley, L. I., W. C. & J. D. FEEKS; or personally, EUGENE B. FRANKLIN, Nos. 13 and 20 West-st.

COUNTRY BOARD AT GREAT NECK, L. I. —One hour from New-York, by steamer *Jesse Hoyt,* from Peck-slip at 3¾ o'clock; immediately on the water; a suite of rooms will be let, with board, to a desirable party for the Summer. For particulars apply to SAMUEL T. SKIDMORE, Esq., No. 66 Wall-st., or to JOHN F. UNDERHILL, Esq., No. 67 Wall-st., or to WM. TREDWELL, Great Neck, L. I.

COUNTRY BOARD AT MILTON, ON THE HUDSON.—The location of the house and grounds is as fine as any on the Hudson. The house is well shaded by trees, and commands a fine view of the Hudson, and the grounds extend to the river. Apply to Mrs. J. L. CRAFT, Milton, Ulster County, N. Y., or to JOHN J. ANGEVENE, No. 2 Wall-st., N. Y.

BOARD AT CORNWALL, N. Y.—STANTON House is now opened; all who desire to engage for the Summer will please make an early application. The proprietor flatters himself in saying that he will satisfy the most fastidious. All applications must be made by post. Satisfactory references will be given. Address

GEORGE F. STANTON.

SUMMER BOARD AT A FARM HOUSE, 30 miles from the City, near Glen Cove, L. I. Situation by the water, and pleasantly cool and breezy. Terms reasonable, and table liberally supplied. Also, accommodation for carriage and horses. Steamer *Jesse Hoyt* leaves Peck-slip daily, at 3:45 P. M. Apply to RICHARD COX, Esq., No. 150 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE PROCURED at a commodious farm-house in Ulster County, near Poughkeepsie; the location is very healthy and pleasing, two miles from the river; pure mountain air and medicinal Springs. Address H. E., Box No. 4,036 Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD MAY BE HAD IN A private family in Centreville, six miles from Jersey City, on the plank road to Bergen Point, accessible by stage or steamboat. JACOB A. VAN HORN.

SUMMER RESORTS.

OCEAN HOUSE,
NEWPORT, R. I.,

Messrs. KERNER & BIRCH beg to inform their friends and the public that the OCEAN HOUSE will be opened for the reception of guests on the 1st of July.

Also, that they intend to keep it in every respect FIRST-CLASS, and worthy of a continuance of the extensive and highly appreciated patronage it has hitherto enjoyed. The music will be furnished by Mr. Wm. G. Dietrich's favorite Harmonic Orchestra, which has been engaged for the season.

Rooms can be engaged at the Ocean House, or at the Clarendon Hotel, New-York, where a diagram of the house can be seen. KERNER & BIRCH.

CLARENDON HOTEL, New-York, June 13, 1862.

FIRE ISLAND, June 25, 1862.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM HIS patrons and the public that he has recently purchased and fitted up for the reception of visitors the Hotel at Penataquit, town of Islip, L. I., formerly known as the New-York, on the direct route to this place. His old house, on the beach at Fire Island, will be continued as formerly, under the supervision of Mrs. DOMINY. Every facility for fishing, sailing, bathing, &c., for which the locality is famous, will be furnished parties who may favor him with their patronage at either house. Route—From James-slip and 34th-st. to Hunter's Point; Long Island Railroad to Thompson's Station; stage to Penataquit, and steamboat to Fire Island. Fare through $1 75.

FELIX DOMINY.

THE PAVILION HOTEL, ROCKAWAY, will be opened for the season on the 14th of June. Families can obtain rooms in suite, or completely furnished cottages, with or without board. Arrangements have been made to run stages to and from all the trains of the Long Island, Brooklyn and Jamaica Central Railway during the season.

RICHFIELD WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, OTSEGO CO., N. Y.—The Spring House at Richfield Springs will open for the reception of visitors May 31. A telegraph line is now in operation to this place. The celebrated Richfield Sulphur Water is kept for sale by F. S. Cozzens, No. 73 Warren-st., New-York.

JOSHUA WHITNEY.

MARBLE WORKS.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST AND cheapest marble mantels can be bought at KLABER'S Marble Yards, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., and No. 54 1st-av., near 3d-st., New-York. Mantels put up in any part of the country.

MEDICAL.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT. The best external remedy known. Prepared from the receipt of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great natural bone-setter. Try it. For sale everywhere. Price 25 cents. MORGAN & ALLEN, Agents, No. 46 Cliff-st.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by Dr. WARD & CO., No. 12 Laight-st., near Canal, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. By his special experience in this much-neglected branch of medical science he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhea or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhea of long standing, where all internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance, failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD & CO., No. 12 Laight-st., the only place.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 18 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weakness, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

SURE CURE.—DR. POWERS, SUCCESSFULLY consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st. He gives advice free, and guarantees an immediate cure or no pay. Glorious triumph of medicine. Dr. POWERS' sure specific remedies for syphilitic, mercurial and all other delicate diseases; for certainty unapproached, and for the entire eradication of disease, nothing besides can positively be relied upon; try them and be convinced. Dr. POWERS' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions. Office No. 12 Laight-st. Dr. POWERS' French Preventive, the greatest invention of the age. Those who have used them are never without them. Price, $4 per dozen; mailed free on receipt of the price. Address Dr. POWERS, No. 12 Laight-st.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, PHYSIOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.—By C. D. HAMMOND, M. D., formerly Professor of Special Anatomy, &c., in the Syracuse Medical College, New-York. Revised Edition. Price $1 mailed. Those who have been disappointed in the use of so-called "Specific" remedies for the cure of Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and kindred complaints, would do well to procure a copy of this Book, and read especially pages 113, 114, 115, and 264 to 269. To be had only of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 13 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE —Containing nearly 300 pages, and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs in a state of health and disease; with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body; with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED BY DR. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE.—This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions. Success in every instance is as certain as that water quenches thirst. Office No. 12 Laight-st., the only place. Prevention better than cure. Dr. POWERS' French Preventive or Patent Vulcanized Safe. Those who have used them are never without them. Price $4 per dozen; mailed free on receipt of remittance.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—EXCLUSIVE treatment of diseases of females. Patients from a distance provided with private board, nursing, &c. Remedies for monthly derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed. The Mother's Almanac and Ladies' Private Circular, containing particulars, mailed free, in letter form, on receipt of four stamps. Write for it and escape quackery. Office address—Dr. THIERS, No. 1,217 Broadway.

READ! READ! READ!—ALL WHO ARE afflicted with salt rheum, scrofula, dyspepsia, chilblains, boils, &c., will do well to use the EASTON MINERAL WATER. It is an infallible remedy. Hundreds have used it, and can bear testimony to its efficacy. Try it; it is invaluable. Sent to any part of the country, in quantities to suit the purchaser. For sale at the store of S. STERLING, Jr., No. 84 Water-st., Bridgeport, Conn. Circulars sent free to any part of the country.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J. with the certainty of receiving honorable treatment.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. The French Preventive, $4 per dozen. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. You who have contracted that soul and body-destroying vice, Secret Habits, Dr. HUNTER'S Red Drop cures the worst cases. Price $1, with a book.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the Scalpel, and Operating and Consulting Surgeon, No. 42 5th-av. Office consultations on the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, piles, varicocele, and fistula, radically cured without the knife or ligature. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings. Consultation fee $5.

NO CURE NO PAY.—S. R. KING, M. D., CURES rheumatism, neuralgia, gout, dropsy, and all chronic diseases, with new chemical and electrical application, and mercury removed from the system, &c. Office, No. 367 Broome-st., New-York.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Benefactor. The great periodical remedy, infallible for the immediate removal of monthly obstructions. Office, No. 12 Laight-st., near Canal, where Dr. WARD can be consulted confidentially, day or evening.

NOTICE.—DR. C. D. HAMMOND (AUTHOR OF "NERVOUS DEBILITY," &c.) has returned from Europe, and may be consulted as heretofore, at No. 31 East 27th-st., fifth house from Madison-av., from 8 to 10, 1 to 3, and 6 to 9 evening.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb, unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some pitiful patient, who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it; and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 15 three-cent stamps, 300 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

DENTISTRY.

DRS. GRIFFIN, NO. 258 GRAND-ST., OPPOSITE Lord & Taylor's, New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting full or partial sets of their improved artificial teeth, with or without extracting the roots. Full sets on gold or plating, $25; silver or rubber $10; partial sets gold, per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1. Extracting, 25 cts.

OCULISTS AND AURISTS.

DEAFNESS, DISCHARGES FROM THE ears, blindness, chronic inflammation, weakness of sight, also nervous affections and catarrh, the frequent cause of blindness and deafness, cured by Dr. GRAVES, No. 609 Broadway, New-York. Consultation free.

HIGHLY SCENTED AMERICAN TOOTH POWDER

THE FOLLOWING RENDERS COMMENT SUPERFLUOUS:

PRESIDENTIAL MANSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22, 1862.

Dr. AMOS JOHNSON, No. 73 East 12th-st., New-York:

SIR: The case containing your FAR-FAMED TOOTH-POWDER has been received, and I cheerfully testify to its superiority to all others I have used, in thoroughly cleansing the mouth, purifying the breath, and whitening the teeth.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. LINCOLN.

For sale at druggists. Trade supplied. Made only by Dr. A. JOHNSON, Dentist.

FOURTH OF JULY.
AMERICAN FLAGS
Of all sizes, wholesale and retail, at
DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S,
Nos. 51 and 53 White-st.

BOATS.—PLEASURE BOATS, $1 75 PER FOOT and upward. Boats adapted to all waters and of all sizes, from a lady's wherry to a yacht, on hand at INGERSOLL'S. Largest boat Establishment in the world. Nos. 243 and 244 South-st.

BRICKS FOR SALE.—FIVE HUNDRED thousand common brick now on the yard at Port Richmond, Staten Island, will be sold low to close an assignment; also, a quantity of fire brick. Apply to BANKS & ANDERSON, No. 54 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

U. S. "FIVE TWENTIES,"
OR
UNITED STATES TWENTY YEAR SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

CALLED "FIVE TWENTIES" BECAUSE PAYABLE AT THE OPTION OF THE GOVERNMENT AFTER FIVE YEARS.

We are now prepared to sell these Bonds and deliver them at once at the same rate at which subscriptions are received for them by the Government, viz.:

PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST FROM MAY 1.

The Principal may be paid in CURRENT BANK NOTES, CHECKS ON CITY BANKS, or U. S. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and the INTEREST IN GOLD, or in CURRENT FUNDS, with the PREMIUM ON GOLD at the MARKET RATE added.

THE COUPON BONDS are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, AND $1,000, and THE REGISTERED BONDS in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 AND $10,000.

They are the most convenient and cheapest Government Security now accessible to the public.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention, and the Bonds will be sent to any part of the country, by express, or otherwise, as directed.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 38 WALL-STREET, N. Y.

SALE JUNCTION RAILROAD COMPANY'S BONDS.—The Junction Railroad Company invites proposals in writing, for the purchase of the whole or any part of [illegible] thousand dollars First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Coupon Bonds.

The mortgage is to Alexander Henry, Esq., Trustee, and [illegible] July 1, 1862. It is secured upon the entire railroad and property of the Company lying on the west side of [illegible] kill, between Belmont and Gray's Ferry. Its terms provide for a sinking fund of fifteen thousand dollars per year, to be invested in these Bonds, or in the First Mortgage Bonds of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company, in the loans of the United States, or of the State of Pennsylvania, at the discretion of this Board of Directors.

The Bonds are for one thousand dollars each. Their payment is guaranteed by endorsement of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, on the back of each bond in the following words, viz.:

"Know all men by these presents, that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company, and the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, and each of them, for a valuable consideration, to them paid by the Junction Railroad Company, do hereby (in pursuance of the power and authority conferred by two Acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved respectively on the twenty-third day of March, A. D., 1861, and the eleventh day of April, A. D., 1862, and of every other lawful power and authority in them vested,) jointly and severally guarantee to the lawful holder of the within Bond the punctual payment of the principal and interest thereof, when and as the same shall become due and payable according to the terms of said Bond or of the terms and covenants of the indenture of mortgage therein mentioned and given to secure the same.

In witness whereof, said Companies have hereunto affixed their common or corporate seals respectively, duly attested, and have caused the signatures of their Presidents respectively to be hereunto written this second day of June, Anno Domini, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, (1862.)"

Payment for the Bonds will be required as follows:

The first instalment of ten per cent. will be payable on the first day of August, and ten per cent. additional on the first of each succeeding month until the whole amount is paid.

Proposals will be addressed to CHAS. E. SMITH, Treasurer, No. 227 South 4th-st., until Monday, July 21.

Each proposal will state the total number or amount of the bonds wanted, and the price offered per bond of one thousand dollars.

The Company reserves to itself the right to accept or reject the whole or any part of any proposition received.

Successful bidders will be notified of the acceptance of their proposals within one week from the opening of the bids.

JOSEPH LESLEY,
Secretary, Junction Railroad Company.

CORPORATION LOAN OF $500,000 FOR THE RELIEF OF FAMILIES OF VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.—The Common Council of the City of New-York having, by an ordinance approved by the Mayor, on the 18th of June, instant, authorized the borrowing, upon the credit of the Corporation, the further sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, to be applied in "Aiding to support the families of the soldiers from this City, who are engaged in defending the integrity of the National Union," a book for subscriptions to said loan will be opened at the Comptroller's Office, on SATURDAY, June 28, and continue open until THURSDAY, July 3, unless the whole amount shall be sooner taken.

The subscribers to said loan will be required to pay the amount of their subscriptions to the City Chamberlain, at the Broadway Bank, within three days after the date thereof, and on presenting the Chamberlain's receipts for such payments to the Comptroller, they will be entitled to receive an equal amount of Bonds, known as "Volunteer's Family Aid Bonds, No. 3," of the Corporation of the City of New-York.

The said Bonds will be issued in sums to suit—not less than One Hundred Dollars—and will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July, and the principal will be payable on the first day of July, 1865. They will also be transferable, at the pleasure of the holders, on books kept in the Comptroller's Office.

ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, June 28, 1862.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.—TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, June 18, 1862.—In pursuance of the terms of the Debt Certificates of the denomination of One Hundred Dollars, ($100,) issued for fractional allowances of premiums for stock differences on the Consolidation in 1853, notice is hereby given that the certificates of the said denomination still outstanding will be paid at par on the first day of November next, when the next semi-annual payment of interest on the same becomes due, at the BANK OF COMMERCE, in New-York, after which date interest on the said certificates will cease. In the meantime, the said certificates will be redeemed at par, and accrued interest at the said Bank of Commerce, at the office of J. E. Thayer & Bro., Boston, and at this office.

JOHN V. L. PRUYN, Treasurer.

REAL ESTATE AND LOAN OFFICE.—JOHN S. GILES respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed his office, for the purchase and sale of real estate, to No. 174 Canal-st. Loans furnished, and moneys invested on bond and mortgage. Persons desiring loans, and those having moneys to invest on real estate securities, or real estate to dispose of, can enter the same on the books of the office, free of charge. Property rented, and rents collected by a competent and responsible collector. Insurances effected in the best City companies. The undersigned, from his long experience and intimate knowledge of the above business, feels confident of his ability to promote the interest of those who may favor him with their patronage.

JOHN S. GILES.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, No. 18 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 14, 1862.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.—NOTICE.—The holders of the Michigan Southern First Mortgage Bonds, which fell due Nov. 1, 1860, and of the Northern Indiana First Mortgage Bonds, which fell due Aug. 1, 1861, are requested to present them at this office for payment, on the 16th inst. Interest will cease accruing on said Bonds on the 16th inst., except in those cases where the holders shall not have received this notice of payment, and in those cases on the date of receiving this notice.

HENRY KEEP, Treasurer.

MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
June 26, 1862.

THE TRUSTEES OF THIS INSTITUTION have directed that interest be paid on all deposits, (by the rules entitled thereto,) at the rate of Six per cent. per annum on all sums of $500 and under, and at the rate of Five per cent. per annum on all sums over that amount, payable on and after July 21. Interest will be credited under date of July 1, and, if not withdrawn, will receive interest the same as a deposit.

E. J. BROWN, President.

EDWARD SCHELL, Treasurer.

INTEREST NOTICE.—THE SEMI-ANNUAL interest due July 1, on bonds of the Joliet and Chicago Railroad, will be paid upon presentation of the proper coupons, on and after that date, at the office of M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York.

T. B. BLACKSTONE, President.

CHICAGO, June 18, 1862.

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6 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR FIVE YEARS OR LONGER.—I offer about $60,000 on these terms, in one, two, or three sums, on bond and mortgage, provided I can get a very large margin on property of the most approved character and locality, with a desirable bondsman. Principals may address MARGIN, Madison-square Post-office.

BULL'S HEAD BANK, NEW-YORK, June 16, 1862.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BULL'S Head Bank are hereby notified that the annual election for Directors and Inspectors of Elections will be held at the Banking House, corner of 3d-av. and 25th-st., on TUESDAY, the 1st day of July next, from 12 to 2 o'clock P. M.

G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

AMERICAN SILVER,
HALVES AND QUARTERS,
WANTED, AT A HIGH PREMIUM, by
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner Murray-st.
No. 76 WALL, corner Pearl-st.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, CORNER OF 4TH-AV. AND
26TH-ST., NEW-YORK, June 27, 1862.

INTEREST ON THE THIRD MORTGAGE Bonds will be paid on and after July 1, at the Treasurer's Office.

W. H. EMERSON, Treasurer.

SACRAMENTO VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Coupons due July 1, 1862, on $400,000 First Mortgage Bonds of that Company, will be paid on and after that day at the office of

SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD.

THE COUPONS OF THE JACKSON COUNTY (Ohio) Bonds, due July 1, 1862, will be paid on and after that date, at the Ocean Bank.

CHAS. PALMER, Cashier.

NEW-YORK, June 27, 1862.

5.20 UNITED STATES BONDS—REGISTERED or Coupons, for sale at par, in sums to suit, by

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 34 Wall-st., N. Y.

DEMAND NOTES FOR DUTIES, IN SUMS to suit, for sale by

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.—THE INTEREST DUE July 1 on the Bonds of the State of Michigan will be paid at the Metropolitan Bank, on and after that date, by

JOHN OWEN, Treasurer.

COUPONS ON UNITED STATES BONDS, due July 1, cashed at a premium on presentation, by

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

CITY OF ST. LOUIS.—PAST DUE BONDS and Coupons of the city of St. Louis bought. Address Box No. 3,890 Post-office.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES OF ALL ISSUES.
GOLD, STOCKS, BONDS AND EXCHANGE,
Bought and sold by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

EDWARD KING,
(Late of the firm of JAMES G. KING'S SONS,)
Offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
No. 23 Wall-st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD

DIVIDENDS.

SEVENTH WARD BANK, NEW-YORK, June 17, 1862.

FIFTY-FIFTH DIVIDEND.—THE PRESIDENT and Directors have this day declared the usual semi-annual dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. out of the profits of the current six months, payable on and after the 1st of July next. By order of the Board.

A. S. FRASER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

ROME, WATERTOWN AND OGDENSBURG RAILROAD, TREASURER'S OFFICE,
WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 2, 1862.

Stockholders are hereby notified that a cash dividend of four per cent. has been declared, payable on and after the 1st day of July next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th day of June to the day of payment.

Stockholders whose stock is registered in New-York will receive their dividends at the People's Bank, No. 142 Canal-st., in that City.

The Company will pay the Bonds of the Watertown and Rome Railroad Company due Sept. 1, 1862, less the interest for the time they may have to run, on presentation at the People's Bank.

R. E. HUNGERFORD, Treasurer.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.—DIVIDEND.—The Board of Trustees of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, have, by a resolution, dated June 17, 1862, ordered a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. to be paid on account of the principal of the Illinois and Michigan Canal Registered Bonds.

The payment of the dividend will be made by the Treasurer of the Board of Trustees, at his office, No. 54 Fulton-st., in the City of New-York, on and after the FIRST DAY OF JULY, 1862.

The Bonds must be presented to the Treasurer at the time of payment in order that said payment may be stamped thereon.

WILLIAM H. SWIFT, } Trustees
HENRY GRINNELL, } I. & M. Canal

JUNE 17, 1862.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD COMPANY.—CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 20, 1862.—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a cash dividend of five per cent. out of the net earnings of the six months ending 30th inst., and a stock dividend of five per cent. out of the accumulated surplus, both payable on and after 1st day of August next. Stockholders registered in New-York will be paid at the office of the United States Trust Company of New-York. The dividend certificates to be issued for fractional shares, will not be entitled to future dividends, until converted into full shares. The transfer books will close on the evening of July 12, and open August 3. By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. H. RUSSELL, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 26, 1862.

TWENTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Three (3) per Cent., out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th inst., and One (1) per Cent. additional out of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, &c., payable to stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th July next. The transfer books will be closed from the evening of the 27th June until the morning of the 8th July.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

NINETEENTH REGULAR DIVIDEND TIME OF THE HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 11 WALL-ST.—The Company hereby give notice that the Direction have declared a dividend on the capital stock of FOUR PER CENT., from the earnings of the Company for the last six months, payable on or after the 4th of July next.

They have also increased the Surplus 25 per cent.

The Company continues to insure on the most reasonable terms.

By order. J. C. WINANS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
NEW-YORK, June 2, 1862.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THIS Company have declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Three and a Half per cent., out of the profits of the Company, payable on and after SATURDAY, the 21st inst., at the office of the Company, No. 29 William-st., corner of Exchange-place.

The transfer-books are now closed, and will remain closed until the morning of the 18th inst.

By order of the Board.

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANA AND
WESTERN RAILROAD CO., No. 35 William-st.,
NEW-YORK, June 28, 1862.

NOTICE.—A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT. HAS been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable in cash at this office, on and after 30th June inst.

The transfer books will be closed until the morning of Tuesday, 1st July proximo.

By order of the Board of Managers.

A. J. ODELL, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, June 26, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER Cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, at the office of the Company, on FRIDAY, July 11, next. The transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of July 1, and opened on the morning of July 12.

FRANCIS H. TOWS, Secretary.

BROADWAY BANK, NEW-YORK, June 21, 1862.

TWENTY-FIFTH DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. on the capital stock of this Bank, from the profits of the current six months, will be paid on and after the 1st day of July ensuing.

The transfer books will be closed from the 25th inst. until the day of payment. By order of the Board.

J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

NOTICE.—THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the Bank of America have this day declared a dividend of Three and a half (3½) Per Cent. for the current six months ending 30th inst., which will be paid to the stockholders on and after TUESDAY, the 1st day of July next.

The transfer books will remain closed from this date until the morning of the 7th day of July.

WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK.—THE BOARD of Directors of the Bank of New-York have this day declared a Dividend of Three (3) Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the Bank for the current six months, payable to the stockholders on and after July 1. The Transfer books will be closed from this date until July 5.

M. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

NEW-YORK, June 17, 1862.

METROPOLITAN BANK, No. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 24, 1862.—The Directors of the Metropolitan Bank have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Three Per Cent., payable on or after the first Monday of July proximo.

The Transfer Books will reiman closed until July 8, 1862.

By order, GEO. I. SENEY, Cashier.

BROOKLYN, June 26, 1862.

CITIZENS' GAS-LIGHT COMPANY—DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual Dividend of Three per cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable on and after the 15th of July next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 1st to the 15th of July. By order H. WARREN, Secretary.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 24, 1862.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Dividend of (3) Three Per Cent., payable on and after July 1.

Transfer books will be closed from this date to the 1st of July. A. MASTERTON, Cashier.

THE PARK BANK, NEW-YORK, June 27, 1862.

THE USUAL SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of Four per Cent. on the capital stock of this Bank has been declared payable on and after July 10. The transfer books will be closed from this date until the 10th of July. CHAS. A. MACY, Cashier.

ATLANTIC BANK—BROOKLYN, JUNE 24, 1862.—DIVIDEND.—A Semi-annual Dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Bank has this day been declared, out of the profits for the six months ending the 30th inst., payable on and after the 1st day of July next. WM. C. RUSHMORE, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.—THE NEW YORK, PROVIDENCE and Boston Railroad Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of Three and a-half (3½) per cent., payable on demand after this date, at the office of M. MORGAN & SON, No. 37 William-st.

OFFICE OF THE HARMONY FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 50 Wall-st., New-York, June 25, 1862. The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand.

R. O. GLOVER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE JERSEY CITY INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 1 Montgomery-st.,
JERSEY CITY, June 24, 1862.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., payable on the 1st day of July next. J. PAULMIER, Secretary.

CONTINENTAL BANK, NEW-YORK, June 25, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a dividend of Three Per Cent. payable on TUESDAY, the 1st of July next. The transfer books will be closed until July 2.

E. W. TALMAN, Assistant Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
June 24, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF three and a half per cent. (3½) on the capital stock has this day been declared, payable on and after 1st July next. ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

NOTICE.—THE NEW-YORK BALANCE DOCK Company has this day declared a dividend of Four Per Cent., payable at the office of the Company, No. 12 Wall-st., on and after July 1st, next.

WM. MENZIES, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, June 25, 1862.

HANOVER BANK, NEW-YORK, June 20, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Three Per Cent. on the Capital Stock, payable on the 1st day of July next.

By order, THOS. L. TAYLOR, Cashier.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK IN THE CITY OF
NEW-YORK, June 18, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF three per Cent. on the capital stock of this Bank, has this day been declared, payable on and after 1st July next. By order, E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE
GREAT WESTERN
MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Great Western Buildings, Nos. 31 and 33 Pine-st.,
New-York.

THE USUAL SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST DIVIDEND Of 3½ Per Cent. on the $1,000,000 Cash Capital Stock of this Company, will be paid at this office, on and after 1st July, 1862.

Transfer Books will be closed from on and after 27th June, until 1st July.

DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Secretary.

IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 25, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF three and a-half (3½) per cent. has been declared out of the net earnings of the past six months, and made payable to the stockholders of this Bank, on and after MONDAY, 30th inst. From 25th June to 1st July the Transfer Books will be closed. JAMES BUELL, Cashier.

OFFICE PARK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 237 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 26, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF Five (5) Per Cent. has this day been declared, payable on and after the 1st of July next. The transfer books will be closed until that date.

WM. JAFFRAY, Secretary.

GROCERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, June 25, 1862.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF Three and a-half per cent. (3½,) on the capital stock, has this day been declared, payable on and after the 1st July next. SAM'L B. WHITE, Cashier.

BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK.—DIVIDEND.—A Semi-annual Dividend of Three Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Bank has been declared, payable on and after July 7. H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NOS. 427 AND 429 CANAL, CORNER VARICK-ST.

Open daily from 10 A. M. till 3, and from 5 till 7 P. M.
6 per cent. interest allowed on sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent. on larger sums.

INTEREST COMMENCES ON JULY 1.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
JOHN McLEAN, Vice-President.
MALTBY G. LANE, Vice-President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
No. 177 Chatham-square, (open daily.)
DEPOSITS from 25 cents to $5,000 received.
Six per cent. interest paid.
INTEREST COMMENCES JULY 1.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.
N. B.—Money to loan on bond and mortgage.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 3d-av. and 25th-st.
CHARTERED 1854.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID.
Open daily, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; also, on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
AUGS. F. LEE, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST.
CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK, corner of Bowery and Canal-st. Open every day, from 9 to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, from 5 to 7.
Interest commences July 1, 1862.
GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Cashier.

MARINERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTE—NO. 1 3d-av., corner 7th-st. Interest on deposits at the rate of 6 per cent. on sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent. on sums over $500. Interest to commence on July 1. Bank open from 9 to 2 daily, and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday from 5 to 8 P. M.

THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.

ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION—NO. 96 Warren-st.—Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on sums from $1 to $500, and 5 per cent. on sums over that amount. Open Daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Also on Monday, Thursday and Saturday evenings from 4 to 7 P. M. N. B.—Money to loan on Bond and Mortgage.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.

VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD.
CHANGE OF TERMINUS.
GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE.
TICKETS 10 CENTS.

From the new depot at "Hunter's Point" to Flushing, and the way stations of Calvary Cemetery, Winfield, New-Town, and Fashion Course Depôt.

GREAT INCREASE OF TRIPS ON AND AFTER MAY 5.

LEAVE JAMES-SLIP FERRY OR 34TH-ST. FERRY.	LEAVE FLUSHING.
6 A. M., 1 P. M.	6 A. M., 1 P. M.
7 A. M., 4 P. M.	7 A. M., 3 P. M.
8 A. M., 5 P. M.	8 A. M., 5 P. M.
9 A. M., 6 P. M.	9 A. M., 6 P. M.
10½ A. M., 7 P. M.	10 A. M., 7 P. M.

N. B.—Freight received at James-slip Ferry until 5 P. M., and delivered at one-half the usual rates. The fare will be 15 cents if paid on the cars.

J. S. BOTTORFF, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R.
FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST.

Summer arrangement, commencing Thursday, May 8, 1862.

For Albany—10:30 A. M. Express Mail Train, from 26th-st. station.

For all local trains, see time-table.

JOHN BURCHILL, Ass't Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—CHANGE OF TERMINUS.—Passenger Depôt at James-slip and foot 34th-st., E. R.

Summer Arrangement—Leave New-York at 8 A. M. for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Orient and Hampton.

At 8 A. M., 12 M., and 4:30 P. M., for Syosset.

At 3:30 P. M., for Greenport.

At 6 P. M., for Farmingdale.

On Sunday a train leaves Hunter's Point, (34th-st. Ferry,) at 8½ A. M. for Riverhead and intermediate stations at excursion rates. Returning leaves Riverhead at 3 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave from foot of Chambers-st., viz.: 6 A. M., Mail, for Dunkirk. This train remains over night at Elmira, and proceeds the next morning. 7 A. M., Express, for Buffalo; 9 A. M., Milk, daily, for Otisville; 12:15 P. M., Accommodation, daily, for Port Jervis; 4 P. M., Way, for Middletown and Newburgh; 5 P. M., Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk and Buffalo. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk. 7 P. M., Emigrant, for Dunkirk.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD, FOR LONG BRANCH, RED BANK, SHREWSBURY, MANCHESTER, TOM'S RIVER, &c.—The steamer KEYPORT leaves Murray-st. wharf at 6 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M. Express, connecting at Port Monmouth with cars for the above places. Returning, leaves Manchester at 6 A. M. and 1 P. M., and Long Branch at 7 A. M. and 7½ P. M.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.

Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 11 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:25, 11:25 A. M., and 3:40 and 5:25 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:15 P. M.	10.40 P. M., (Sundays included.)

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD ACCOMMODATION—OLD SOUTH FERRY TERMINUS.—Trains leave at 7:45 A. M., 3:15 P. M. for Greenport; 11:45 A. M., 4:15 P. M for Syossett; 7:45, 11:45 A. M., 3:15, 4:15, 5:45 P. M. for Hempstead; hourly for Jamaica, from 7:45 A. M. to 6:45 P. M.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—MARTHA C. BABCOCK, Administratrix, &c., against DANIEL MARTINE and others.—In pursuance of a judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, I will expose to sale on the fifteenth day of July, 1862, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers, all that certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon, situate on the southerly side of West Twenty-seventh-street, in the City of New-York, beginning at a point on the southerly side of West Twenty-seventh-street, distant easterly three hundred and twenty-three feet six inches from the southeasterly corner of West Twenty-seventh-street and the Ninth-avenue; thence running southeastwardly along the southerly side of West Twenty-seventh-street sixteen feet six inches; thence southwesterly ninety-eight feet nine inches to the centre of the block; thence northwesterly along said centre line sixteen feet six inches, and thence northeasterly ninety-eight feet nine inches to the place of beginning. The said premises being now known as Number Two Hundred and Ten West Twenty-seventh-street.—Dated NEW-YORK, June 20, 1862.

DANIEL P. INGRAHAM, JR., Referee,
No. 63 Wall-street.

CAMBRELENG & PYNE, Esqs., Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

je20-2aw3wF

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH GOODWIN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his residence on the 7th-av., between 139th and 140th sts., in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of October next. Dated New-York, March 28, 1862.

ARCHIBALD WATT,
SARAH STARR,

ap5-law6mS* Administrators with the will annexed.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY HENDRICKS, late of the City of New-York, Merchant, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their office, No. 61 Broad-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 3d day of October next. Dated NEW-YORK, March 28, 1862.

M. M. HENDRICKS,
ALFRED TOBIAS, } Executors.
ISAAC HENDRICKS,

m29-law6mS*

DYSPEPSIA AND KINDRED DISEASES of the stomach and bowels can be more radically cured by a vegetable nutritious [illegible] a Ervalenta) than by any drugs. ISAAC McGAY, Cracker Baker, No. 215 Forsyth-st., N. Y.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CLAIMS FOR UNIFORMS.

All persons or regiments having claims under the provisions of the act entitled "An act to provide for the reimbursement of certain persons and regiments belonging to the Militia of this State, for clothing or equipments lost or destroyed in the service of the United States"—passed April 22, 1862—are hereby notified to transmit the same, duly verified, to Col. S. W. BURT, Assistant Inspector-General, at the Capitol, in the City of Albany, before the 1st day of July next; it being provided in said act that all claims thereunder must be presented on or before that day.

The claim of each person must be accompanied by an affidavit stating the articles lost or destroyed and the value thereof, the regiment and company to which he was attached, his length of service therewith, and that said regiment or company has not received payment or compensation from any city or country for their uniforms and equipments used and worn out in the service of the United States; that the clothing and equipments for which the claim is made were furnished at the expense of the person making the same, and that he is at the present time a member of the uniformed Militia of the State of New-York. The present address of each person should be indorsed upon his claim. In case the company by-laws of a regiment make the uniforms thereof the common property of the companies, the claim for such regiment can be presented in a gross sum duly verified by the field officers.

Blanks for the presentation of said claims will be furnished upon application at No. 51 Walker-street, New-York, or at the office of the Inspector-General, at the City of Albany.

LUCIUS ROBINSON,
Comptroller.
WILLIAM B. LEWIS,
State Treasurer.
C. A. ARTHUR,
Inspector-General.
CUYLER VAN VECHTEN,
Quartermaster-General.

ALBANY, June 16, 1862.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.: For regulating Fifty-fifth-street, between the Sixth and Seventh avenues, setting curb and gutter, and flagging Fifty-third-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, and flagging northwesterly corner of Thirtieth-street and Madison-avenue. The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situate on both sides of Fifty-fifth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, both sides of Fifty-third-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, and the northwesterly corner of Thirtieth-street and Madison-avenue.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers street, basement new Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

CHAS. McNEIL, }
JACOB F. OAKLEY, } Board of Assessors.
WM. A. DOOLEY, }

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
New Court-house, June 25, 1862.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed, and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

For laying cross-walks across 4th-av., between 49th and 53d sts. Fencing vacant lots on 32d and 33d sts., between 10th and 11th avs.; northwest corner of 49th-st. and 7th-av.; on 50th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; and 54th-st., between 7th and 9th avs. Also for sewer in Sullivan-st., from Spring-st. to 50 feet south of Prince-st., and in 9th-av., from 51st to 55th sts.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides of 4th-av., between 49th and 53d sts., north side of 49th-st., both sides of 50th, 51st and 52d sts., and south side of 53d-st., from and to points distant midway between 4th and 5th and 4th and Lexington avs., on south side of 33d and north side of 32d sts., between 10th and 11th avs., on north side of 49th-st., between Broadway and 7th-av., on south side of 50th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., both sides of 54th-st., between 7th and 9th avs., both sides of Sullivan-st., between Spring and Prince sts., both sides of 9th-av., between 51st and 56th sts., north side of 51st, and both sides of 52d, 53d, 54th and 55th sts., between 8th and 9th avs.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-st., basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

CHAS. McNEILL, }
JACOB F. OAKLEY, } Board of Assessors.
WM. A. DOOLEY, }

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, June 20, 1862.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, June 26, 1862.

NEW RESERVOIR—NOTICE.—THE PUBLIC is informed that the south gate-house of the New Reservoir will be opened for inspection on MONDAY the 30th inst., and will continue open daily, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., until the introduction of water into the reservoir, on or about the 10th of July.

THOS. STEPHENS, }
T. B. TAPPEN, } Croton Aqueduct Board.
A. W. CRAVEN, }

THE COMMITTEE ON SEWERS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 8, City Hall. Parties interested in any matter before the Committee will have an opportunity of being heard.

T. FARLEY,
IRA A. ALLEN,
G. A. JEREMIAH,
Committee on Sewers.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen will meet every SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock, in the City Library Room, City Hall.

ALEX. FREAR,
IRA A. ALLEN,
WILLIAM WALSH,
Committee on Fire Department.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.—SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE received at the Kings County Treasurer's Office, No. 13 Court-st., Brooklyn, until 2 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, July 8, 1862, (at which time and place they will be opened,) for furnishing for the ensuing year, for the Almshouse Department of the said County, about 247,000 pounds of fresh beef, mutton, veal, pork, lamb and liver; 3,160 barrels of flour; 22,000 pounds fresh fish; 60,000 pounds sugar, and proportionate quantities of tea, molasses, coffee, mustard, pepper, starch, oil, salt, beans, rice, lard, codfish, mackerel, pork, soap, soft soap, shoes, straw, oats, Indian meal, oak and pine wood, and coal. Also coal and wood for the poor of the Eastern and Western Districts of the City of Brooklyn.

Printed forms of proposals, containing all the necessary information, can be had at the offices of the Superintendents of the Poor at the Almshouse, Flatbush, at the City Hall, Western District, and at the corner of First and South Fifth sts., Eastern District. No other form will be accepted.—Almshouse, June 18, 1862.

HENRY E. RIPLEY, WM. BENNETT,
J. C. DEY, DITMAS JEWELL,
WM. M. MUCHMORE, Sup'ts of the Poor.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived by the School Officers of the Fifth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm-sts., until MONDAY, the 30th day of June, 1862, at 12 o'clock, noon, for painting the exterior, and the walls and woodwork of the interior of Ward School-house No. 44, in said ward, pursuant to specifications on file and to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-st. Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from the successful bidder, and no proposals will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Officers of the Ward reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

JOHN BESSON, } Building and Furnish-
JAMES M. TUTHILL, } ing Committee,
HENRY HOPKINSON, } Fifth Ward.

Dated June 16 1862.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, June 17, 1862.

PLANS AND ESTIMATES OF COST ARE invited at this office until the 30th inst., for a steam vessel complete, except engine and boilers, of the size of the late steamer *Winfield Scott*, which, as near as can be ascertained, was as follows: Extreme length, 225 feet; 32 feet beam; lower hold, 10 feet; between decks, 8½ feet; width of hull at shaft, 30 feet 8 inches; width over all, 54 feet. Offers may be made for a wood or iron vessel, either to be of the best materials used, and to be fitted in every respect for sea, except engine and boilers, it being intended to use those saved from the *Winfield Scott*.

D. D. TOMPKINS,
Assistant Quartermaster-General.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—PROPOSALS WILL be received until July 1, 1862, for three hundred tons (more or less) first quality Red Ash stove coal, to be delivered in tons, and half tons, throughout the City of New-York, and about fifty tons of the above to be delivered in the cities of Williamsburgh and Brooklyn, between the 1st day of November, 1862, and the 30th day of April, 1863.

The Committee on Fuel retain the privilege of excluding such bids as in their judgment the interest of the Department may demand.

ROBERT McGINNIS, No. 5 Depeyster-st.,
SAM'L B. THOMPSON, No. 84 Beekman-st.,
JAMES BAREMORE, No. 58 Nassau-st.,
Committee on Fuel.

TO SEWER BUILDERS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock of MONDAY, July 7, for the building of a sewer in Broadway, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets.

For further information, apply to the Contract Clerk, at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
THOMAS B. TAPPEN,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, June 27, 1862.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, June 23, 1862.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this Office until SATURDAY, June 28, 12 o'clock M., for the immediate delivery of fifty (50) four-horse ambulance springs, (7 plate,) best American spring-steel. Bidders will state how soon they can deliver them, to be subject to inspection, and delivered in the City of Philadelphia. A. BOYD, Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

NEW-YORK CITY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—A monthly meeting will be held at the rooms of the Association, in the Hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets, THIS (Saturday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. A paper on "Habits of Observation," will be presented by Mr. D. W. Maples. Teachers and friends of education are invited to be present. By order. ADOLPH WERNER, Secretary.

METALS.

SHEET IRON.—RUSSIAN, BELGIAN AND PATENT polished imitation Russia sheet-iron, assorted numbers. Also, tin roofing plate, charcoal and coke.

A. A. THOMSON & CO., No. 215 Water-st.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.

AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR,
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

SCOTIA, Capt. Judkins.	CHINA, Capt. Anderson.
PERSIA, Capt. Lott.	ASIA, Capt. Cook.
ARABIA, Capt. Stone.	EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.	CANADA, Capt. Muir.
AMERICA, Capt. Moodie.	NIAGARA, Capt. A. Ryrie.
AUSTRALASIAN.	

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$130
Second Cabin Passage	75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$110
Second Cabin Passage	60

CHINA, Anderson, leaves New-York, Wednesday, July 2.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, July 9.
SCOTIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wednesday, July 16.
EUROPA, Moodie, leaves Boston, Wednesday, July 23.
PERSIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, July 30.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Aug. 6.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN.
WALTER PATON, Commander.

FROM LIVERPOOL.	FROM NEW-YORK.
Calling at Queenstown.	SATURDAY, July 26.
TUESDAY, July 1.	TUESDAY, Sept. 9.
SATURDAY, Aug. 16.	

FIRST CABIN.

From $95 to $135 each berth, according to the size, situation and accommodation of the State-rooms, all having the same privileges in the Saloons and in regard to meals and attendance. Suites of apartments for families may be engaged by special agreement.

Tickets for the voyage to and from Liverpool at a fare and a half.

Servants accompanying passengers, and children under 12 years of age, half fare; infants free.

SECOND CABIN.

State-room Berths, meals served at separate table, $70.

THIRD CABIN.

Intermediate State-room—Passengers found with bed, bedding, table utensils, and good substantial food, at $50.

STEERAGE.

With superior accommodations, $30.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.

An experienced surgeon on board.

For freight and passage, apply to

CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office, No. 26 Broadway,
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The first-class U. S. Mail steamship
PARKERSBURGH,
Capt. SAMUEL HOFFMAN,
Will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on THURSDAY, July 3, at 12 o'clock M., for
NEW-ORLEANS.

Freight received on and after Monday.

For freight or cabin passage, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.

Persons desiring to select state-rooms for the next trip of this vessel from New-York to Liverpool, can do so at the office No. 7 Broadway.

CHAS. A. WHITNEY, for the Agents.

LONDON EXHIBITION.
Return tickets to London and back:

First-class	$160
Third-class	66

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, TOUCHING AT QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.)—The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend dispatching their full-powered Clyde-built Iron Steamships as follows:

ETNA	SATURDAY, June 28
GLASGOW	SATURDAY, July 5.
CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY, July 12.

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
First cabin to London	$80	Steerage to London	$33
First cabin to Paris	$85	Steerage to Paris	$38
First cabin to Hamburg	$85	Steerage to Hamburg	$35

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Rates from Liverpool or Queenstown; 1st cabin, $75, $85, and $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40. From Queenstown, $30. Tickets can be bought here at these rates, enabling people to send for their friends.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers; are strongly built in water-tight iron sections, and carry Patent Fire Annihilators. Experienced surgeons are attached to each steamer.

For further information, apply in Liverpool to WILLIAM INMAN, Agent, No. 22 Water-st.; in Glasgow, to ALEX. MALCOM, No. 5 St. Enoch-square; in Queenstown, to C. & W. D. SEYMOUR & CO.; in London, to EIVES & MACEY, No. 61 King William-st.; in Paris, to JULES DECOUE, No. 5 Place de la Bourse; in Philadelphia, to JOHN G. DALE, No. 111 Walnut-st., or at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—THE UNITED STATES Mail steamship MARION, J. D. Phillips, United States Navy, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, for New-Orleans, on WEDNESDAY, July 2, at 3 o'clock P. M. Passage, $75. For freight, of which a limited quantity will be taken, or passage, apply to

SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR WHITESTONE, GREAT NECK, SANDS POINT, GLEN COVE, MOTT'S DOCK, GLENWOOD AND ROSLYN.—The elegant new steamer JESSE HOYT, Capt. CHAS. POST, will leave New-York from Pier No. 24 East River, west side of Peck Slip, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 3:45 P. M. Returning, will leave the above-named places as follows:

Roslyn, 6:30 A. M.	Glen Cove, 7:15 A. M.
Glenwood, 6:35 A. M.	Sands Point, 7:38 A. M.
Mott's Dock, 6:45 A. M.	Great Neck, 8 A. M.
Whitestone, 8:10 A. M.	

FOR BRIDGEPORT—THE STEAMER BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 28 East River daily at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with Housatonic, Naugatuck, New-Haven and Hartford Railroads. Also, Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London. Freight taken and way-bill to all stations on the Housatonic Railroad at contract prices.

GEO. W. CORLIES, Agent.

FOR HARTFORD, MERIDEN AND SPRINGFIELD—Steamboat and Railroad Connection, *via* New-Haven.—THE CONTINENTAL leaves Peck-slip, East River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 3:15 P. M. The steamboat train leaves the wharf at New-Haven, on the arrival of the boat, for all way stations. NIGHT LINE.

The TRAVELER leaves for New-Haven at 11 o'clock.

FISHING BANKS.—THE STEAMER CROTON, Capt. JAS. A. DUMONT, will leave daily, as follows (Saturdays excepted): N. R.—Christopher-st., 7¼ A. M.; Spring-st., 7½ A. M. E. R.—Broome-st., 8 A. M.; Peck-slip, 8½ A. M. Pier No. 4, N. R., 9 A. M. Refreshments of all kinds, fishing tackle, bait, &c., on board. FARE FOR THE TRIP, FIFTY CENTS.

CONEY ISLAND FERRY LANDS AT FORT HAMILTON.

The *Naushon* leaves Christopher-st. at 9¼, 12¼ and 3¼.
Spring-st. at 9½, 12½ and 3½.
Dey-st. at 9¾, 12¾ and 3¾.
Morris-st., Pier 4 at 10, 1 and 4.

Fare 25 cents, including return ticket.

SUNDAY BOAT FOR NEWBURGH—LANDING at Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, West Point, Cold Spring and Cornwall. Steamer BROADWAY leaves Pier foot of Jay-st., touching at Christopher and 30th sts., every SUNDAY MORNING at 7 o'clock.

NORWICH LINE FOR BOSTON, NEW-LONDON, NORWICH AND WORCESTER.—The splendid steamers CITY OF BOSTON and CITY OF NEW-YORK leave EVERY DAY, (Sundays excepted,) at 5 o'clock, from foot of Vestry-st., Pier No. 39, N. R.

E. S. MARTIN, Agent.

MORNING LINE FOR PEEKSKILL.—The AURORA leaves Jay-st. Pier daily (without exception,) landing at Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Haverstraw and Grassy Point. Returning, leaves Peekskill at 1½ P. M. Touches at Christopher and 30th sts.

D. D. & T. SMITH STEAMBOAT LINE—For Yonkers, Tarrytown, Nyack, Haverstraw, and intermediate landings, leaving DAILY from foot of Harrison-st. at 9½ A. M., 3½ and 4½ P. M., for freight and passengers. For further particulars inquire at the office, on Harrison-st. Pier.—June, 1862.

FOR HARTFORD DIRECT—BY STEAMERS CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE, daily, from Peck-slip, at 4 P. M., connecting at Hartford with railroad to Springfield and all points North, East and West.

FOR ALBANY.—THE STEAMBOAT DANIEL DREW, for Albany and intermediate landings, touching at 30th-st., New-York, leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from Jay-st. pier, at 7 A. M.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY.—STEAMER ARMENIA leaves Harrison-st., every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 o'clock, making intermediate landings, stopping at 30th-st.

STEAMER BROADWAY—FOR YONKERS, Hastings, Dobb's Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing and Haverstraw, EVERY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock, from pier foot of Jay-st., touching at Christopher.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership, under the name of OGILVIE & LOW, for the purchase and sale on commission of Foreign Bills of Exchange, Stocks and Bonds, at No. 30 Pine-st.

ARCH'D OGILVIE,
HENRY W. LOW.

NEW-YORK, June 1, 1862.

MR. EDWARD KING, BY MUTUAL CONSENT, retires this day from our firm, with the view of establishing himself as a STOCK and BOND BROKER, under his own name. JAMES G. KING'S SONS.

NEW-YORK, June 2, 1862.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE—in all colors and styles, at wholesale and retail. Suites $20 and upward. Also, solid walnut suites, mattresses, paillasses, &c. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, LOOKING-glasses, mattresses, bedding, &c., below auction prices warranted, and delivered free, at G. W. SNEDEN'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Please call. You will save money, and be honorably served.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1862,
GRAND FAMILY HOLIDAY.
For Ladies, Children and Families.
TWO SUPERB DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES
IN THE AFTERNOON AT 3 O'CLOCK.
EVENING AT 7¾ O'CLOCK.

The Afternoon performance will consist of the drama of the
SEVEN CLERKS; OR, THE DENOUNCER OF MARSEILLES.
Concluding with the Farce THE HONEST MILKMAN.
EVENING, MONGUMERAND.
To be seen at all hours, Day and Evening,
THE AMERICAN LAMBERT!
The largest living man in the World, measuring
NINE FEET 3 INCHES AROUND THE BODY,
WEIGHING 695 POUNDS!
ALSO, THAT WONDERFUL
GIANT GIRL,
MISS JANE CAMPBELL, the MOST BEAUTIFUL FAT GIRL EVER SEEN, 18 years old,
WEIGHING 618 POUNDS,
And measuring NINE FEET 1½ INCHES ROUND;
The two, together, making the
LARGEST MOUNTAINS OF HUMAN FLESH EVER BEHELD.
COM. NUTT—THE $30,000 NUTT!
The smallest man of his age ever known,
NED, THE LEARNED SEAL,
From the Boston Aquarial Gardens—the most beautiful and intelligent animal from the briny deep.
THE INFANT ORATOR.
DEN OF LIVING MONSTER SERPENTS,
FED EVERY DAY AT 2 O'CLOCK.
THE AQUARIAL GARDEN.
Admission to all, only 25 cts.; children under 10, 15 cts.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.

LUCK DOTH DWELL IN THE CRICKET'S CELL.
Never better exemplified than by the decided success of
MISS MAGGIE MITCHELL,
in her great original part of
FANCHON THE CRICKET,
which, in compliance with the universal demand of the public, will be repeated
EVERY EVENING THE PRESENT WEEK.
Fanchon .... Miss Maggie Mitchell
The Twin Brothers,
Messrs. A. H. Davenport and J. W. Collier
Supported by a full and talented Company.

NIXON'S CREMORNE GARDENS,
PALACE OF MUSIC AND EQUESTRIAN SCHOOL,
Corner 6th-av. and 14th-st.
OPEN EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
(Sundays Excepted.)
WITH A RICH AND VARIED ENTERTAINMENT
By the BEST ARTISTS IN THE COUNTRY.
OPERATIC SINGING and BALLET EVERY EVENING in the PALACE OF MUSIC;
MLLE. CARLOTTA PATTI
IN THE NIGHTINGALE SONG,
Composed expressly for her by Signor MUZIO; words by P. Miarteni.

Mlle. CARLOTTA PATTI.	Senorita ISABEL CUBAS.
Mme. STRAKOSCH.	Conductor, THOS. BAKER.

PROMENADE MUSIC AFTERNOON AND EVENING in the COOL and DELIGHTFUL GARDENS;
REFRESHMENTS of all KINDS except LIQUORS;
EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCES AFTERNOON AND EVENING in the TURKISH PAVILION.
"WHITTINGTON AND HIS CAT," EVERY AFTERNOON, PLAYED BY CHILDREN.
Admission to Gardens, Palace, and Pavilion 25 cents only
For Children during the Afternoon .... 15 cents only

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

THE
SUMMER THEATRE OF AMERICA.
Eleventh week of the American Prima Donna,
MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS.
Reëngagement of the Danseuse of the age,
MLLE. ANNETTI GALLETI,
AND A
NEW GRAND BALLET.
MONDAY EVENING, June 23, 1862,
And every night during the week.
THE DAUHTER OF THE REGIMENT.
MARIE .... MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS
CARTOUCHE .... (An old Sergeant) .. Mr. P. RICHINGS
To conclude with a new grand ballet, entitled
THE STAR OF THE DANCE,
In which
ANNETTI GALLETI,
MOSIEUR TOPHOFF
MLLE. KATRINE, MLLE. HENRY,
And a grand Corps de Ballet will appear.

WINTER GARDEN.

GRAND MATINEE TO-DAY,
GRAND MATINEE TO-DAY,
(Saturday,) June 28, at 3 o'clock.
Doors open at 1½ o'clock.

THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock,
MISS EMILY THORNE,
her first benefit in America.
On which occasion she will appear for the first time as
MARGERY IN THE ROUGH DIAMOND,
And for the last time as
MIRANDA IN THE WIZARD'S TEMPEST.

ROB ROY
will positively be produced on MONDAY,
With an elaboration of grandeur, and
IMMENSE STRENGTH OF CAST.

WALLACK'S.

Entrances on Broadway and 13th-st.
Doors open at 7¼; commences at 8 o'clock.
SPLENDID BILL FOR SATURDAY NIGHT,
THREE DASHING, SPARKLING PIECES,
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, June 28,
The screaming local farce,
THE RETURNED VOLUNTEER.
The stylish protean farce,
THRICE MARRIED.
And the neat moral lesson,
MY TWO FATHERS.
Mr. and Mrs. FLORENCE in all the pieces.

---

485 BROADWAY—OLYMPIC THEATRE.

SATURDAY EVENING, June 28,
Last appearance of the great artiste,
MISS MARY PROVOST,
in her matchless impersonation of
MEDEA,
Which, owing to the production of other novelties, must be withdrawn. To conclude with OUT ON A SPREE.
Supported by Messrs. Leveick, Scallan, Chippendale, etc. Prices as usual.

GRAND ORATORIO,

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE
EIGHTH WARD SCHOOL OFFICERS,
IN AID OF THE
SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS.

The pupils of Colored Grammar School No 2, will repeat the Oratorio of ESTHER, THE BEAUTIFUL QUEEN, at the request of the School Officers of the Eighth Ward, for the benefit of the Sick and Wounded Soldiers, on MONDAY EVENING, June 30, at the City Assembly Rooms, No. 446 Broadway.

S. C. WALDRON, Conductor.

Tickets, 25 cents each, to be had of any of the School Officers, teachers, or pupils of the schools in the Ward, and at the door on the evening of the performance.

WONDERFUL WONDERS!!

At the PARISIAN CABINET OF WONDERS AND ANATOMY, No. 563 Broadway, next door to Ball, Black & Co.'s, New-York. Just added to this large, superb and world-famed collection, a perfect freak of nature, a monster Child, with two heads, four legs and three arms. In conjunction with this interesting sight, there are wonders of an unsurpassed and thrilling nature. At one glance is seen 1,700 parts of the human body. The institution has been pronounced, by the many thousands who crowd to it daily, to have a truly moral tendency.

Lectures daily on interesting scientific and pathological subjects.

Open, for gentlemen only, from 10 A. M. until 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GRAND REOPENING.
THURSDAY, July 3, and for a few evenings,
GRAND COMBINATION ENTERTAINMENT,
LUCIEN NAPOLEON—THE EUROPEAN FAKIR
THE EXCELSIOR EUROPEAN MINSTRELS.
Mdlle. CAMILLE and other stars, all in one evening.
Admission 50 cents. Family Circle 25 cents. Box Seats $1.
Box Office open. Season tickets in advance.
Doors open at 7¼. Commence at 8 o'clock.

CHRISTY'S OPERA HOUSE.
GEORGE CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS,
No. 585 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.
EVERY EVENING.
The Hall has been entirely renovated and embellished.
THE BEST QUARTETTE AND INSTRUMENTAL COMPANY IN THE WORLD.
The Coolest and most Comfortable House in the City.
Admittance 25 cents.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8.

"CINDERELLA AND HER SISTERS,"
And many other choice pictures, on exhibition at
SCHAUS' GALLERY, NO. 749 BROADWAY.
Season tickets, 25 cents. Open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

MADAME ERNESTINE DE VILLIERS' Third and Last Concert this season, at Dodworth's Hall, Broadway, on MONDAY EVENING, June 30, kindly assisted by the following celebrated artists: Mme. Elena D'Angri, Signor Sbriglia, Mr. Doehler, Mr. Beames, Signor Abella. Admission, $1.

FIREWORKS.

J. W. HADFIELD'S
FIRST PREMIUM FIREWORKS.
ONLY DEPOT IN MAIDEN-LANE,
No. 65, corner of William-st.

All our goods are manufactured under the personal supervision of Mr. Hadfield. We keep only his works, and buy none from unreliable makers.

FIRECRACKERS AND TORPEDOES,
at the lowest market rates.

The largest assortment of brilliant Colored Lanterns, for illuminations. STRASBURGER & NUHN,
No. 65 Maiden-lane, corner of William-st.

NO. 16 JOHN-STREET.

Emporium for Edge's First Premium Fireworks, also for Smith & Rand's celebrated gunpowder, guns, pistols, caps, cartridges, flags, lanterns, &c.

THOMAS J. JONES, No. 16 John-st.

DEPOT FOR J. W. HADFIELD'S FIRST-PREMIUM FIREWORKS.—A full assortment of the best quality, at the lowest prices. Dealers are respectfully invited to call. R. FOULDS, JR.,

Remember the No., 39 John-st.

1776.—J. G. & I. EDGE'S
FIREWORKS.
Depôt No. 47 Maiden-lane.
H. B. TITUS, Agent.

FIREWORKS.—A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF plain and colored fireworks, and of the best quality, for sale by

BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO.,
No. 227 Washington-st.

LADIES' HOME FOR SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—The Board of Directors beg leave to remind their friends and the public of the urgent necessities of more than 100 sick and wounded soldiers now under their care. They are daily expecting large accessions. Money, flannel and plain cotton shirts, canton-flannel drawers, pantaloons, slippers, and calico gowns, are very much needed. Provisions, delicacies, wines and liquors, will be thankfully received at the "Home," corner of Lexington-av. and 51st-st. All articles sent to the American Express Co., corner Hudson and Jay sts., and Nos. 124 and 542 Broadway, will be sent free of charge.

FROM GEN. McCLELLAN'S ARMY.

[*Continued from First Page.*]

wounded, assisted by Mrs. SAMPSON, wife of Lieut.-Col. SAMPSON, of the Third Michigan Volunteers, whose gentle ministrations will not soon be forgotten by those to whom she devoted her attention.

Taken to the White House by the cars, the sufferers were then transfered to vessels in waiting, by which they were conveyed as promptly as possible to their homes. Capt. CHAMBERLAIN, of the First Massachusetts, who was badly wounded in the jaw, came through at once by way of Old Point and Baltimore, in charge of private CHAS. WILKINSON, of his Company, an intelligent "Boston boy," to whom I am indebted for information.

OUR PRISONERS.

We took a few prisoners during the day; how many I did not learn. A number of those who came in were from the Fourth Georgia Regiment, that State being well represented in the fight, the doughty HOWELL COBB leading her troops to battle. Among the rebels brought in was one sharpshooter, of whom they had a number stationed in trees to pick off our officers.

A SCENE ON THE BATTLEFIELD.

This man was mortally wounded, a ball having crashed its way through his skull, his head presenting a ghastly sight as the brain oozed out while he lay there dying; his face thickly clotted with gore, one eye destroyed, and the other open, but covered with the film of death. Some friendly hand had covered his disfigured face with a paper to hide it from the curious gaze of the lookers on, by whom the covering was now and then removed, revealing the work of death. But there was no need of this, for the convulsive heaving of the breast, and the spasmodic twitching of the heart showed how fast the life was ebbing away.

Not six feet from here lay one of our own men, also mortally wounded, the two meeting then in the friendly bonds of death. It was a young Jersey boy, with a pleasant face, pleasant even in death, for a soft and sweet expression was left upon the clay as the angels slowly bore the soul away. The ball had entered the back of his head, leaving his face untouched, and it contrasted strangely with the disfigured countenance of the dying rebel at his side. As he lay there, with his head supported by a bag of grain, the blood was flowing over his long black hair, and thickly staining the rude pillow on which he was falling into his last sleep.

It is well that in the midst of our victories we should remember how many such scenes strew the battle-field, which, amid the press of more stirring matters, we who write have little time to dwell upon.

PIERREPONT.

LIST OF CASUALTIES.

KILLED.

Lieut. Lesart, Co. F, 7th New-Jersey.
Sergt. Thomas Lever, Co. B, 2d New-Hampshire.
Corp. Dawson, Co. B, 2d New-Hampshire.
Corp. Daniel W. Roe, 1st Excelsior.
Lieut. Charles E. Warner, Co. H, 19th Mass.
Geo. Boughton, Co. A, 2d Excelsior.
Wm. Gaskins, Co. E, 1st Massachusetts.
Henry J. Whitton, Co. G, 1st Massachusetts.
Thomas L. Moran, Co. I, 1st Massachusetts.
John Kelley, Co. B, 1st Excelsior.
John Lootz (?) 2d New-York.
Joseph Baldwin, Co. E, 19th Massachusetts.
John Carpenter, Co. E, 19th Massachusetts.
George Stillings, Co. K, 1st Massachusetts.
Thomas Moran, Co. K, 1st Massachusetts.
John Hall, 19th Massachusetts.
Luke Murphy, 19th Massachusetts.
Lewis G. Getchel, Co. A, 1st Massachusetts.
John A. Munroe, Co. A, 1st Massachusetts.
Geo. Miles, Co. A, 2d New-Hampshire.
Daniel Anderson, Co. B, 2d New-Hampshire.
N. Tucker, 1st Excelsior.
Fred. Melvin, 1st Excelsior.
Corp. Daniel W. Roe, 1st Excelsior.

WOUNDED.

HOOKER'S DIVISION.

EXCELSIOR BRIGADE.

First Excelsior (Seventieth New-York) Regiment.

Nathan Deremo, Co. C—leg, dangerously.
John Kelly, Co. D—hand.
R. McKinstry, Co. C—leg.
Mark Worthington, Co. C—foot.
Don C. Rogers, Co. C.
Nelson L. Deremo, Co. C—leg.
Henry Symonds, Co. C—both thighs, seriously.
L. Trimmins, Co. C.
John Kelly, Co. B—arm.
Corp. Thos. Rochford, Co. K—hand, slightly.

Second Excelsior—(Seventy-first New-York,

Capt. Rafferty—leg.
Chas. (or Thomas) Crea, Co. F—foot.
Simon P. Eaves, Co. I—foot.
Thomas Starr, Co. K—hand.
Orson Turner, Co. I—hand.
John Ball, Co. G.
Gustav Seibert, Co. C—side, severely.
Adam Fox, Co. F—side.
Corp. Thos. Hogan, Co. G—hand.
Patrick McGrath, Co. H—hand.
John D. Redner, Co. D—leg.
Thos. Brady, Co. A—hand.
Michael Tuitt, Co. A—hand and side.
Patrick McGovern, Co. A—arm.
Thos. Crea, Co. F—ankle.
A. Turner, Co. F—finger.
James McCarthy, Co. D—hand.
Patrick Magraw, Co. H—hand.
Noble Tracy, Co. A.
—— Murphy, Co. A—head.
Hugh Quin, Co. F—arm.
—— Shorteth, Co. K—leg.

Third Excelsior—(Seventy-second New-York.)

Thomas Horigan, Co. B—slightly, in finger.
Wm. Kipka, Co. H—slightly, in hand.
John Shelley, Co. F—shoulder.
Harvey Sullivan, Co. A—hand.
Corp. Caleb P. Beedle, Co. G—face, serious.
Michael Mahoney, Co. G—abdomen.
Alvin Barrows, Co. G—leg.
Jeremiah Taylor, Co. G—hand.
A. Northrup, Co G—neck.
Milton E. Bacon, Co. G—leg.
Ord.-Sergt. Wm. D. Hall, Co. G—leg.
Wm. Clauson, Co. F—finger.
Patrick Boyle, Co. G—finger amputated.
Capt. James M. Longwell, Co. I—finger, slightly.
Jacob Trainer, Co. F—hand.
Joseph Welsh, Co. K—arm.
Leroy Amock, Co. B—shoulder.
Daniel E. McLean, Co. I—shoulder.
Milton E. Bacon, Co. G—leg.
James Harris, Co. H—hand.
Wm. Penwell, Co. D—hand.
Joseph Wells, Co. K—arm.
Jared Taylor, Co. G—hand.
A. Cross, Co. G—arm.
Patrick Boyd, Co. G—hand.
Joseph Miller, Co. K—arm.
John Sheeley, Co. F—shoulder.
Alvin Barrows, Co. G—knee.

Fourth Excelsior, (Seventy-third New-York.)

Thos. B. Grant, Co. H—side.
Jacob Trotman, Co. F—hand.
Patrick Downey, Co. A—breast.
Geo. Stoll, Co. H—cheek.
John Smith, Co. C—finger.
Sergt. Cummings, Co. H—arm.
Michael Crowley, Co. C—finger.
Sergt. Thos. Madden, Co. H—thigh.
Michael Spain, Co. I—hip.
Michael Gleason, Co. I—breast and arm, mortally.
John McColgan, Co. K—in head, mortally.
Sergt. Wm. Devereux, Co. A—hand.
J. Duffy, Co. A—hand.
Richard Craen, Co. F—arm.
Michael McCarthy, Co. G—right arm.

Fifth Excelsior—(Seventy-fourth New-York.)

Sergt. S. J. Taft—leg.
Lewis Wolfsky—dangerously.
Henry McDonald, Co. K—thigh.
Gustave Desart, Co. B—thigh.
W. Anderson—Co. I—leg.
Sam. Johnson, Co. D—breast.
Adam Tolle, Co. B—finger.
C. N. Moulton, Co. D—finger.
John Palmer, Co. H—finger.
Edward Giller, Co. B—arm.
Victor Cireux, Co. B—leg.
John Cady, Co. B—finger.
G. H. Mann, Co. D—thigh.
Harlan P. Goddard, Co. B—foot.
Patrick Small, Co. C—hand.
Martin Moore, Co. C—head, scalp-wound.
Geo. Cowan, Co. D—in arm.

Eleventh Massachusetts.

Corporal Clink, Co. B—slightly.
J. McDonnell, Co. B—slightly.
John Birmingham.

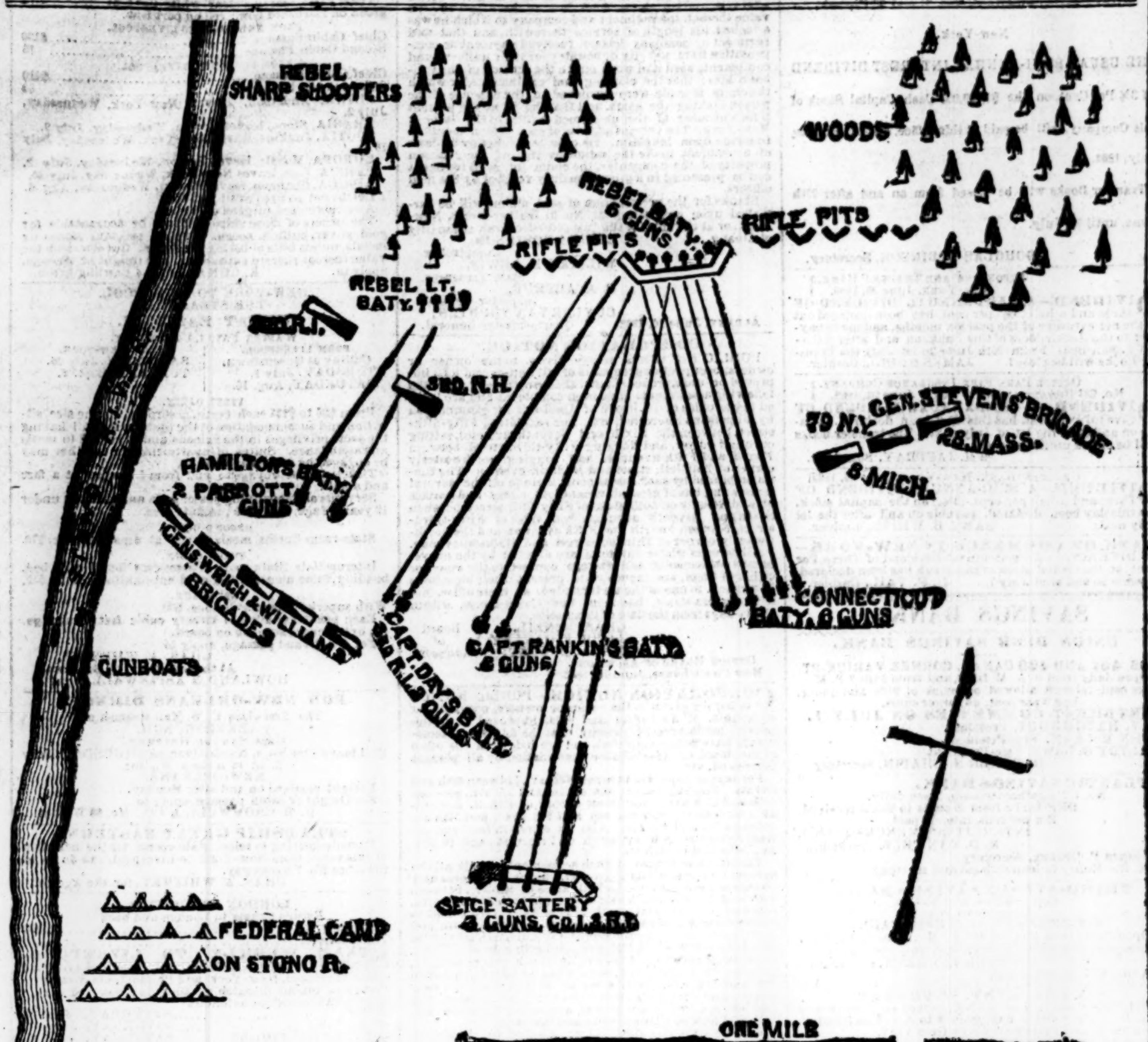
GROVER'S BRIGADE.

First Massachusetts.

Capt. Whitcomb—in face.
Capt. E. A. Wild, Co. A—hand.
Capt. Chamberlain—jaw badly fractured.
Capt. Sumner Carruth, Co. H—arm.
Lieut. Thomas, Co. I—slightly.
Lieut. Dalton, Co. B—arm, slightly.
Lieut. Parkerson, Co. B—leg.
Corp. G. Richardson, Co. K—mortally.
Geo. B. Robertson, Co. G—finger.
James Irving, Co. B—stomach.
—— Irish, Co. B.
—— Wall, Co. D.
—— Harrington, Co. A—slightly.
Thomas E. Collins, Co. B.
W. H. Gardner, Co. I—mouth.
Butler Dawers.
Richard Downing, Co. B—leg and [illegible]
Henry Whiter, Co. G—dead.

THE ENGAGEMENT ON JAMES ISLAND, NEAR CHARLESTON, S. C.

Diagram Showing the Rebel Batteries and Rifle Pits, the Lines of Advance of our Troops, and the Position of the Different Union Regiments.



Sergt. Dolbear, Co. A—slightly, arm.
Sergt. Holden, Co. K—slightly, arm.
Frank Partridge, Co. K—lost two fingers.
—— Lang, Co. K—breast, severely.
Frank Barard, Co. K—severely, leg.
James Finity, Co. K—arm.
Edward Jones, Co. G—hand.
Thomas Meagher, Co. C—hand.

Second New-Hampshire.

Corp. Thos. M. Lang, Co. B—breast.
Orderly Sergt. Isaac N. Vesper—leg.
Capt. John Arts, Co. K—left leg amputated.
Sergt.-Maj. Norton.
Van Buren Bly, Co. G—knee.
Wm. Wheeler, Co. A—dangerous, in head.
Daniel Lampry, Co. E—hand.
Horace A. Lampry, Co. B—head, severe.
W. H. Tenney, Co. K—back.
Nelson S. Sweet, Co. B—leg.
Thomas T. Carr, Co. B—leg.
Henry Gorman—foot.
Samuel J. Beard, Co. G—leg.
Wm. Wheeler, Co. A—head, dangerous.
John Strong, Co. H—back and foot.
Edwin Richardson—leg.
Flavius Soesman, Co. B—leg.
Charles Parker, Co. B—thigh.
Burleigh K. Jones, Co. B—leg.
Fredman H. Tuttle, Co. B—side and arm.
Robt. M. True, Co. B—lost a leg.
Sylvester Hadley, Co. B—arm.
Geo. W. McKenna, Co. C—slightly.
Hermann Shedd, Co. G—dangerously.

Twenty-sixth Pennsylvania.

Harry Hazle, Co. E—both legs.

Fifth New-Jersey, Patterson's Brigade.

James M. Sprague.

Sixteenth Massachusetts, Jamison's Brigade, Kearney's Division.

Lieut. C. Flagg, Co. B—shoulder, slight.
John Flynn, Co. F—right arm amputated.
Edward Hicks, Co. H—slightly.
Michael Moran, Co. I.

SEDGWICK'S DIVISION (SUMNER'S CORPS.)

DANA'S BRIGADE.

Nineteenth Massachusetts Regiment.

Lieut. J. C. Chadwick, Adjutant—slight contusion from spent ball.
Lieut. Francis H. Rice—flesh wound in thigh.
Corp. McMorrow—hip, mortally.
Corp. Jas. W. Hallister, Co. A—hand.
Color-Sergt. Sam'l H. Smith, Co. F—badly in head.
Sergt. Wm. R. Driver, Co. F—abdomen, slightly.
Leroy A. Nelson, Co. A—side.
Daniel W. Carlton, Co. A—left leg, severely.
Chas. A. Brown, Co. F—slightly.
Francis McKenna, Co. F—badly.
Wesley P. Bear, Co. F—flesh of both thighs.
James Gately, Co. F—slightly in stomach.
John McMahon, Co. F—severely.
Patrick Haggerty, Co. E—both legs.
Andrew Norton, Co. E.
Benj. H. J. Mison, Co. C—face, slightly.
John S. Tibbetts, Co. C—right arm, badly.
John N. Thompson, Co. C—slightly.
Moses Short—mortally.
David Bash—right arm, severely.
Angelo Cicconi, Co. B—left arm, slightly.
Benj. H. Jellison—slightly in face.
James O'Hearn, Co. D—lungs, dangerous.
Robert Harper, Co. D—hip, severely.
Nath. Loreland, Co. D—side, slightly.
James P. Daley, Co. D—head, slightly.
Wm. R. Welden, Co. G—left arm amputated.
John Barrett, Co. G—head, slightly.
Chas. B. Brown, Co. G—ankle, slight.
Wm. Butler, Co. G—ankle, slight.
John P. Costello, Co. G—ankle, slight.
Peter Callins, Co. G—hip, slightly.
Ed. Fitzgerald, Co. G—hand, slight.
Chas. C. Sewell, Co. I—groin, severely.
Thos. Tubble, Co. I—hand, slightly.
Chas. B. Knox, Co. I—hand, slightly.
Saml. E. Collins, Co. K—severely, knee.
John Sullivan, Co. K—leg, severely.
Frank B. Leach, Co. K—slightly.
Edwin B. Pratt—missing.
John Hogan—missing.
Col. Morrison, Volunteer Aid to Gen. Palmer—lost two fingers.

LATE REPORTS FROM RICHMOND.

Sharp Fight Below Richmond—Dan. Sickles' Regiment Badly Damaged.

From the Petersburgh Express, June 26.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, June 25.

The First Louisiana Regiment engaged SICKLES' Brigade this forenoon on the Williamsburgh Road, and drove them back with great slaughter, capturing also seventy-five prisoners. *Confederate loss comparatively heavy.*

[This relates to the morning skirmish on Wednesday, an account of which is given by our correspondents.—ED. TIMES.]

The Lines.

From the Richmond Enquirer of June 23.

An unfortunate affair occurred on the lines about 2½ o'clock yesterday morning. The Twelfth Virginia, and one of the Georgia regiments, were sent out on picket, and after proceeding some distance down the Charles City Road together, they separated and pursued different routes. About the above hour, it seems, they accidentally came upon one another, and each imagining that the other was the enemy, fired several volleys into one another before the mistake was discovered. It was, indeed, a fearful misapprehension. A considerable number on each side were killed and wounded—the exact number we have been unable to ascertain. The Elliott Grays, of this city, which belong to the Twelfth Virginia, lost, we heard, three or four killed and several wounded.

About 7 o'clock yesterday morning a skirmish occurred on the right of our lines, the particulars of which we were unable to ascertain. It is reported that a Georgia regiment was principally engaged, and was successful in routing the enemy, and capturing a battery of six guns.

Nothing of interest occurred during the remainder of the day.

IMPORTANT FROM SOUTH CAROLINA

ARRIVAL OF THE ERICSSON.

Full Account of the Battle on James Island.

The Rebel Accounts Mainly Confirmed.

An Explanation of the Cause of the Repulse.

Our Losses 668 in Killed, Wounded and Missing.

The New-York Seventy-ninth and the Michigan Eighth Severe Sufferers.

The United States transport *Ericsson*, Capt. LOWBER, from Tortugas 16th inst., Key West 18th, and Port Royal 23d, arrived here yesterday morning. She brings a large mail from all the above places, and has 181 passengers, among whom is Gen. BENHAM and Staff. She has also on board 57 wounded soldiers, who were wounded in the late engagement on James Island, S. C. They are in charge of Surgeons CRAVEN and SCHOLL. She brought from Key West four companies of the Fortieth New-York State Volunteers, and landed them at Port Royal, also the Seventh New-Hampshire and four companies First United States Artillery, regulars.

The United States troops, under Gen. BENHAM, made an attack on the morning of June 16, at 4 o'clock, and were repulsed after four hours' hard fighting, with the loss of 668 men killed, wounded and missing. The Michigan Eighth had but 250 men left at roll call. The New-York Seventy-ninth suffered severely. The Union troops were obliged to retreat under the cover of the gunboats.

The accounts of the fight, as copied from the Southern papers, are mainly correct.

The *Ericsson* brings a large mail from the various points she touched at.

Gen. BRANNAN, from Key West, was expected to arrive at Port Royal daily.

Col. PERRY, of the 48th Regiment, of Brooklyn, died at Fort Pulaski, June 18, of apoplexy.

The United States ship *San Jacinto* was at Key West; all well.

The following is the list of wounded officers and men from James Island, per *Ericsson* from Port Royal:

Sergt. J. S. Dingwell, 79th N. Y.—neck.
Sergt. D. Russell, 79th N. Y.—left arm.
Wm. Buskirk, 79th N. Y.—both elbows.
J. Dinner, 79th N. Y.—lower jaw.
G. W. McWall, 79th N. Y.—thigh.
S. R. Crymble, 79th N. Y.—left shoulder.
H. Bloomfield, 79th N. Y.—shoulder.
George Ryerson, 79th N. Y.—left knee.
Peter Trotter, 79th N. Y.—amputated right arm.
Charles Robb, 79th N. Y.—left thigh.
Wm. Finch, 79th N. Y.—neck and back.
James Smith, 79th N. Y.—shoulder.
Lieut. T. W. Robertson, 79th N. Y.—left leg.
Sergt. W. R. Smith, 79th N. Y.—left thigh.
Alexander Calvert, 79th N. Y.—left leg.
W. Rieley, 79th N. Y.—left leg.
Lieut. W. G. Ross, 79th N. Y.—grapeshot in foot.
Sergt. J. Wier, 79th N. Y.—gunshot in body.
Charles Mach, 79th N. Y.—front of arm.
W. White, 79th N. Y. leg, arm and elbow.
D. McFarland, 79th N. Y.—right arm.
S. M. Kelvey, 79th N. Y.—gunshot, left lung.
C. D. Allen, 8th Mich.—amputation of thumb.
Lieut. J. S. Donahue, 8th Mich.—grapeshot, shoulder.
D. Brewer, 8th Mich.—lungs and shoulder.
E. Cramer, 8th Michigan.
Owen Phelps, 8th Michigan—side, abdomen, thigh, legs and arm.
Silas Turner, 8th Michigan—hand.
Frank Feanrey, 8th Mich.—gunshot in back.
R. Hankinson, 8th Mich.—fracture right wrist.
Lewis Peltam, 8th Mich.—fracture right wrist.
Sergeant E. B. Light, 8th Mich.—gunshot in thigh.
H. Chadwick, 8th Mich.—left arm and back.
A. Muethe, 8th Mich.—gunshot, right hip.
Sidney Castle, 8th Mich.—gunshot, thigh.
Capt. R. M. Doyle, 8th Mich.—left elbow.
Corporal M. A. Newberry, 8th Mich.—right hip.
Nelson Cross, 8th Mich.—right shoulder.
Fred'k Bentley, 8th Mich.—gunshot in elbow.
David Carwin, 8th Mich.—right lung.
F. Whitmore, 8th Mich.—flesh wound in hip.
Ben. Wyman, 8th Mich.—left elbow, serious.
A. Nicholas, 8th Mich.—flesh wound in shoulder.
Lieut. Robt. Allen, 3d N. H.—right hand.
Grant Trotter, 3d N. H.—jaw.
W. H. Godwin, 3d N. H.—hand.
G. L. Gerrish, 3d N. H.—left hip.
Corporal J. Murily, 3d R. I.—flesh wound, side.
T. H. Taft, 3d R. I.—gunshot, thigh.
James Cooney, 28th Mass.—right thigh.
R. Logan, 28th Mass.—fracture right arm.
Piere Haap, 28th Mass.—shoulder and back.
L. Cook, 7th Conn.—fracture jaw.
Corporal Chas. Hooks, 7th Conn.—amputation right arm.
J. D. Howell, 7th Conn.—gunshot, body.
J. C. Moore, 100th Penn.—shoulder.
D. Litchtenberger, 76th Penn.—fracture of arm.

OUR PORT ROYAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Original Plan of the Expedition Against Charleston—Obstacles in the Way of a Prompt Movement—Severe Skirmishing—The Battle.

PORT ROYAL, S. C., Monday, June 23, 1862.

As early as the 1st of May, from the best information that could be obtained, it became evident to Gen. BENHAM, in command of the Northern District of the Department of the South, that Charleston was accessible from the Stono, and that could the available forces under his command be rapidly concentrated on James Island Fort Johnson could be at once taken and Charleston brought within reach of our batteries. After considerable reflection the project received the approval of Gen. HUNTER, commanding the Department, and on the morning of June 2 the two Generals, with a part of the troops under Gen. STEVENS, left Hilton Head for the Stono, reaching it and landing at Old Battery in the afternoon. The water transportation of the Department had been greatly reduced by being diverted from it by the Quartermaster at New-York, and was in a very crippled condition. On this account, besides calling in assistance from the navy, it was found necessary to send a large body of the troops to Edisto to be marched across John's Island to the Stono, under Gen. WRIGHT and Col. WILLIAMS. These troops, it was expected, would reach the Stono on the morning of the 3d June, as was announced by Gen. WRIGHT; but owing to failure of ferrying facilities and severe storms they did not reach the Stono till Thursday the 5th, and did not get across to James Island till the next Monday, the 9th.

Meantime, Gen. STEVENS had had several skirmishes with the enemy, and captured a battery of iron carronades, but losing some twenty men taken prisoners. Gen. WRIGHT's forces were landed at Grimball's Plantation, some two miles above Old Battery. When our troops first landed, the enemy's forces were very small in numbers, and could all our forces have been landed on the 3d, as was intended, we could have seized Fort Johnson and commanded Charleston with the greatest ease. But the untoward and unexpected delays in transportation had now given the rebels a week's time for bringing reinforcements from Savannah; but, as late as the 9th, they had not probably more than half-a-dozen regiments on the island.

On the 10th, it was found that the rebels were erecting a fort at a place called Secessionville, from which they could reach and command Gen. WRIGHT's and part of Gen. STEVENS' camps, and could even reach the gunboats in the Stono. A reconnoissance in force of several thousand men was therefore ordered for the early morning of the 11th, for the purpose of ascertaining the enemy's strength and position, and by a rush, if possible, of taking their fort and guns. On the afternoon of the 10th, however, the rebels attacked our lines near the camp of Gen. WRIGHT, and after a sharp skirmish, were repulsed, with a loss of some two hundred killed and wounded, as admitted by themselves, including one Colonel—our loss being only four killed and about a dozen wounded. Upon the representations of Gen. WRIGHT that his men were too exhausted to take part in the reconnoissance of the next day, it was countermanded for the time; and at Gen. STEVENS' suggestion, a battery of Parrot and James guns was commenced in advance of his camps, with the intent of trying to reduce the fort or silence its guns. Gen. HUNTER, who had waited at the Stono until this time, to hear the result of the reconnoissance, and who was cognizant of the battery project, left on the morning of the 12th, leaving orders, fully acquiesced in by Gen. BENHAM, that "no advance should be made on Charleston, nor any attack on Fort Johnson, unless reinforced or ordered from headquarters, but that the camps should be made *secure* and intrenched." These camps, of course, could not be made secure so long as the fire from this fort of the enemy reached and commanded them, and here the provision of the order contemplated what was intended by the reconnoissance ordered for the 11th and the battery begun on that day. On the 14th it was found that one battery produced no impression upon the rebel fort, and it was therefore deemed necessary and within his discretion to reduce it by actual assault if possible. Deserters from the enemy's lines gave us information, since fully confirmed, that the rebel force in garrison of the fort amounted to only two battalions of [illegible] men each; but they had six guns mounted and [illegible] at the wharf awaiting [illegible], while the whole force of the enemy on the Island was only [illegible] regiments and two battalions, being about 12,000 men, all of whom we ought to have been able to whip in a fair fight. Gen. BENHAM, therefore, determined to carry out the project of the first reconnoissance, except that he reduced the area and increased the number of men. Gen. STEVENS was to advance with 4,000 men with guns loaded but not capped, and ROCKWELL's Battery of four pieces, at the earliest dawn, to be in position before the enemy could distinctly see them, and to make a rush upon the rebel works, while Gen. WRIGHT and Col. WILLIAMS, with 3,000 more, with HAMILTON's and RANSOM's Batteries, were to move up nearly at right angles ready to support him if necessary. Our troops were put in motion at 4 A. M., on the 16th, during a slight shower. Gen. STEVENS' column moved swiftly and enthusiastically against the enemy's right, accompanied by ROCKWELL's Battery. Gen. STEVENS, with his usual intrepidity, pushed vigorously on, capturing the enemy's pickets, and charging up to the guns of the forts, some of his men actually getting inside. In accomplishing this our troops were obliged to charge through a narrow pass, flanked by earthworks and pits, and through a ditch in front of the fort, itself protected by abattis, etc.

The Michigan Eighth, New-York Seventy-ninth, and Connecticut Seventh, comprised the advance, and there is, as usual, some dispute as to the precedence; but it is generally conceded that the gallant but unfortunate Michigan Eighth were the first in the *melée.* Charging up to the guns under a most deadly fire, they were swept down like grain before the sickle, Col. FENTON leading them in person, with heroic bravery, and the men fighting like heroes, as they are, and have ever shown themselves to be. All their valor and heroism were, however, made of no avail, by the failure of the other troops to get up in time to support them. Here was the great cause of the defeat, for repulse and defeat it was. The storming party, instead of being precipitated upon the enemy's works in a body, came up straggling and divided. The Seventh Connecticut, coming up after the Eighth, with decimated ranks, was obliged to fall back; and the Seventy-ninth, in turn, after repeating the tragedy of bloody heroism, being obliged to give way before the Seventh Connecticut could come to their aid. A brief explanation of the nature of the approach will explain the cause of this. About half a mile from the fort, in the direct line in which the attack was necessarily made, was a transverse hedge, with only a narrow opening through which our men could pass, not more than half a dozen at a time, causing great delay, and forcing the soldiers to charge in a broken and extended line, and this, too, under a deadly fire from the fort, and a heavy and withering cross-fire of rifles from sharp-shooters on each flank. The consequence of this was that when the brave remnant of the heroic Eighth found themselves upon the enemy's works, on looking around, they discovered the Seventy-ninth just getting through the hedge, and the same thing occurred successively with all the regiments. Success, under these circumstances, was, of course, impossible, and all that display of courage and valor, and all that sacrifice of precious blood and noble life was rendered utterly abortive.

During this onset the New-York Seventy-ninth, led by the gallant Col. MORRISON, charged with the utmost impetuosity and daring, Col. M. actually mounting the parapet and emptying the barrels of his revolver in the faces of the rebel gunners, and only retreating when wounded in the head, and left almost alone in the midst of the foe.

Lastly, the Seventh Connecticut made a brave but vain effort, single-handed, to maintain the unequal contest, and were in turn obliged to fall back, with severe loss.

Gen. STEVENS, supported by Adjt.-Gen. STEVENS, his son, made every possible exertion to retrieve the broken fortunes of the day, but was obliged to fall back, which he did, bringing off his troops in good order.

The right wing, consisting of the One Hundredth Pennsylvania and Twenty-eighth Massachusetts, also under command of Gen. STEVENS, participated in the fight, and on the left Gen. WILLIAMS led his column against the enemy, and although he did not reach the enemy's works, suffered heavy loss, especially the Third New-Hampshire and Third Rhode Island. A galling fire from sharpshooters in the woods did severe execution upon this wing of the attack.

Gen. BENHAM, who commanded in person, displayed great courage and zeal, as did also his Staff and those of the different Generals. Capts. ELY and HAWES, of Gen. BENHAM's Staff, and Capt. J. J. ELWELL, Chief Quartermaster of the expedition, and volunteer Aide-de-Camp to Gen. BENHAM, were particularly noticeable for energy, courage and activity. The latter, (Capt. ELWELL,) by his promptness, intrepidity and efficiency, particularly distinguished himself, showing himself to be in the field what he is well-known to be in his department, a thorough and competent officer.

But I must hasten to the close of this bloody and disastrous day. While Gen. BENHAM seemed to hesitate whether to risk more loss of life in a second onset upon the enemy's works, the gunboats, to add to the disasters of the day, commenced throwing shells right into our own ranks, owing, doubtless, to misconception regarding their position, the precise situation of the contending parties being concealed from them by the woods, one shell even bursting in the immediate vicinity of the Commanding General and his Staff. This was followed by an order for the forces to be withdrawn upon the original picket lines, and thus closed one of the most deplorable engagements of the war.

Gen. BENHAM is understood to be under arrest by order of Gen. HUNTER, for disobedience to orders; his plea being understood to be that, although the order from HUNTER was *not* to advance upon Charleston, he did not consider that as prohibiting him from making an attempt to dislodge the enemy at Secessionville.

Gen. HUNTER, it is to be hoped, will have early reinforcements, which will enable him to give our gallant boys an opportunity to revenge the brave martyrs of yesterday's bloody and unequal fight.

Gen. HUNTER has the confidence and respect of all in his command, and has given, since his arrival, a new imsulse to the affairs of the Department, which stamps him a man of self-reliant energy and undoubted ability. That "secesh" would have a very poor sight in this direction if the necessary troops could be given him, is conceded by all who know his character and purposes.

The rebel forces in this engagement, and in and about Charleston, is estimated at from 20,000 to 30,000. Charleston is represented by deserters and prisoners as being entirely forsaken, except by the soldiery; the resident "chivalry," male and female, having cleared out with most undignified haste upon hearing of the approach of the expedition.

I send herewith a list of the killed and wounded, so far as it can be made out now. It is correct, but necessarily incomplete. The whole number in killed, wounded and missing, as near as it can be got at, is about 600.

[See Second Page of the TIMES for List of Casualties.]

The Seventy-Ninth New-York (Highland) Regiment in the Action.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF THE BATTLE.

The Editor of the *Scottish American Journal* has kindly furnished us, prior to its publication in his own journal, the following clear and interesting account of the part the New-York Seventy-ninth (Highland) Regiment took in the battle of Secessionville:

JAMES ISLAND, S. C., Wednesday, June 18, 1862.

We have had a severe engagement which wrought much havoc in our ranks, and checked the advance of our forces upon Charleston. I shall give you, as accurately as I can, a description of the battle, along with a correct list of the killed or wounded belonging to this regiment.

Near to the village of Secessionville, is situated a fort of considerable strength which our gunboats have not succeeded in shelling. From an observatory at this fort, the rebels could note every movement of our force, while their heavy guns prevented our advance. To bear upon the fort, a three-gun battery was constructed in front of our position, and fire was opened from it on the morning of the 14th. The firing on our side soon ceased, however, as it appeared that the arrangements for the reduction of the fort had not been completed. The rebels kept up an incessant fire of shot and shell throughout the entire day, to which no response was made until the evening, when a brisk cannonade commenced. Just before our battery opened in the evening, the Seventy-ninth had been relieved from [illegible] duty, and a number of volunteers, under Lieut. [illegible], with a 10-pounder Parrott gun [illegible], went [illegible] 1,000 yards from where the reserve was stationed, and threw shell with great precision [illegible]. An intermission [illegible] returned to camp, and remained at rest over [illegible].

On Sunday evening Lieut.-Col. MORRISON received orders for the regiment to have twenty-four hours' rations cooked, and be prepared to march at 1 o'clock in the morning. We marched accordingly, and reached a causeway where our out-pickets were stationed, just as day was breaking. At this point we received orders to advance at double-quick, which we did for over a mile, and formed in line of battle, still at the double, in a large cotton field, directly in front of the guns of the fort. The ground was exceedingly unfavorable for rapid progress, but the men gave a cheer as they passed Gen. STEVENS, and went forward most resolutely at double-quick. When at the distance of about a thousand yards the guns of the fort, which had hitherto kept silent, with the exception of a shot or two before we formed line of battle, opened upon us with grape and canister. A few men dropped, but the regiment advanced unflinchingly to the attack without firing a shot. The grape tore through our ranks with terrific effect, until we reached the fort, upon the parapet of which Lieut.-Col. MORRISON, followed by a few brave fellows, leaped without a moment's hesitation. But as our men jumped upon the parapet they were shot down by the enemy, who were securely posted in rifle pits to the rear of the fort. The Lieutenant-Colonel was wounded in the head—not severely, I am glad to say—by one of the enemy, who was distant only a few feet. A small portion of the regiment filed toward the right of the fort, some remained in front, and the right wing got behind an embankment on the left, keeping the enemy's guns nearly silent, and preventing any sally from the ambuscade.

I should mention that the Eighth Michigan, small in numbers, but every man a hero, had been repulsed from the fort, with terrible loss, just as we advanced. The Michigan men could not have numbered 400 when they advanced; when they retired they had 198 killed and wounded. One company alone lost, I understand, no less than 38 men. The ordeal through which they had passed the Seventy-ninth were now experiencing. Shot down by unseen enemies, and without having an opportunity of returning the fire with any effect, the men got discouraged, but remained stubbornly on the ground until the order was given to retire—an order, let me say, which was only rendered necessary by the shameful fact that, notwithstanding the strong force within supporting distance, no support came. The fort was ours had we received assistance; but it is a fact that cannot be gainsayed, that every man who fell around its ramparts belonged to the Eighth Michigan and the Seventy-ninth New-York—the two weakest regiments, in point of numbers, in the whole force under command of Gen. BENHAM.

On falling back, we succeeded in carrying off about forty of the wounded and six of our killed. As many more—killed or badly wounded—we left behind. After retiring, the regiment reformed, and again advanced, under the Lieutenant-Colonel, who gave his orders with as much coolness as if on parade: "Attention, battalion; commanders of companies to the front of their companies; forward, guide centre," &c. Flourishing his sword, he encouraged his men on, but all was to no purpose. The rebels held the fort, and we had again to retire. A few crack shots kept firing away at the enemy's gunners for some time after the retreat was sounded; but about noon all was silence on the field of battle, saving those sad sounds which did not reach our ears.

Our force was formed into two divisions—one being under the command of Gen. WRIGHT, the other under Gen. STEVENS. Of Gen. WRIGHT's force I know but little. The infantry under Gen. STEVENS consisted of two brigades. In the first brigade, commanded by Col. LEASURE, of the One Hundreth Pennsylvania, were the following regiments: One Hundreth Pennsylvania, Forty-sixth New-York, Seventy-ninth New-York. In the second brigade, under command of Col. FENTON, of the Eighth Michigan, were the Eighth Michigan, Twenty-eighth Massachusetts, Seventh Connecticut. The field artillery attached to the attacking force did good service, and the Massachusetts cavalry, although not engaged, were ready and eager for action. The enemy made no attempt to molest our retreat, which was made in good order.

The engagement took place under very extraordinary conditions. Lieut.-Col. MORRISON's orders were distinctly to carry the fort at the point of the bayonet. *Our batteries did not open until we we were repulsed.* Was this not reversing the usual order of things? The enemy were not taken by surprise. We had a broad space to advance over, in full view of the fort, and they could shoot us down as rabbits are shot at a battue. Why shot and shell were not plied before an infantry attack was made, I am at a loss to imagine. Is siege artillery henceforth to be used only in covering a retreat, and is the bayonet, after all, the most formidable weapon which can be brought to cope with modern engineering science? If piles of dead bodies are to be our scaling ladders, muskets our sole stay and support against rifled cannon and wide-mouthed mortars, it will take a large and devoted force to capture Charleston.

Our camp has been thrown into deep gloom in consequence of our heavy loss. Two more such attacks would effectually dispose of the poor Seventy-ninth Highlanders, and then there might be some show for a second battalion to replace the first.

The Seventy-ninth went into action a little over 450 strong, the total effective force of the regiment, and we lost in the engagement 111 in killed and wounded. You may judge from this of our present condition. I give the list of killed and wounded, with only this remark, that I believe every man marked as missing has been either killed or wounded, as the enemy did not venture out of the fort so long as we were in sight.

The attack on the fort was as mad as the charge of the Light Brigade, or the assault on Khadarnow, in India, where ADRIAN HOPE got killed. Gen. BENHAM says every man of the Seventy-ninth deserves a pair of epaulettes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SMITH
&
BROTHER'S
NEW-YORK
PALE
XXX
ALE
IN WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER CASKS.
BREWED FROM THE CHOICEST
BARLEY MALT AND HOPS.
BREWERY,
18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs
NEW-YORK.